

COVER SHEET

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(Company's Full Name)

A	N	V	A	Y	A	C	O	V	E	,	M	O	R	O	N	G	,	B	A	T	A	A	N

(Business Address: No. Street City / Town / Province)

ATTY. SOLOMON M. HERMOSURA	7908-3841
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Contact Person

Company Telephone Number

1	2	3	1
<small>Month</small>		<small>Day</small>	
<small>Fiscal Year</small>			

Definitive

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0	7	2	9
<small>Month</small>		<small>Day</small>	
<small>Annual Meeting</small>			

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 Secondary License Type, if Applicable

C	F	D
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Dept. Requiring this Doc.

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Amended Articles Number/Section

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Total No. Of Stockholders

Total Amount of Borrowings

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Domestic

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Foreign

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

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File Number

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Document I.D.

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STAMPS

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of **ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.** will be conducted virtually via Zoom on Friday, **August 4, 2023** at 9:00 o'clock in the morning with the following

AGENDA

1. Call to order
2. Certification of notice and quorum
3. Approval of minutes of previous meeting
4. Ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and Management beginning July 29, 2022 until August 4, 2023
5. President's report
6. Election of directors (including the independent directors)
7. Appointment of external auditor and fixing of its remuneration
8. Consideration of such other business that may properly come before the meeting
9. Adjournment

Only stockholders of record as of **June 13, 2023** are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, this meeting.

The Board of Directors, during its meeting on May 12, 2023, approved the holding of the annual stockholders' meeting in a fully virtual format. Stockholders may only attend the meeting by remote communication, by voting *in absentia*, or by appointing the Chairman of the meeting as their proxy. Stockholders intending to participate by remote communication should notify the Company on or before **July 26, 2023**.

Duly accomplished proxies shall be submitted on or before **July 26, 2023** to the Office of the Corporate Secretary by email to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com. Validation of proxies is set for **July 28, 2023** at 9:00 o'clock in the morning.

Stockholders may vote by remote communication, or *in absentia* subject to validation procedures. The procedures for participating in the meeting through remote communication and for casting of votes *in absentia* will be set forth in the Information Statement.

All communications should be sent to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com on or before the designated deadlines.

This notice superseded the notice filed on June 23, 2023 with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Makati City, July 5, 2023.

SOLOMON M. HERMOSURA
Corporate Secretary

PROXY

The undersigned stockholder of **ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.** (the "Company") hereby appoints the Chairman of the meeting, as *attorney-in-fact* and *proxy*, to represent and vote all shares registered in his/her/its name at the annual meeting of stockholders of the Company on **August 4, 2023** and at any of the adjournments thereof for the purpose of acting on the following matters:

1. Approval of minutes of previous meeting
 Yes No Abstain
2. Ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and Management beginning July 29, 2022 until August 4, 2023
 Yes No Abstain
3. President's Report
 Yes No Abstain
5. Appointment of PwC Isla Lipana & Co. as the external auditor and fixing of its remuneration
 Yes No Abstain
6. At his/her discretion, the proxy named above is authorized to vote upon such other matters as may properly come before the meeting.
 Yes No

4. Election of Directors	No. of Votes	
Augusto D. Bengzon	_____	PRINTED NAME OF STOCKHOLDER
Paullolindo A. Elauria	_____	
Antonino T. Aquino	_____	
Jocelyn F. de Leon	_____	
Dindo R. Fernando	_____	
Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo	_____	SIGNATURE OF STOCKHOLDER / AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY
Mercedita S. Nolledo	_____	
Paolo O. Viray	_____	DATE
<u>Independent Directors:</u>		
Jessie D. Cabaluna	_____	
Rex Ma. A. Mendoza	_____	
Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico	_____	

A SCANNED COPY OF THIS PROXY MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE CORPORATE SECRETARY AT acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com ON OR BEFORE **JULY 26, 2023**, THE DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION OF PROXIES. FOR CORPORATE STOCKHOLDERS, PLEASE ATTACH TO THIS PROXY FORM THE SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE ON THE AUTHORITY OF THE SIGNATORY TO APPOINT THE PROXY AND SIGN THIS FORM.

THIS PROXY, WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED, WILL BE VOTED IN THE MANNER AS DIRECTED HEREIN BY THE STOCKHOLDER(S). IF NO DIRECTION IS MADE, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED FOR THE ELECTION OF ALL NOMINEES AND FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE MATTERS STATED ABOVE AND FOR SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE MEETING IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE INFORMATION STATEMENT AND/OR AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CHAIRMAN.

A STOCKHOLDER GIVING A PROXY HAS THE POWER TO REVOKE IT AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE RIGHT GRANTED IS EXERCISED. A PROXY IS ALSO CONSIDERED REVOKED IF THE STOCKHOLDER PARTICIPATES IN THE MEETING AND SUBMITS HIS/HER/ITS BALLOT.

THE SOLICITATION IS MADE BY THE COMPANY TO ALLOW THE STOCKHOLDERS TO EXERCISE THEIR VOTING RIGHTS OTHER THAN BY VOTING *IN ABSENTIA* OR BEING PRESENT IN THE MEETING. NO DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY HAS INFORMED THE FORMER IN WRITING THAT SHE/HE INTENDS TO OPPOSE AN ACTION INTENDED TO BE TAKEN UP BY THE COMPANY AT THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING. SOLICITATION OF THE PROXIES SHALL BE MADE THROUGH THE USE OF ORDINARY MAIL, ELECTRONIC MEANS OF COMMUNICATION, OR PERSONAL DELIVERY. THE TOTAL ESTIMATED AMOUNT TO BE SPENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE RELEASE AND SENDING OF THE PROXY FORMS IS APPROXIMATELY P20,000.00. COSTS FOR SOLICITATION WILL BE SHOULDERED BY THE COMPANY.

THE DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS DO NOT HAVE A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, BY SECURITY HOLDINGS OR OTHERWISE, ON ANY MATTER TO BE ACTED UPON OTHER THAN ELECTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR. THE COMPANY HAS NOT RECEIVED ANY WRITTEN INFORMATION FROM ANYONE SEEKING TO OPPOSE ANY ACTION TO BE TAKEN UP IN THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF THE COMPANY.

NOTARIZATION OF THIS PROXY IS NOT REQUIRED.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 20-IS

INFORMATION STATEMENT OF

ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
(the “Registrant”, “Corporation” or “Club”)

pursuant to Section 20 of the Securities Regulation Code

1. Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Information Statement
 Definitive Information Statement

2. Name of Registrant as specified in this Charter:

ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.

3. Province, country and other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization:

MORONG, BATAAN, PHILIPPINES

4. SEC Identification Number: CS200502332

5. BIR Tax Identification Code: 005-862-442

6. Address of Principal Office: Anvaya Cove
Municipality of Morong, Bataan
2108 Philippines

7. Registrant’s telephone number, including area code: (632) 77939000

8. Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders:

Date - August 4, 2023
Time - 9:00 A.M.
Place - To be conducted virtually through Zoom
Place of Meeting
per By-Laws - Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan 2108

9. Approximate date of which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders:

July 14, 2023

10. In case of Proxy Solicitation:

Name of Person Filing the Statement/Solicitor:	Augusto D. Bengzon
Address and Telephone Number:	30 th Floor Tower One Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue Makati City (632) 97093621

11. Securities registered pursuant to Section 8 of the SRC

a. Authorized Capital Stock

<u>Title of Each Class</u>	<u>Authorized Capital Stock</u>
Common – Class B	1,950
Common – Class C	<u>500</u>
TOTAL	<u>2,450</u>

b. No. of Shares Outstanding as of May 31, 2023:

<u>Title of Each Class</u>	
Common – Class A	3,468
Common – Class B	1,950
Common – Class C	500
Common – Class D	702
Common – Class E	<u>180</u>
TOTAL	<u>6,800</u>

c. Amount of Debt Outstanding as of May 31, 2023 Not applicable

12. Are any or all of the registrant's securities listed in a Stock Exchange?

Yes No

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Date, time and place of meeting of security holders (hereafter, the “annual stockholders’ meeting” or “meeting”)

(a) Date, time and place of meeting of security holders:

Date	-	August 4, 2023
Time	-	9:00 am
Place	-	To be conducted virtually through Zoom
<i>Place of Meeting per By-Laws</i>	-	Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan 2108

(b) Approximate date on which the Information Statement is to be first sent or given to security holders at least fifteen (15) business days prior to meeting date:

July 14, 2023

Electronic copies of the meeting materials, including this Information Statement (SEC 20-IS), Management Report, and Annual Report (SEC Form 17-A) may be accessed by the stockholders in the Club’s website, <https://www.anvayacove.com/beach-nature-club/>

Item 2. Dissenters’ Right of Appraisal

Under Section 80, Title X of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines (the “RCC”), a stockholder shall have the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of his shares in the following instances:

- (a) In case any amendment to the Articles of Incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholders or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence;
- (b) In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets as provided in the Revised Corporation Code;
- (c) In case of merger or consolidation; and
- (d) In case of investment of corporate funds for any purpose other than the primary purpose for which the Club was organized.

No matters or actions that may give rise to a possible exercise by stockholders of their appraisal rights will be taken up at the meeting.

Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition Matters to be Acted Upon

- (a) No current director or officer of the Club, or nominee for election as director of the Club nor any associate thereof, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon other than election to office.
- (b) No director has informed the Club in writing that he intends to oppose any action to be taken at the meeting.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

(a) Number of Shares Outstanding as of May 31, 2023:

Title of Each Class

Common	-	Class A (Founders')	3,468
Common	-	Class B	1,950
Common	-	Class C	500
Common	-	Class D	702
Common	-	Class E	<u>180</u>
		TOTAL	<u>6,800</u>

Number of Votes Entitled: One (1) vote per share

(b) Record Date

All stockholders of record as of June 13, 2023 are entitled to notice and to vote at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

(c) Manner of Voting

All stockholders of record, regardless of the class of share held by a stockholder, shall have the right to vote in all matters requiring stockholders' approval, including the right to nominate and vote for the persons who shall serve as directors of the Club. However, only stockholders who are members in good standing shall have the right to be voted for as member of the Board of Directors of the Club. Nominations for membership in the Board of Directors have been submitted to the Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee in accordance with the procedure for nomination under the Club's By-laws and Manual of Corporate Governance.

Holders of Class A, Class B, Class C, Class D and Class E shares as of June 13, 2023 shall thus vote in the following manner provided by Article VI, Section 6 of the Club's By-Laws:

“Section 6. Manner of Voting. Subject to the Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation and Article II, Section 2(c) of this By-laws, a stockholder shall be allowed to vote in person or by proxy at all meetings of stockholders. Proxies shall be executed in writing by the stockholder or his duly authorized attorney-in-fact and shall be submitted to the Corporate Secretary at least three (3) business days prior to the scheduled date of the meeting. Except in those cases where the law provides for a higher voting requirement, all corporate acts requiring approval of the stockholders under the Corporation Code of the Philippines shall be approved by a majority of the entire subscribed capital stock; provided that, for the first five (5) years from the date of incorporation of the Club, the approval of holders of at least a majority (or in the event that the law requires a higher percentage for the approval of certain corporate acts, then such higher percentage) of the Founders' Shares shall be necessary for the approval of corporate acts requiring the approval of stockholders for their effectivity and validity.”

The Board of Directors of the Club, in the exercise of its authority under the By-laws, approved on May 12, 2023 the holding of the annual stockholders' meeting for the year 2023 in a fully virtual format, including all the necessary and related arrangements thereto, subject to applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The stockholders may only attend the meeting by remote communication, by voting *in absentia* or by appointing the Chairman as proxy.

For the convenience of its shareholders, the Club issued and is making available to the shareholders internal rules of procedure embodying the mechanisms for registration of shareholders and their participation in the meeting through remote communication and voting *in absentia* or by proxy, a copy of which is attached hereto as **Annex A**.

(d) Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners and Management as of May 31, 2023:

(1) Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners (of more than 5%) as of May 31, 2023

Title of Class	Name and Address of Record Owner & Relationship w/ Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owner & Relationship w/ Record Owner	Citizenship	No. of Shares	Percentage (of total outstanding shares)
Class A (Founders') Class B Class C Class D Class E	Ayala Land, Inc. 31/F Tower One & Exchange Plaza Ayala Avenue Makati City	Ayala Land, Inc. is both the beneficial and record owner.	Filipino	3,250 432 352 702 180	72.294%
Class A (Founders') Class B Class C	Subic Bay Development & Industrial Estate Corp. 8/F Vernida IV Condominium 128 L.P. Leviste St. Salcedo Village Makati City	Subic Bay Development & Industrial Estate Corp. is both the beneficial and record owner.	Filipino	201 16 31	3.647%

- The Board of Directors of Ayala Land, Inc. ("ALI") has the power to decide how ALI's shares in the Club are to be voted. Messrs. Augusto D. Bengzon and Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo have been named and appointed to exercise the voting power.
- Subic Bay Development & Industrial Estate Corp. ("SUDECO"), the significant stockholder of the Club, owns 3.647% of the total outstanding shares of the Club. The Board of Directors of SUDECO has the power to decide how SUDECO's shares in the Club are to be voted. Ms. Jocelyn F. De Leon has been named and appointed to exercise the voting power.

(2) Security Ownership of Directors and Officers as of May 31, 2023:

Title of Class	Name	Position	Amount & Nature of Ownership	Citizenship	Percentage (of total outstanding shares)
Class A	Augusto D. Bengzon	Chairman of the Board of Directors	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Paullolindo A. Elauria	Director & President	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class B	Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo	Director & Vice President	1 (record and beneficial owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Dindo R. Fernando	Director & Treasurer	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Jocelyn F. De Leon	Director	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Antonino T. Aquino	Director	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Mercedita S. Nolleto	Director	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class B	Paolo O. Viray	Director	1 (record and beneficial owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Rex Ma. A. Mendoza	Independent Director	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico	Independent Director	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
Class A	Jessie D. Cabaluna	Independent Director	1 (record owner)	Filipino	0.015%
-	Solomon M. Hermosura	Corporate Secretary	0	Filipino	0.000%
-	Maria Paula G. Romero-Bautista	Assistant Corporate Secretary	0	Filipino	0.000%
-	Amelia Ann T. Alipao	Data Protection Officer	0	Filipino	0.000%
-	Neal C. Perez	Chief Risk Officer, Compliance Officer and Finance Director	0	Filipino	0.000%
-	Heidi Rosalie R. Hocson	General Manger	0	Filipino	0.000%
Total			11		0.162%

No director or member of the Club's management owns 2% or more of the outstanding capital stock of the Club.

(e) Voting Trust Holders of 5% or More

The Club knows of no person holding more than 5% of common shares under a voting trust or similar agreement.

(f) Change in Control

No change of control in the Club has occurred since the beginning of its last fiscal year.

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers

(a) Directors and Executive Officers

(1) Directors, Independent Directors and Executive Officers

The following persons, who constitute the final list of candidates presented and approved by the Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee (composed of Mr. Rex Ma. A. Mendoza, Chairman, and Mr. Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico and Ms. Jessie D. Cabaluna, Members) have been nominated to the Board for the ensuing year and have accepted their nominations:

Antonino T. Aquino	Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo
Augusto D. Bengzon	Rex Ma. A. Mendoza
Jessie D. Cabaluna	Mercedita S. Nollo
Jocelyn F. De Leon	Paolo O. Viray
Paullolindo A. Elauria	Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico
Dindo R. Fernando	

The nominees were formally nominated by a stockholder of the Club, Dindo R. Fernando, who owns one (1) Class A Share or 0.015% of the total voting shares of the Club and who is not related to any of the nominees for independent directors. Messrs. Rex Ma. A. Mendoza and Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico, and Ms. Jessie D. Cabaluna are nominated as independent directors. All nominees are incumbent directors of the Club.

The Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee of the Club evaluated the qualifications of the nominees and prepared the final list of nominees in accordance with SRC Rule 38 (Requirements on Nomination and Election of Independent Directors) of the Securities Regulation Code and the By-Laws of the Club. The Club has adopted the SRC Rule 38 and compliance therewith has been made.

Only nominees whose names appear in the final list of candidates are eligible for election as directors. No nominations will be entertained or allowed on the floor during the annual stockholders' meeting.

The above-named nominees are expected to attend the annual stockholders' meeting.

A summary of the qualifications of the incumbent directors, nominees for directors for election at the annual stockholders' meeting and incumbent officers is set forth in Annex B. The certifications on the qualifications of independent directors are attached hereto as Annex B-1.

The officers of the Club are elected annually by the Board during its organizational meeting.

(2) Significant Employees

The Club considers its entire work force as significant employees. Everyone is expected to work together as a team to achieve the Club's goals and objectives.

(3) Family Relationships

None of the directors, executive officers or corporate officers are related to each other.

(4) Involvement in Legal Proceedings

There are no material pending legal proceedings, bankruptcy petition, conviction by final judgment, order, judgment or decree or any violation of a securities or commodities law for the past five (5) years to which the Club or any of its directors, executive officers and nominees for election as director is a party or of which any of its material properties is subject in any court or administrative agency of the Government.

The Club is currently involved in a legal proceeding. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Club's management, in consultation with its legal counsel, believes that the outcome of these legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Club's financial position or operating results. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates or in the effectiveness of the strategies relating to these proceedings.

(b) Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Club, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries, are related parties of the Club. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Club that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Club and close members of the family of these individuals, and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related entity relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely the legal form.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

The Club, in the normal course of business, entered into transactions with related parties consisting primarily of the construction of the Club's leisure and recreational facilities, and charges for the use of the Club's facilities and services. Transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled in cash.

The transactions and balances of accounts with related parties follow:

(1) Outstanding balances owed by related parties:

	2022		2021		Terms	Conditions
	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance		
Immediate parent company						
ALI (Trade)	P566,603	P2,016,109	P1,025,973	P2,126,503	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Professional Fees)	676,977	–	–	–	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Loans)	130,000,000	–	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Interest) (Note 19 2022 AFS)	371,752	–	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Entities under common control						
Avida Land (Loans)	130,000,000	–	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Avida Land (Interest) (Note 19 2022 AFS)	1,545,975	–	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Amaia Land (Loans)	175,000,000	87,500,000	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Amaia Land (Interest) (Note 19 2022 AFS)	691,283	575,364	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Ayalaland Malls, Inc. (formerly ALI Commercial Center) (Loans)	85,000,000	42,500,000	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Ayalaland Malls, Inc. (formerly ALI Commercial Center) (Interest) (Note 19 2022 AFS)	394,221	387,264	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Alveo Land (Loans)	68,000,000	–	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Alveo Land (Interest) (Note 19 2022 AFS)	139,137	–	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc. (ACGSCI)	50,702,793	19,106,358	21,345,978	8,612,520	Due and demandable; non- interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	9,911	9,911	26,673	–	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Ayalaland Management Corporation Inc (ACMI)	5,855	5,855	–	–	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
		P152,100,861		P10,739,023		

The Club in the ordinary course of business, has entered into transactions with these related parties which consists mainly of the following:

- Receivables from ALI includes loans, unsecured non-interest bearing charges and unpaid membership dues from ALI nominees. Loan to ALI has 48-day term subject to interest rate of 2.57%.
- Transactions with Avida Land pertains to loans which has 22 to 30 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 2.28% to 4.78%.
- Receivables from Amaia Land pertains to loans which has 30 to 40 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 5.58% to 6.45%.
- Receivables from Ayalaland Malls, Inc. (formerly ALI Commercial Center) pertains to loans which has 40 to 42 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 5.58% to 6.25%.

- Receivables from Alveo Land pertains to loans which has 15 days term subject to interest rate 5.58%.
- Receivable from ACGSCI pertains to charges incurred by ACGSCI members and guests on the use of the Club's facilities and availment of its services and inventory transfers. It also includes fees received in the amount of ₱4,800,000, ₱3,825,735, and ₱4,111,100 for consultancy services rendered to ACGSCI in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 13).
- Receivables from MDC are related to meals and diesel charges incurred by employees of MDC in the Club during the mandatory lockdown period.
- Receivables from APMC are unsecured non-interest bearing charges from consumption of the Club's fuel and other costs incurred from availment of services of the Club.

(2) Outstanding balances owed to related parties:

	2022		2021		Terms Conditions	
	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance		
Entities under common control						
ALI	P27,833,142	P15,669,114	P508,107	P-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
ACMI (a)	4,736,843	924,821	3,829,732	3,829,732	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
ACMI (b)	3,584,356	1,355,851	2,441,628	2,346,081	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
MDC	1,910,166	2,139,386	-	-		
ACGSCI	14,562,297	6,424,046	4,092,036	1,492,585	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Associates of Ayala Corporation (AC)						
Globe Telecom Inc.	165,902	13,785	-	-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Innove Communications, Inc.	2,653,352	277,296	-	-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Manila Water Philippine Venture, Inc. impairment	2,108,877	377,662	-	-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no
	P27,181,961		P7,668,398			

The Club in the ordinary course of business, has entered transactions with these related parties which consists mainly of the following:

- Amount owed to ALI pertains to costs incurred for property insurance recorded as part of insurance in general and administrative expenses.
- Payable to ACMI pertains to the following:
 - (a) Management fees, as agreed upon, include basic management fee amounting to ₱100,000 per month with an escalation clause of 7.50% per annum and incentive fee equivalent to 3.00% of gross operating profit per month included as part of total management fees in

general and administrative expense. Total management fees amounted to ₱5,464,818, ₱3,829,732, and ₱3,187,332 in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

- (b) System cost at a monthly fixed amount of ₱223,816 and ₱203,469 in 2022 and 2021, respectively, included as part of corporate expenses in general and administrative expenses.
- Payable to ACGSCI pertains to charges incurred by Club members in ACGSCI and inventory transfers.
 - Payable to Globe consists of cost incurred for the prepaid mobile line and text blast communication to all members as billed by Amber.
 - Payable to Innove consists of cost incurred for the trunk line and direct internet of the club.
 - Payable to Manila Water consists of cost of water utilities incurred by the club.

The amounts receivable from and payable to related parties are not offset since they differ in nature and are billed and paid separately rather than settled on a net basis.

Transactions with BPI

The Club maintains the transactions below with BPI (an associate of AC):

	2022			2021		
	Balance	Income Earned	Realized and unrealized gain	Balance	Income Earned	Realized and unrealized gain
Cash in banks (Note 4 2022 AFS)	₱22,841,393	₱26,723	₱-	₱24,342,656	₱19,894	₱-
Financial assets at FVPL (Note 5 2022 AFS)	5,133,592	-	406,408	99,727,184	-	1,138,282
	₱27,974,985	₱26,723	₱406,408	₱124,069,840	₱19,894	₱1,138,282

Compensation of key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Club are employees of ALI. The compensation of the said employees is paid by ALI and as such, the disclosures required under PAS 24, *Related Party Disclosures*, are included in ALI's financial statements.

(c) Ownership Structure and Parent Company

Ayala Land, Inc. is the parent company of the Club which owns 72.294% of the total outstanding capital stock of the Club as of May 31, 2023. SUDECO, a significant stockholder of the Club, owns 3.647% of the total outstanding capital stock of the Club as of May 31, 2023.

(d) Transactions with Promoters

The Club did not enter into any transactions with promoters.

(e) Resignation of Directors

To date, no director has resigned or declined to stand for re-election for the Board due to any disagreement with the Club relative to the Club's operations, policies and practices.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

(a) Executive Compensation

ACMI manages the operation of the Club under a Management Agreement.

Below is the summary of the aggregate compensation paid or accrued during the last two (2) years and the ensuing fiscal year to the Company's President and other most highly compensated executive officers (excludes other managers):

Name	Principal Position	Salary	Bonus	Other Annual Compensation	Total
Paullolindo A. Elauria	President				
Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo	Vice President				
Dindo R. Fernando	Treasurer				
Heidi Rosalie Hocson*	General Manager				
Neal C. Perez**	Compliance and Finance Director				
Vladimir S. Lorilla	Executive Chef				
Antonio Geronimo	F&B Manager				
President and Most Highly Compensated Officers	Actual 2021 (Restated)	₱2,485,200	-	₱207,100	₱2,692,300
	Actual 2022	₱5,792,843	₱216,338	₱455,176	₱6,464,357
	Projected 2023	₱3,639,720	₱248,510	₱293,510	₱4,181,740
All other officers as a group unnamed***	Actual 2021	₱5,281,728	-	₱412,344	₱5,694,072
	Actual 2022	₱6,054,430	₱168,236	₱462,080	₱6,684,745
	Projected 2023	₱4,514,680	₱341,890	₱408,890	₱5,264,960

*Effective November 11, 2021 and hired under ACMI.

** Hired by the club effective October 1, 2021 and hired under AyalaLand Premier, Inc. beginning January 1, 2023.

***Other officers and managers.

The Other Annual Compensation pertains to 13th month pay.

Messrs. Paullolindo A. Elauria, Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo and Dindo R. Fernando were not directly employed by the Club and thus receive no compensation from the Club.

(b) Compensation of Directors

(1) Standard Arrangement (Current Compensation)

Article VII, Section 1 (2nd paragraph) of the Club's By-Laws provides:

“xxx Directors shall receive no salaries from the Club.”

(2) Other Arrangement

The Club has no standard arrangements with regard to the remuneration of its directors for any services provided as director. Nor are there any other arrangements, including consulting contracts, pursuant to which any director was compensated for any service provided as director. However, in consideration for their services, the monthly dues of the directors are waived during their term of office.

(c) Employment Contracts and Termination of Employment and Change-in-Control Arrangements

The employment of the executive officers is covered by letters of appointment executed by the Club stating therein their respective job functionalities, among others.

(d) Warrants and Options Outstanding

The Club has not offered any stock warrants or stock options to any of its directors, executive officers or employees.

Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

(a) The accounting firm of SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. (SGV & Co.) served as the principal accountant and external auditor of the Club from incorporation to audit year 2022. Mr. Jose Pepito E. Zabat III served as the Partner-in-Charge for audit years 2019 to 2022.

(b) Pursuant to the General Requirements of SRC Rule 68, Paragraph 3 (Qualifications and Reports of Independent Auditors) and upon the recommendation of the Club's Audit and Risk Oversight Committee (with Ms. Jessie D. Cabaluna as Chairman, and Mr. Rex Ma. A. Mendoza and Ms. Mercedita S. Nolloredo as members), the Board approved the appointment of PwC Isla Lipana & Co. (Isla Lipana) as the principal accountant and external auditor for the year 2023. The change in external auditor is pursuant to the Independent Auditor Tenure policy adopted by ALI Group to align with the 2014 European Union Audit Regulation standard on mandatory audit firm rotation. The policy prescribes that an Independent Auditor shall be replaced after a maximum duration of 10 years, extendable to a maximum of 24 years, subject to meeting certain conditions. Fixed remuneration amounts to Php359,900.00, exclusive of value-added tax.

The election of Isla Lipana, and the fixing of its remuneration will be presented to the stockholders for their approval at the annual stockholders' meeting.

(c) Representatives of Isla Lipana for the current year and of SGV & Co. for the most recently completed fiscal year are expected to be present at the annual stockholders' meeting. They will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and are expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

(d) Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

The Club engaged the services of SGV & Co. for the three (3) most recent fiscal years. There were no disagreements with SGV & Co. on any matter of accounting and financial disclosure.

(e) External Audit Fees and Services

The Club paid its external auditor, SGV & Co., the following fees (exclusive of value-added tax and out-of-pocket expenses):

	Audit & Audit-related Fees*	Tax Fees
2022	Php340,000.00	Php112,000.00
2021	PhP324,400.00	Php75,000.00

** Pertains to audit fees; no fees for other assurance and other services*

SGV & Co. was engaged by the Club to audit its financial statements, prepare Information Return on Transactions with Related Party (BIR Form No. 1709) and to prepare AITR.

No other fees paid to the external auditors for the past 2 years.

Item 8. Compensation Plans

There is no action to be taken up during the meeting pertaining to compensation plans.

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 9. Authorization or Issuance of Securities Otherwise than for Exchange

No matter or action concerning authorization or issuance of securities will be taken up during the meeting.

Item 10. Modification or Exchange of Securities

The Club will not be presenting any matter or act involving the modification of any class of the Club's securities or the issuance or authorization for issuance of one (1) class of the Club's securities in exchange for outstanding securities of another class during the meeting.

Item 11. Financial and Other Information

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, audited financial statements as of December 31, 2022 and SEC Form 17-Q for the quarters ending March 2023, and other data related to the Club's financial information are attached hereto as Annex C.

Item 12. Mergers, Consolidations, Acquisitions and Similar Matters

There is no proposed merger, consolidation, acquisition of securities or assets, sale or transfer of assets, or liquidation of the Club that will be presented during the meeting.

Item 13. Acquisition or Disposition of Property

There are no matters or actions to be taken up in the meeting with respect to acquisition or disposition by the Club of any property requiring stockholders' approval under the Revised Corporation Code.

Item 14. Restatement of Accounts

The changes in accounting policies have no impact on the statement of accounts as shown in Note 2 of the 2022 Audited Financial Statements and neither do such changes result to a restatement of the 2021 Audited Financial Statements.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. Action with Respect to Reports

- (a) Approval of the minutes of the 2022 Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on July 29, 2022 covering the following matters:
 - (i) Approval of the minutes of the 2021 Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on July 30, 2021;
 - (ii) Ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and Management beginning July 30, 2021 until July 29, 2022;
 - (iii) President's 2021 Annual Report, including the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2021;
 - (iv) Election of directors, including independent directors; and
 - (v) Appointment of external auditor and fixing of its remuneration.

The Minutes of the 2022 Annual Stockholders' Meeting is uploaded to the Club's website or may be viewed through the following link:

<https://anvayacove.com/beach-nature-club/wp-content/uploads/2022/08/ACBNC-Minutes-ASM-29-July-2022.pdf>

- (b) Approval of the President's report for the year ending December 31, 2022, including the 2022 audited financial statements.

Item 16. Matters Not Required to be Submitted

All matters or actions to be taken up in the meeting will require the vote of the stockholders as of the record date.

Item 17. Amendment of Charter, By-Laws or Other Documents

There are no matters or actions to be submitted in the meeting that will not require the vote of common stockholders as of the record date.

Item 18. Other Proposed Actions

- (a) Ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors and Management for the period covering July 29, 2022 up to the date of the meeting.

The resolutions of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee include –

- i) Election of officers;
- ii) Appointment of Chairpersons and members of the Board Committees;
- iii) Approval of the 2022 second quarter results of operation and audit findings
- iv) Approval of the external audit plan

- v) Approval of the revised internal audit plan
 - vi) Approval of the 2023 third quarter results of operations
 - vii) Approval of the 2022-2023 internal audit plan
 - viii) Approval of the 2023 operating budget
 - ix) Approval of the implementation of cashless transactions
 - x) Approval of the Christmas fund special assessment
 - xi) Approval of the partial performance bonus and cash gift
 - xii) Appointment of Stock Transfer Services, Inc. as the stock transfer agent
 - xiii) Approval of the Charter of the Executive Committee
 - xiv) Approval of the Charter of the Board of Directors
 - xv) Approval of the 2022 financial audit results on areas of audit emphasis
 - xvi) Approval of the management representation letter
 - xvii) Approval of the full year 2022 financial audit and operating results
 - xviii) Approval of the report of the Audit and Risk Oversight Committee to the Board
 - xix) Approval of the amendments to the Audit and Risk Oversight Committee Charter and Internal Audit Charter
 - xx) Approval of the 2022 audited financial statements
 - xxi) Approval of the acquisition of cyber security tools
 - xxii) Approval of the 2023 first quarter financial and operating results
 - xxiii) Appointment of the independent auditor for 2023 and fixing of its remuneration
 - xxiv) Appointment of Chief Risk Officer
 - xxv) Approval of additional capital expenditures
 - xxvi) Approval of the information technology projects
 - xxvii) Approval of the increase in membership dues
 - xxviii) Approval of the new guidelines for exercising the Company's right of first refusal
 - xxix) Approval of the resolution on the case of a member proven to have used their membership for commercial purposes
 - xxx) Approval of the establishment of the retirement fund and retirement plan
 - xxxi) Appointment Trustee Bank for the retirement fund
 - xxxii) Approval of the schedule of Annual Stockholders' Meeting and relevant dates and the delegation to the Executive Committee to approve all other matters relating to the Annual Stockholders' Meeting
 - xxxiii) Approval of the participation and voting by remote communication in all meetings of the Board of Directors and stockholders
 - xxxiv) Delegation of authority to the Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee to approve the final list of nominees to the Board.
- (b) Election of the members of the Board of Directors, including independent directors, for the ensuing calendar year; and
- (c) Appointment of external auditor and fixing of its remuneration.

Item 19. Voting Procedures

(a) Vote Required

The majority of the issued and outstanding capital stock entitled to vote and represented at the annual stockholders' meeting is required for the approval of all matters presented to the stockholders for decision. The election of directors is by plurality of votes.

(b) Method of Voting

Straight and cumulative voting.

Each share of stock entitles its registered owner as of the Record Date to one (1) vote.

Subject to Seventh Article of the Articles of Incorporation and Article II, Section 2(c) of the By-Laws, a stockholder shall be allowed to vote in person or by proxy at all meetings of stockholders.

For this year's Meeting, stockholders shall be allowed to vote by proxy (by appointment of the Chairman as such) and by sending the ballots via electronic mail to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com prior to the meeting or until the end of the Meeting. The ballot/s submitted by the stockholders shall be considered as votes made *in absentia*. Stockholders who participate through remote communication or who vote *in absentia* or by appointing the Chairman as proxy shall likewise be deemed present for purposes of quorum subject to the guidelines attached as Annex A (I).

Proxies shall be in writing, signed and filed by the stockholders, in the form provided in this DIS, and shall be received by the Corporate Secretary at acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com on or before July 26, 2023, 5:00 p.m. or the original proxy forms containing the wet signature/s of the signatory/ies may be submitted to the Administration Office, Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan on or before the said date.

Item 20. Participation of Shareholders by Remote Communication

The Board of Directors of the Company approved the holding of the annual stockholders' meeting in a fully virtual format on May 12, 2023. Stockholders may attend the meeting only by remote communication, by appointment of the Chairman as proxy, and by voting *in absentia*, as provided in Item 19 above.

To enable the Club to perform validation procedures, identify the shareholders participating by remote communication and record their presence for purposes of quorum, the shareholders shall inform the Club by email to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com on or before July 26, 2023, of their intention to participate in the meeting by remote communication.

Stockholders may send in their questions to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com not later than fifteen (15) minutes from the start of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting. The detailed instructions for participation through remote communication are attached as Annex A (II).

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Makati on July 5, 2023.

ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.

By:

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'S. M. Hermosura', with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

SOLOMON M. HERMOSURA
Corporate Secretary

ANNEX A

2023 ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS MEETING OF ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB INC. (the “Meeting”)

REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURE FOR VOTING IN ABSENTIA AND PARTICIPATION BY REMOTE COMMUNICATION

I. VOTING IN ABSENTIA

1. Stockholders, as of June 13, 2023, may attend the meeting via remote communication by submitting the ballots prior to the Meeting or until the end of the Meeting via electronic mail to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com.
2. Stockholders shall notify the Chairman of the Board and the Corporate Secretary by email to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com of his/her/its intention to exercise his/her/its right to vote in absentia by July 26, 2023.
3. Subject to validation procedures, the stockholders shall receive the official ballot which shall be used to elect members of the Board and vote on the agenda items.
4. Only ballots received from the registered e-mail addresses of the stockholders shall be accepted as valid votes and included in the tabulation.
5. Only one (1) ballot shall be accepted from each stockholder. In case of multiple e-mails from a single registered e-mail address of a member is received, the earliest ballot received shall be considered as valid and tabulated.
6. The ballots will be collected and the votes cast will be tabulated by the Office of the Corporate Secretary and the Corporate Secretary shall present the results to the stockholders during the Meeting.

II. PARTICIPATION BY REMOTE COMMUNICATION

1. Stockholders, as of June 13, 2023, are encouraged to attend the Meeting via the video conference platform Zoom.
2. Stockholders shall notify the Chairman of the Board and the Corporate Secretary by email to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com of his/her/its intention to attend the Meeting via remote communication by July 26, 2023.

3. Only notifications received from the registered e-mail addresses of the stockholders shall be accepted as valid registration.
4. Subject to validation procedures, the stockholders shall receive from acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com the Zoom Meeting Link and official ballot within three days (3) from registration.
5. Stockholders attending the Meeting via remote communication, but failed to submit their ballots before the meeting, may still exercise their right to vote by sending their ballots via electronic mail to acbnc.agm@anvayacove.com during the meeting.
6. Only those stockholders who have notified the Club of their intention to participate in the Meeting by remote communication will be included in determining quorum, together with the Stockholders who voted *in absentia* and by proxy.

ANNEX B

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, CORPORATE OFFICERS AND KEY EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The write-ups below include positions held as of May 31, 2023 and the in the past five years and personal data as of May 31, 2023, of directors and executive officers.

Board of Directors

Augusto D. Bengzon
Paullolindo A. Elauria
Antonino T. Aquino
Jocelyn F. De Leon
Dindo R. Fernando
Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo

Mercedita S. Nolleto
Paolo O. Viray
Jessie D. Cabaluna (independent)
Rex Ma. A. Mendoza (independent)
Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico (independent)

Augusto D. Bengzon, 60, Filipino, has served as Director of the Club since May 21, 2021 and was then elected as Chairman of the Board on 30 July 2021. He is currently the Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer, Treasurer and Chief Compliance Officer of Ayala Land, Inc. He is a Director of AREIT, Inc. and Treasurer of AyalaLand Logistics Holding Corp., publicly listed companies under the Ayala Land Group. His other significant positions include: Chairman of Aprisa Business Process Solutions Inc., Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc.; Director and Chief Finance Officer of Altaraza Development Corporation; Director and Treasurer of ALI Eton Property Development Corp., Aurora Properties Inc., AyalaLand-Tagle Properties, Inc., Ceci Realty Inc., Philippine Integrated Energy Solutions Inc. and Vesta Property Holdings Inc.; Director of AG Counselors Corporation, Alviera Country Club Inc., Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc., Makati Development Corp., Northgate Hotel Ventures, Inc., Station Square East Commercial Corp. and Southcrest Hotel Ventures, Inc.; Comptroller of Nuevocentro, Inc.; Treasurer and Chief Finance Officer of Portico Land Corp.; Treasurer of Alabang Commercial Corporation, AKL Properties, Inc., Amaia Land Corp., Alveo Land Corp., Avida Land Corp., AyalaLand Premier Inc., Ayala Property Management Corporation, Bellavita Land Corp., BGNorth Properties, Inc., BGSouth Properties, Inc., BGWest Properties, Inc., Serendra Inc., The Suites at One Bonifacio High Street Condominium Corp. and Hero Foundation, Inc.; Assistant Treasurer of Ayala Greenfield Golf & Leisure Club, Inc. and Ayala Greenfield Development Corporation; Trustee of Philippine National Police Foundation, Inc.. He received his Bachelor of Science degree in Business Management from the Ateneo de Manila University and is a graduate of the Philippine Trust Institute. He was granted the Andres K. Roxas scholarship at the Asian Institute of Management where he received his Masters in Business Management degree.

Paullolindo A. Elauria, 57, Filipino, has served as the President of the Club since October 17, 2017 and Director of the Club since its incorporation in 2005. He also serves as a Director and Vice President for Operations of Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc. He has been the President of SUDECO since 2002. He is also the President of the Philippine Petrochemical Products, Inc., Seaport Development and Industrial Corporation, Leungs Holdings, Inc., Subic West Integrated Development Corporation, Sideli International Trading Corporation, Zambales Farms and Forest, Inc., Shining Star Corporation, and Subic West Development Corporation. He holds a Bachelor of Laws Degree from the Manuel L. Quezon University and passed the bar in 1992. Atty. Elauria is also a Professor of Commercial, Civil, and Labor Laws, having taught at De La Salle University, Lyceum of the Philippines University and Manuel L. Quezon University. He graduated with a Bachelor's degree in Mathematics for Teachers from the Philippine Normal University in 1986 and Bachelor of Laws at the Manuel L. Quezon University in 1992. He is the Founder, President

and Commissioner of the Professional Chess Association of the Philippines, the first and only government-licensed professional chess league in the world.

Antonino T. Aquino, 75, Filipino, has served as Director of the Club since 2009. He is a Director of Manila Water Company, Inc. (MWC) since 1999. He was the President of ALI from April 2009 to April 2014, of MWC from April 1999 to April 2009, and of Ayala Property Management Corporation from 1989 to 1999. He was connected with IBM Philippines, Inc. since 1968 and was Business Unit manager when he left in 1980. He has been with the Ayala Group in various capacities for the past forty-one (41) years and has held the position of Senior Managing Director in Ayala Corporation. Currently, he is a Director of the following non-listed companies: NuevoCentro, Inc., and Mano Amiga Academy, Inc. He is a member of the Multi Sectoral Advisory Board of the Philippine Army and the Multi Sector Governance Council of the Armed Forces of the Philippines. He is in the Advisory Board of Hero Foundation. He was named "Co Management Man of the Year 2009" by the Management Association of the Philippines for his leadership role in a very successful waterworks privatization and public-private sector partnership. In 2015. Recently he was conferred as Honorary Fellow by the Institute of Corporate Directors (ICD). He earned a degree in BS Management and completed academic requirements for Masters in Business from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1968 and 1975, respectively.

Jocelyn F. De Leon, 63, Filipino, has served as Director of the Club since 2011. She is the Chairman of the Board and a Director of Subic Bay Development & Industrial Estate Corporation (SUDECO). She also holds similar positions in the various companies spearheaded by the De Leon Family, such as Seaport Development and Industrial Corporation, Philippine Petrochemical Products, Inc., Leungs Holding, Inc., Subic West Integrated Development Corporation, Zambales Farms and Forest, Inc., Shining Star Farms and Forest Development Corporation, Fort West Realty and Development Corporation, Sampaloc Point Agro-Forestry and Development Corporation, and Solar Plastics Corporation. Graduating from De La Salle University in 1986 with a degree in Bachelor of Science, majoring in Marketing and reinforcing this with a Master's degree in Business Administration from the same university, Ms. De Leon has competently held managerial positions with companies based locally and abroad.

Dindo R. Fernando, 54, Filipino, has served as a Director and Treasurer of the Club since March 14, 2017. He holds the position of Vice President of Ayala Land Inc. and is concurrently the Head of the External Affairs Division. Presently, he is a Board Member of the Makati Parking Authority, Corporate Secretary of Santa Rosa (Laguna) Business Club, Board Member of the Calamba City Business Club and Secretary of Avida Towers Makati West Condominium Corporation. Prior to joining ALI, he was Head of Political Research at the Makati Business Club where he oversaw congressional research, analysis and publication. He graduated with a degree in AB Political Science from the Lyceum of the Philippines in 1989.

Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo, 48, Filipino, has served as Director and Vice President of the Club since October 2018. He is currently the Vice President of Ayala Land, Inc. He is concurrently President & Director of Ayalaland Premier, Inc., Alveo Land Corp., Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club, Inc., Ayalaland-Tagle Properties, inc., BGWest Properties Inc., and BGSouth Properties, Inc.; Chairman & President of Roxas Land Corp., OLC Development Corp., Southportal Properties, Inc., Serendra, Inc. and Garden Towers Condo Corp.; Chairman of Ayala Hotels Inc., Ayala Land Sales, Inc., Ayala Land Club Management, Inc., Collines Du Capitole Clubholdings, Inc., Verde Golf Development Corporation and Anvaya Environmental Foundation, Inc.; President & Chief Executive Officer of Ayala Greenfield Development Corp. and Ayala Greenfield Golf & Leisure Club, Inc.; President and ExeComm Member of Portico Land Corp; Vice Chairman of Alveo-Federal Land Communities, Inc.; Director of Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc.; Ayala Center Estate Association, and Algofil Inc. In his 20 years in the company, he has been a part of and handled various business lines including business development for the retail and malls group, project development for the residential business group, project development for the leisure group and sales for the local and international markets. He graduated from the Ateneo de Manila with a

degree in Management Economics in 1997 and completed his MBM from the Asian Institute of Management (with Distinction) in 2002. He attended the International Graduate Student Exchange Program at the Tuck School of Business, Dartmouth College in 2002 and completed the INSEAD Asian International Executive Programme (AIEP) in 2015.

Mercedita S. Nollo, 82, Filipino, has served as director of the Club since December 2007. Currently a member of the Board of Trustees of Ayala Foundation, Inc., BPI Foundation, Inc., and the BPI Advisory Council. She is currently a Non-Executive Director and also the Chairman of the Sustainability Committee of Ayala Corporation; a Non-Executive Director of Xurpas, Inc. and an Independent Director of D&L Industries, Inc., all PSE-listed companies. She also serves as Director of Ayala Land Commercial REIT, Inc., Michigan Holdings, Inc. and Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. as well as Vice-President of Sonoma Properties, Inc. She served as member of the Board of Directors of BPI for thirty years from 1991 to 2021. She likewise served as the Chairman of the BPI's Retirement & Pension Committee and a member of the Corporate Governance Committee. She was a member of the Board of Directors of Ayala Corporation from 2004 until September 2010. Ms. Nollo graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration major in Accounting (magna cum laude) from the University of the Philippines in 1960 and placed second at the Certified Public Accountant Licensure Board Examination administered in the same year. In 1965, she obtained her Bachelor of Laws degree (cum laude) also from the University of the Philippines where she also placed second at the Bar Examination held in the same year.

Paolo O. Viray, 42, Filipino, has served as director of the Club since October 2018. He is currently the Chief Operating Officer of AyalaLand Premier Inc., President of Ayala Land Sales, Inc.; Vice Chairman of AyalaLand Club Management, Inc., Director of Anvaya Cove Golf and Sports Club Inc.; and, a Director and Vice President of Ayala Greenfield Golf and Leisure Club, Inc. He served as General Manager for Ayala Land International Marketing, USA, and General Manager for Ayala Greenfield Development Corporation, and Project Development Manager for Ayala Land Premier. He joined Ayala Land in 2004 and has been involved in various residential and special projects handling business development, project development, marketing and sales. He holds a degree in Civil Engineering from De La Salle University, Manila and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Hult International Business School, San Francisco, California.

Jessie D. Cabaluna, 66, Filipino, has served as an Independent Director of the Club since July 30, 2021. She was the Assurance Partner and Head of Market Circle-I-Bacolod Branch of SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. until she retired in 2017, an Independent Director of AllHome Corp., and AllDay Marts, Inc. She is also the President of Stetchworth since September 18, 2019. She is a Certified Public Accountant. She joined SGV in 1978 and was a partner from 1997 to 2017. She graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Commerce, major in Accounting from University of St. La Salle in 1977. She also completed the Management Development Program from the Asian Institute of Management in 1988, and Advance Management Program from the Harvard Business School in 2012. She also completed Finance for Corporate Directors Program in 2017.

Rex Ma. A. Mendoza, 61, Filipino, was a Director of the Club since incorporation to July 25, 2014, and has served as an Independent Director of the Club since December 2020. He is the Chairman of Rampver Financials, a dynamic player in financial services specializing in investments, and one of the biggest distributors of mutual funds in the Philippines. He currently serves as the lead independent director of Ayala Land Logistics Holdings Corporation, a publicly-listed company, and an independent director of the National Reinsurance Corporation of the Philippines and Ayala Land, Inc., also publicly-listed companies. He is the chairman of the board of Singapore Life, the Soldivo Bond Fund, Inc. and the Soldivo Strategic Growth Fund, Inc. He is also the lead independent director of G Exchange Inc. (GX1, or GCash). He is a director of FLT Prime Insurance Corp., Cullinan Group, Esquire Financing, Inc., Mobile Group, Inc., Seven Tall Trees Events Company, Inc., and TechnoMarine Philippines. He is a member of Bro. Bo Sanchez'

Mastermind Group, and is cited by many as one of the best leadership, business strategy, investments, marketing and sales speakers in the country. He is the author of two books, *Trailblazing Success* and *Firing On All Cylinders*, both certified national bestsellers. He served as the President & CEO of Philam Life, one of the country's most trusted financial services conglomerates and was Chairman of its affiliates and subsidiaries. Prior to this, he was previously Senior Vice President and Chief Marketing and Sales Officer of ALI. He was also Chairman of Ayala Land International Sales, Inc., President of Ayala Land Sales, Inc., and Avida Sales Corporation. He has a Master's Degree in Business Management with distinction from the Asian Institute of Management. He was one of the 10 Outstanding Graduates of his batch at the University of the Philippines where he obtained a BSBA degree with a double major in marketing and finance. He was awarded Most Distinguished Alumnus of the UP Cesar Virata School of Business. He is also a Fellow with Distinction at the Life Management Institute of Atlanta, Georgia, USA, a Registered Financial Planner (RFP) and a four-time member of the Million Dollar Round Table (MDRT). He was a professor of Marketing and Computational Finance at the De La Salle University Graduate School of Business. He taught strategic marketing, services marketing and services strategy. He has served as Chairman of the Marketing Department and was awarded as one of the University's most outstanding professors.

Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico, 55, Filipino, has served as an Independent Director of the Club since July 30, 2021. He has been a director of DDMP REIT Inc. since 2014, his family's real estate joint venture with Double Dragon Properties Corporation. He also manages his family's interests in commercial real estate. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Istana Development Corporation. Previously, he co-founded a financial consulting firm in Silicon Valley and worked in Corporate Finance for Applied Materials Corporation in Santa Clara, California and Eaton Corporation in Cleveland, Ohio. He is a graduate of the Amos Tuck School of Business at Dartmouth in Hanover, New Hampshire and holds a Bachelor's degree in Economics from Bowdoin College in Brunswick Maine where he graduated with honors.

Nominees to the Board of Directors for election at the stockholders' meeting:

All the incumbent directors.

Executive Officers

Augusto B. Bengzon	Chairman
Paullolindo A. Elauria	President
Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo	Vice-President
Dindo R. Fernando	Treasurer
Neal C. Perez	Chief Risk Officer, Compliance Officer & Finance Director
Heidi Rosalie R. Hocson	General Manager
Amelia Ann T. Alipao	Data Protection Officer
Solomon M. Hermosura	Corporate Secretary
Ma. Paula G. Romero-Bautista	Assistant Corporate Secretary

Neal C. Perez 49, Filipino, has been elected as Compliance Officer and Finance Director of the Club effective November 11, 2021. He was also appointed as Chief Risk Officer of the Club effective April 28, 2023. He has multiple certifications, both local and international, namely: Certified Public Accountant (CPA), Certified Management Accountant (CMA), Certified Internal Auditor (CIA), Certified Forensic Accountant (CrFA), Certified Internal Controls Auditor (CICA) and Certification in Risk Management Assurance (CRMA). He has an impeccable professional track record as Finance and Compliance Director, Financial Controller, Finance Manager and Internal Auditor in various sectors including hospitality, gaming, real estate, utilities, consumer electronics and government services. Mr. Perez holds a Master's Degree in Business Management from the University of the Philippines - Diliman and double Bachelor's

Degrees in Commerce and Accountancy from Saint Louis University where he graduated Magna Cum Laude and Cum Laude, respectively.

Heidi Rosalie R. Hocson, 47, Filipino, has been elected as the General Manager of the Club effective November 11, 2021. She brings with her more than twenty-five (25) years of expertise in the hospitality industry. With a strong background in Food & Beverage, she has successfully handled properties in El Nido as Resort Manager under Ayala Hotels and Resorts Corporation. Her portfolio includes certifications as Certified Guest Service Professional (CGSP) and Certified Hotel Administrator (CHA) from the American Hotel and Lodging Education Institute. She finished her BS Psychology and AB Guidance and Counselling at St. Scholastica's College, Manila.

Amelia Ann T. Alipao, 60, Filipino, has served as Data Protection Officer of the Club since July 30, 2021. She is currently a Vice President and the Chief Information Officer (CIO) of Ayala Land Inc. She is also the Group Data Protection Officer for ALI Group of Companies and presently a member of the Data Privacy Council for Real Estate of the National Privacy Commission. She is a Director of APRISA Business Process Solutions, Inc. a, HCX Technology Partners Inc and Asti Business Service Inc. She is currently a member of the ALI Corporate Bidding Committee. She previously occupied this role in 2009-2011 and acted as Chairperson. Before joining ALI, she took on dual roles in SAP Philippines as Account Manager, handling government accounts, and project manager for SAP Implementation. She served as Assistant Vice President in Coca-Cola Bottlers Philippines, Inc., where she held various IT systems implementation projects. She started her IT career as an IT Instructor in I/Act of SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. She holds a Bachelor of Arts in Biology and a Bachelor of Science in Business Management from De La Salle University.

Solomon M. Hermosura, 61, has served as the Corporate Secretary of the Club since July 30, 2021. He has been the Corporate Secretary of ALI since April 2011, and concurrently the Group General Counsel of ALI since April 2015. He is a Senior Managing Director and the Group Head of Corporate Governance, Chief Legal Officer, Corporate Secretary, Compliance Officer and Data Protection Officer of Ayala Corporation. He has been a member of the Ayala Corporation Management Committee since 2009 and the Ayala Group Management Committee since 2010. He also serves as Corporate Secretary of Globe Telecom Inc., Integrated Micro-Electronics, Inc., ACEN Corporation, AREIT, Inc. and Ayala Foundation, Inc., and as Corporate Secretary and member of the Boards of Directors of a number of companies in the Ayala Group. Mr. Hermosura is currently a member of the faculty of the College of Law of San Beda University. He graduated valedictorian with Bachelor of Laws degree from San Beda College in 1986 and placed third in the 1986 Bar Examinations.

Maria Paula G. Romero-Bautista, 39, Filipino, has served as Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Club since July 30, 2021. She was a Senior Counsel at Ayala Group Legal, assigned to the Corporate Services and Compliance Unit. She is a Legal Counsel in Amicassa Process Solutions, Inc. beginning January 2, 2023, assigned to the Compliance and Corporate Services Group. She handles various corporate and assistant corporate secretarial functions for several companies within the Ayala Group. Prior to joining Ayala Group Legal, she worked at Gatchalian Castro & Mawis Law Office and Cruz Marcelo & Tenefrancia Law Office. She graduated with a Juris Doctor degree from Ateneo de Manila University in 2009 and for her undergraduate studies, from De La Salle University Manila with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Commerce Majoring in Legal Management in 2005.

ANNEX B-1

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, **Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico**, Filipino of legal age and a resident of No. 15 Ryder Loop, Ayala Hillside Estates, Old Balara, Quezon City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:

1. I am a nominee for independent director of **ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.**, (the "Corporation") for its Annual Stockholders' Meeting on July 29, 2022 and have been its Independent Director since July 2021.
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government-Owned and Controlled Corporations):

Company /Organization	Position/ Relationship	Period of Service
Istana Development Corporation	Chief Executive Officer	
Double Dragon Meridian Park Reit	Director	
Applied Materials Corporation	Operations Finance Manager	
Eaton Corporation	Finance Manager	

3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of the Corporation, as provided in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
4. I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of the Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code.

Name of Director/Officer/ Substantial Shareholder	Company	Nature of Relationship
N.A.		

5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
7. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this _____ day of **JUN 27 2023**, at **MAKATI CITY**.


JESUS EMMANUEL M. YUJUICO
 Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of JUN 27 2023 at _____, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his Passport ID No. P7892200A issued on July 11, 2018 at DFA Manila.

Doc. No. 283 ;
Page No. 58 ;
Book No. LI ;
Series of 7023 .

**Notarial DST pursuant to Sec. 61
of the TRAIN Act (amending
Sec. 188 of the NIRC)
affixed on Notary Public's copy.**



ROBERTO T. ONGSIAKO
Notary Public - Makati City
Appt. No. M-056 until December 31, 2024
Roll of Attorneys No. 37041
Lifetime IBP No. 02163 - RSM Chapter
PTR No. 9566339MM - 01/03/2023 - Makati City
MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0000591 - 09/30/2022
4th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza
Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue
Makati City, Philippines

ANNEX B-1

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, **Rex Ma. A. Mendoza**, Filipino of legal age and a resident of No. 10 San Antonio Street, Magallanes Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:

1. I am a nominee for independent director of **ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.**, (the "Corporation") for its Annual Stockholders' Meeting on July 29, 2022 and have been its Independent Director since December 2020.
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government-Owned and Controlled Corporations):

Company /Organization	Position/ Relationship	Period of Service
Rampver Financials, Inc.	Chairman, Board of Directors	2014 to present
Singapore Life Philippines, Inc.	Chairman, Board of Directors	2019 to present
Soldivo Bond Fund, Inc.	Chairman, Board of Directors	
Soldivo Strategic Growth Fund, Inc.	Chairman, Board of Directors	
Cullinan Group, Inc.	Member, Board of Directors	2008 to present
Esquire Financing, Inc.	Member, Board of Directors	2013 to present
FLT Prime Insurance	Member, Board of Directors	2016 to present
Mobile Group, Inc.	Member, Board of Directors	July 30, 2020 to present
Seven Tall Trees Events Company, Inc.	Member, Board of Directors	2008 to present
TechnoMarine Enterprises Philippines, Inc.	Member, Board of Directors	2001 to present
Ayala Land, Inc.*	Independent Director	April 22, 2020 to present
AyalaLand Logistics Holdings Corp.*	Lead Independent Director	2016 to present
G Xchange, Inc.	Lead Independent Director	
National Reinsurance Corporation of the Philippines*	Independent Director	2019 to present

* Listed Companies at the PSE

3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of the Corporation, as provided in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
4. I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of the Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code.

NAME OF DIRECTOR/OFFICER/ SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER	COMPANY	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
N.A.		

5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
7. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this _____ day of JUN 27 2023, at MAKATI CITY.


REX MA. A. MENDOZA
 Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of JUN 27 2023 at MAKATI CITY, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his Passport ID No. P6999664A issued on May 2, 2018 at DFA NCR North.

Doc. No. 281 ;
 Page No. 58 ;
 Book No. LI ;
 Series of 2023 .

**Notarial DST pursuant to Sec. 61
 of the TRAIN Act (amending
 Sec. 188 of the NIRC)
 affixed on Notary Public's copy.**



ROBERTO T. ONGSIAKO
 Notary Public - Makati City
 Appt. No. M-056 until December 31, 2024
 Roll of Attorneys No. 37041
 Lifetime IBP No. 02163 - RSM Chapter
 PTR No. 9566339MM - 01/03/2023 - Makati City
 MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0000591 - 09/30/2022
 4th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza
 Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue
 Makati City, Philippines

ANNEX B-1

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, **Jessie D. Cabaluna**, Filipino of legal age and a resident of 87 Molave Ave., Molave Park, Merville, Paranaque City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:

1. I am a nominee for independent director of **ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.**, (the "Corporation") for its Annual Stockholders' Meeting on July 28, 2023 and have been its Independent Director since July 2021.
2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government-Owned and Controlled Corporations):

Company /Organization	Position/ Relationship	Period of Service
AllHome Corp.	Independent Director	08 July 2019 to present
Stetchworth	President	18 September 2019 to present
AllDay Marts, Inc.	Independent Director	05 August 2021 to present

3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of the Corporation, as provided in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
4. I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of the Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code.

NAME OF DIRECTOR/OFFICER/ SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER	COMPANY	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP
N.A.		

5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding.
6. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.

7. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

Done, this _____ day of JUN 27 2023, at MAKATI CITY.



JESSIE D. CABALUNA
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this JUN 27 2023 day of _____ at MAKATI CITY, affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me her Passport ID No. P3937505B issued on November 22, 2019 at DFA Bacolod City.

Doc. No. 782 ;
Page No. 58 ;
Book No. 1 ;
Series of 723 .

**Notarial DST pursuant to Sec. 61
of the TRAIN Act (amending
Sec. 188 of the NIRC)
affixed on Notary Public's copy.**




ROBERTO T. ONGSIAKO
Notary Public - Makati City
Appt. No. M-056 until December 31, 2024
Roll of Attorneys No. 37041
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ANNEX C

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND PLAN OF OPERATION

I. PLAN OF OPERATIONS

2022 was the year of comeback for the Club as we have already bounced back by hitting the figures and giving the members and guests the best experience possible, despite the pandemic-related circumstances. Revenues from casitas, day visits, patronage of facilities, and club functions have all produced impressive numbers. The Club had a total of 43,243 day visitors from January to December, leaping the numbers to 183% along with the casita occupancy with 443% increase from 2021.

In compliance with the local government's directive, we changed and relaxed various protocols and restrictions in relation to the COVID19 pandemic. However, all our employees are still required to wear masks while on duty, to ensure their health and safety. We still implemented monthly antigen for all employees until the 3rd quarter of the year.

In line with the lifting of restrictions, the Club already administered different activities and celebrations all throughout the year. We were able to celebrate the Valentine's Day by setting up a romantic dinner buffet, spent the Easter Sunday mainly with the kids as we had different activities along with some prizes that they enjoyed. We never let our members and guests down as we initiated a Rainy Season Corner wherein, they enjoyed good food and movies that are perfect for the weather, as our way of ensuring that they will have a memorable stay — rain or shine. Continuous events and festivities until the holiday season came in as we celebrated the first in-person Halloween after 2 years of virtual activities with the theme; Anime zing Halloween which transported the community into the world of anime, with more than 60 participants and employees rocking the coolest costumes. We welcomed the holiday season as early as November by hosting a Christmas Lighting Ceremony and this continued in December as the Club conducted a gift-giving event through Anvaya Plays Santa, one of the Club's traditional initiatives to give back to the local community. On Christmas Day, Santa Claus dropped by the Club to meet the kids and listen to their Christmas wishes and to make the day even merrier, the Balanga Chorale Artists dropped by to serenade the Club members with their rendition of classic Christmas Carols. It felt a lot like Christmas. The club ended the year with a bang as we rang in the new year with the most luxurious party to date: a beachside, Brazilian-style extravaganza. It was indeed a year of comeback and productivity.

We constantly make sure to provide the greatest service and experience for all our guests and members now that we are always seeing a positive outlook, in order to sustain or even increase the numbers that we now have.

In terms of employee relations and other HR tasks, the Club regularly hold trainings and seminars for the staff to help them develop their skills and knowledge both inside and outside of the workplace. The management is consistently prioritizing the work-life balance for the employees through our different initiatives such as the monthly birthday celebration and snacks every Saturday to make them feel that Anvaya cares.

As for the Club's facilities, we are planning to enhance and upgrade some of our areas with the help of the team's inputs for every department.

We believe that all these steps will eventually contribute to our goal of improving and prioritizing the members' experience.

Another year has passed and the Club is already getting the grasp of consistently giving our Members and Guests the best experience possible, despite the pandemic still being around the corner, proven by this quarter's revenue. Accommodations, day trips, facility usage, and club events have all generated outstanding financial results. The Club had an average monthly attendance of 3,521 persons with 11% increase along with the casita's occupancy with 53% increase from 2022. The Club had a total of 10,563-day visitors from January to March, leaping the numbers to 11% along with the casita occupancy with 53% increase from 2022.

We altered and loosened a number of COVID19-related protocols and regulations in accordance with the local government's directive. To protect their health and safety, however, all of our employees are still required to wear masks while on duty.

Since the Club officially bounced back last year, we are continuously administrating various activities and events for Members and Guests this quarter and for the upcoming quarter that will make their stay fun and memorable. We were able to celebrate different events such as Chinese New Year in which the Recreation and Leisure Department prepared different activities such as Arts & Crafts activities for kids, and Entertainment Fortune Telling. It was a fruitful day as the club also celebrated Pawikan Send-off in the afternoon, joined by more than a hundred of people who witnessed the release of more than 500 hatchlings and launch of Anvaya's Sea Turtle Character: Pawee. For Valentines Day, we celebrated it in the most adventurous and extra way possible as we went on a hike at Mt. Buod, located at Sitio Kanawan, Morong Bataan. Of course, Valentine's would not be perfect without a romantic dinner. We successfully pulled off a fancy dinner buffet that our members and guests enjoyed. The Club celebrated one of its important days, as it marked its 15th year Anniversary with a radiating summer vibe last March 25, 2023. Throughout the years, Anvaya Cove remained committed to its priority — strengthen family ties through creating more memories and nature. This theme is also the very first theme of the Club when we celebrated our first anniversary way back 2009 and until now, we get to provide an ENDLESS SUMMER experience for all the members and guests. The day was filled with festive music, performances, food, drinks, and activities that everyone definitely enjoyed and treasured. Aside from the 15th Anniversary, the Club also celebrated Earth Hour, as part of our consistent environmental initiatives. The Earth Hour event became meaningful and memorable as members and guests were able to connect and commit with nature through the Club's activities such as the Mural Wall Painting and Pledge of Commitment, and world-class performances from Alab Poi as they performed lights show and Anima Tierra who is known in channeling Earth's emotions including her happiness and laughter, sadness and rage, hopes, fears, and love. We also had a productive long weekend and Holy Week as the Club facilitated different activities spearheaded by the Recreation & Leisure Department such as Arts & Crafts, Outdoor Movie, Baking & Cooking, and Mocktail Making Classes. Despite the heat, a lot of kids along with their guardians joyfully waited in line to participate in the most anticipated Easter Egg Hunting Activity.

Given that the outlook is always optimistic, we continually strive to give all of our Members and Guest the best service and experience possible in order to maintain or even grow the numbers we now have.

In terms of employee relations and other HR tasks, the Club regularly hold trainings and seminars for the employees to help them develop their skills and knowledge both inside and outside of the workplace. The management is consistently prioritizing the work-life balance for the employees through our different initiatives such as the monthly birthday celebration and snacks every Saturday to make them feel that Anvaya cares. Rest assured that we will continuously conduct more trainings and seminars for the next quarter to enhance their skills.

For the next quarter, we are planning to enhance and upgrade some of our areas and Club facilities such as:

- Talisay Grill construction in which there will be new kitchen and outdoor dining to serve Members and Guests near the beach and poolside area
- Improvements and facelifts of all comfort rooms and bath houses
- Renovation of Welcome Pavilion
- Transfer of location of fabrication area from cafeteria to service yard

Since rainy season is coming, the Club is also coming up with new indoor activities to assure that our Members and Guests will have a memorable stay — rain or shine.

We believe that all these steps will eventually contribute to our goal of improving and prioritizing the members' experience.

A. Satisfaction of cash requirements and fund-raising plans

Operating Cash Requirement

The key sources of liquidity of the Club are the revenues generated from membership dues, guests' fees, room accommodations, sale of food and beverage, banquets, and other Club related activities. Given the current cash position of the Club, the Corporation will not need additional funding for its operations in the 2nd quarter of 2023.

B. Product research and development

No product research and developments are planned. Architectural design planning for the various structures and facilities of the Club substantially has been completed.

C. Purchase or sale of plant and significant equipment

All necessary and significant equipment of the Corporation for its full operation have been purchased.

D. Significant changes in the number of employees

The Club has already hired 332 employees as of March 31,2023.

II. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

For the 1st Quarter 2023

Total Club Revenues for the period ended March 31,2023 registered at ₱73.59 million, a significant increase of 18.04% compared to same period last year.

- Sale of Goods decreased by ₱0.11 million, from same period last year of ₱30.72 million to ₱30.61 million (41.60% of Total Revenue).

- Service Income registered at ₱23.81million (32.36% of Total Revenue), higher by ₱11.92 million compared to the same period of prior year amounted to ₱11.89 million.
- Membership Dues recorded at ₱16.44 million (22.34% of the Total Revenue) higher by 3.44% or ₱0.55 million compared to the same period in 2022.
- Transfer Fees amounted to ₱2.73 million (3.71% of the Total Revenue), 28.87% lower than the ₱3.83 million fees recorded in the same period of 2022.

Total Cost and Expenses increased by 36.44% or ₱19.90 million, from ₱54.60 million in the same period last year to ₱74.50 million this year.

- Cost of Sales increased to ₱29.17 million (39.16% of the Total Cost and Expenses), ₱8.95 million or 44.23% higher compared to the same period of last year.
- Cost of Services increased to ₱19.97 million (26.81% of the Total Cost and Expenses), ₱5.22 million or 35.40% higher than the same period of 2022.
- General and Administrative Expenses recorded an increase of 29.21% or ₱5.73 million. From ₱19.62 million of prior period to ₱25.35 million.

Other Income recorded at ₱8.14 million (11.06% of Total Revenue), higher by ₱5.49 million or 206.98% compared to same period of previous year.

- An increase of ₱1.75 million in Interest Income, from previous year of ₱9,661 to ₱1.75 million of current year.
- Miscellaneous Income reached to ₱6.38 million (8.67% of the Total Revenue), higher by 141.67% compared to same period last year.

Provision for Income Tax computed at ₱0.21 million.

Financial Condition – March 31,2023 versus December 31, 2022

Total Assets reached ₱779.33 million, higher by ₱15.44 million or 2.02% compared to December 31, 2022. The changes were attributed to the following:

- Cash ended at ₱22.98 million (2.95% of the Total Assets), a decrease of about ₱0.25 million or 1.10% compared to December 31, 2022.
- Financial asset at FVPL recorded at ₱5.16 million (0.66% of the Total Assets), an increase of 0.53%.
- Accounts and other receivables decreased to ₱17.73 million (2.28% of Total Assets) from ₱28.18 million as of December 31, 2022 due to significant payment on member's ledger.

- Receivables from related parties registered at ₱172.66 million (22.16% of the Total Assets), versus ₱152.10 million of December 2022. There was an increase of ₱20.56 million or 13.52%.
- Inventories recorded at ₱5.24 million (0.67% of Total Assets), higher by 5.07% compared to ₱4.99 million of previous year.
- Other current assets of ₱31.23 million (4.01% of the Total Assets) showed a significant increase of about ₱9.53 million or 43.90% compared to previous year.
- Property and equipment decreased by 0.87% to ₱520.55 million (66.79% of the Total Assets) on account of depreciation.
- Advances and other noncurrent assets amounted to ₱3.78 million, (0.49% of the Total Assets) ₱0.36 million or 10.53% higher compared to last year.

Total Liabilities of the Club reached to ₱109.46 million (14.05% of Total Liabilities and Member's Equity). An increase of ₱8.41 million or 8.32% compared to last year of ₱101.05 million. The changes were due to the following:

- Accounts and other payables increased by ₱11.48 million, recorded at ₱52.87 million (6.78% of Total Liabilities and Member's Equity).
- Contract liabilities recorded at ₱29.59 million (3.80% of Total Liabilities and Member's Equity), higher by ₱8.80 million or 42.33% compared to ₱20.79 million of previous year.
- Payables to related parties totaled ₱14.80 million (1.90% of the Total Liabilities and Member's Equity), lower ₱12.38 million or 45.55% compared to last year.
- Pension liabilities at ₱10.69 million, increased by 5.05% as compared to previous year.

Cash Flows – Period Ended March 31,2023 vs. March 31,2022

- Net cash generated by operating activities for the period ended March 31,2023 settled at ₱39.49 million.
- Net cash used in investing and financing activities amounted to ₱4.75 million and ₱35.00 million respectively.
- At the end of March 31,2023, cash balance amounted to ₱22.98 million.

Key Performance Indicators

		March 31,2023	December 2022
CURRENT RATIO =	Current Asset	255,002,991	235,336,649
	Current Liabilities	97,266,913	89,369,539
		2.62:1	2.63:1
DEBT RATIO =	Total Debt	109,458,425	101,046,810
	Total Asset	779,333,924	763,898,823
		0.14:1	0.13:1
DEBT-EQUITY RATIO =	Total Debt	109,458,425	101,046,810
	Total Equity	669,875,499	662,852,014
		0.16:1	0.15:1
March 31			
		2023	2022
GROSS PROFIT MARGIN =	Sales - Cost of Sales& Services	24,446,593	27,365,708
	Sales	73,594,708	62,345,870
		33%	44%
March 31			
		2023	2022
FREE CASH FLOW =	Cash Flow Provided by Operating Activities - Cash Flow in Investing Activities	39,492,223	18,233,296
		(4,746,923)	(639,748)
		34,745,300	17,593,548

The Club monitors its performance and benchmarks itself to prior years' results in terms of the following indicators:

The Current Ratio as of March 31,2023 is 2.62:1 compared to 2.63:1 as of December 2022. The Debt Ratio computed at 14%, slightly higher compared with 13% for the year ending 2022, while the Debt-Equity Ratio stood at 16 %, slightly higher with 15% of December 31, 2022.

The Club's Gross Profit Margin at 33%, significantly lower compared to same period of previous year. An increase of ₦34.75 million in cash flow after deducting capital expenditures to the cash provided by operating activities.

Discussion and Analysis of Material Events and Uncertainties Known to Management

We confirm that there have been no events, including events related to COVID-19 pandemic, subsequent to the period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements that would address the past and would have impact on the future operations on the following:

- (1) Any trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact of the Club's liquidity;
- (2) Any events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation;
- (3) Any material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships with other entities/persons created during the reporting period;
- (4) Any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures;

- (5) Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.
- (6) Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Club's continuing operations;
- (7) Any seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition and results of operations.

Plan of Operation for the 2nd Quarter 2023

Another year has passed and the Club is already getting the grasp of consistently giving our Members and Guests the best experience possible, despite the pandemic still being around the corner, proven by this quarter's revenue. Accommodations, day trips, facility usage, and club events have all generated outstanding financial results. The Club had an average monthly attendance of 3,521 persons with 11% increase along with the casita's occupancy with 53% increase from 2022. The Club had a total of 10,563-day visitors from January to March, leaping the numbers to 11% along with the casita occupancy with 53% increase from 2022.

We altered and loosened a number of COVID19-related protocols and regulations in accordance with the local government's directive. To protect their health and safety, however, all of our employees are still required to wear masks while on duty.

Since the Club officially bounced back last year, we are continuously administrating various activities and events for Members and Guests this quarter and for the upcoming quarter that will make their stay fun and memorable. We were able to celebrate different events such as Chinese New Year in which the Recreation and Leisure Department prepared different activities such as Arts & Crafts activities for kids, and Entertainment Fortune Telling. It was a fruitful day as the club also celebrated Pawikan Send-off in the afternoon, joined by more than a hundred of people who witnessed the release of more than 500 hatchlings and launch of Anvaya's Sea Turtle Character: Pawee. For Valentines Day, we celebrated it in the most adventurous and extra way possible as we went on a hike at Mt. Buod, located at Sitio Kanawan, Morong Bataan. Of course, Valentine's would not be perfect without a romantic dinner. We successfully pulled off a fancy dinner buffet that our members and guests enjoyed. The Club celebrated one of its important days, as it marked its 15th year Anniversary with a radiating summer vibe last March 25, 2023. Throughout the years, Anvaya Cove remained committed to its priority — strengthen family ties through creating more memories and nature. This theme is also the very first theme of the Club when we celebrated our first anniversary way back 2009 and until now, we get to provide an ENDLESS SUMMER experience for all the members and guests. The day was filled with festive music, performances, food, drinks, and activities that everyone definitely enjoyed and treasured. Aside from the 15th Anniversary, the Club also celebrated Earth Hour, as part of our consistent environmental initiatives. The Earth Hour event became meaningful and memorable as members and guests were able to connect and commit with nature through the Club's activities such as the Mural Wall Painting and Pledge of Commitment, and world-class performances from Alab Poi as they performed lights show and Anima Tierra who is known in channeling Earth's emotions including her happiness and laughter, sadness and rage, hopes, fears, and love. We also had a productive long weekend and Holy Week as the Club facilitated different activities spearheaded by the Recreation & Leisure Department such as Arts & Crafts, Outdoor Movie, Baking & Cooking, and Mocktail Making Classes. Despite the heat, a lot of kids along with their guardians joyfully waited in line to participate in the most anticipated Easter Egg Hunting Activity.

Given that the outlook is always optimistic, we continually strive to give all of our Members and Guest the best service and experience possible in order to maintain or even grow the numbers we now have.

In terms of employee relations and other HR tasks, the Club regularly hold trainings and seminars for the employees to help them develop their skills and knowledge both inside and outside of the workplace. The management is consistently prioritizing the work-life balance for the employees through our different initiatives such as the monthly birthday celebration and snacks every Saturday to make them feel that Anvaya cares. Rest assured that we will continuously conduct more trainings and seminars for the next quarter to enhance their skills.

For the next quarter, we are planning to enhance and upgrade some of our areas and Club facilities such as:

- Talisay Grill construction in which there will be new kitchen and outdoor dining to serve Members and Guests near the beach and poolside area
- Improvements and facelifts of all comfort rooms and bath houses
- Renovation of Welcome Pavilion
- Transfer of location of fabrication area from cafeteria to service yard

Since rainy season is coming, the Club is also coming up with new indoor activities to assure that our Members and Guests will have a memorable stay — rain or shine.

We believe that all these steps will eventually contribute to our goal of improving and prioritizing the members' experience.

E. Satisfaction of cash requirements and fund-raising plans

Operating Cash Requirement

The key sources of liquidity of the Club are the revenues generated from membership dues, guests' fees, room accommodations, sale of food and beverage, banquets, and other Club related activities. Given the current cash position of the Club, the Corporation will not need additional funding for its operations in the 2nd quarter of 2023.

F. Product research and development

No product research and developments are planned. Architectural design planning for the various structures and facilities of the Club substantially has been completed.

G. Purchase or sale of plant and significant equipment

All necessary and significant equipment of the Corporation for its full operation have been purchased.

H. Significant changes in the number of employees

The Club has already hired 332 employees as of March 31,2023.

2022 vs. 2021

A. Results of Operations

Total Club revenues for CY 2022 reached ₱282.07 million which was significantly higher than CY 2021 by ₱175.40 million or 164.43%.

- Sale of goods totaled ₱121.94 million or 43.23% of total Club revenues, higher by ₱101.84 million or 506.54 % as compared to last year.
- Service income amounted to ₱82.92 million or 29.40% of total Club revenues, significantly increased by ₱71.15 million or 604.43% as compared to last year.
- Membership dues recorded at ₱64.85 million or 22.99 % of the total Club revenues, higher by ₱2.43 million or 3.89% as compared to last year.
- Transfer Fee for the period reached ₱12.36 million or 4.38% of the total Club revenues, slightly higher by 0.18% as compared to previous year.

Total cost and expenses for the year was recorded at ₱277.07 million which was ₱117.37 million or 73.50% higher as compared last year.

- Cost of sales recorded at ₱107.92 million or 38.95% of total cost and expenses, an increase of ₱65.48 million or 154.28% compared to previous year.
- Cost of services reached at ₱74.04 million or 26.72 % of the total cost and expenses. Higher by ₱27.58 million or 59.38 % compared to previous year.
- General and administrative expenses amounted to ₱95.11 million or 34.33% of total cost and expenses. Higher by ₱24.31 million or 34.34% as compared to previous year.

Other income computed at ₱14.74 million at the end of the year. Lower by ₱7.83 million or 34.68% as compared to CY 2021.

- Increase in the interest income for the year ended 2022, recorded at ₱3.21 million or 1.14% of total Club revenues, higher by ₱3.14 million as compared to last year.
- Miscellaneous income recorded at ₱11.54 million or 4.09% of the total Club revenues, decreased by ₱10.97 million or 48.73% compared to previous year

Provision for income tax computed amounting to ₱0.69 million, higher compared to the prior year due to the MCIT.

After the remeasurement gain on pension liabilities amounting to ₱1.37 million, the Club resulted to a Total Comprehensive Income of ₱20.42 million in CY 2022.

B. Financial Condition

Total assets of the Club as of December 31, 2022 increased to ₱763.90 million from last year's ₱725.68 million. An increase of ₱38.22 million or 5.27%.

- Cash and cash equivalents recorded at ₱23.23 million or 3.04% of total assets, lower by ₱1.67 million as compared from last year of ₱24.90 million.
- As of December 31, 2022, the Club investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounted to ₱5.13 million, which is 0.67% of total assets. Lower by ₱94.59 million due to transfer of fund to intercompany lending.
- Accounts and other receivables increased from last year of ₱23.17 million to ₱28.18 million of December 31, 2022. Higher by ₱5.01 million or 21.61%.
- Receivables from affiliates increased to ₱152.10 million or 19.91% of total assets, from ₱10.74 million of the prior year. Higher by ₱141.36 million or 1,316.34% as compared to CY 2021.
- Inventories recorded at ₱4.99 million as of December 31, 2022, 0.65% of total assets, ₱ 1.60 million or 47.08% higher compared to prior year of ₱3.39 million.
- Other current assets amounted to ₱21.70 million, 2.84% of total assets, increased by ₱4.28 million or 24.54% compared to previous year balance of ₱17.42 million.
- Property and equipment (net of depreciation), which is 68.74% of total assets, amounted to ₱525.14 million as of December 31, 2022, or a decrease of 3.16% as against last year of ₱542.30 million.
- Advance and other noncurrent assets amounted to ₱3.42 million, or a decrease of 14.87% as compared with previous year of ₱4.02 million.

Total current liabilities of the Club recorded at 11.70% of total Liabilities & Equity, which amounted to ₱89.37 million, 23.68% higher than the previous year of ₱72.26 million.

- Accounts and other payables, recorded at ₱41.39 million, 5.42% of total liabilities and equity, almost in line with prior year of ₱41.35 million.
- Contract liabilities recorded at ₱20.79 million, 2.72% of total liabilities and equity, lower by ₱2.45 million or 10.52% as compared to previous year of ₱23.24 million
- Payables to affiliates recorded an increase of ₱19.51 million or 254.47%, from ₱7.67 million as of December 31, 2021 to ₱27.18 million as of December 31, 2022.

Non-current liability recorded at ₱11.68 million or 1.53% of the Total Liabilities and Equity. Higher by ₱0.69 million or 6.27% as compared to prior year's ₱10.99 million.

- Pension liability computed at ₱10.18 million, 1.33% of total liabilities and equity, an increase of ₱0.15 million as compared to prior year of ₱10.02 million. The movement was due to assumption changes used to calculate the DBO.

- Recorded a deferred tax liability of ₱1.50 million for the year, tax impact of the pension liability recalculation.

B. Statement of Cash Flow

- Cash provided by operating and investing activities for the year ended 2022 was recorded at ₱53.87 million and ₱74.46 million, respectively.
- Cash used in financing activities for year ended 2022 recorded at ₱130.00 million.
- At the end of the year 2022, the cash balance amounted to ₱23.23 million.

Key Performance Indicators

The Club monitors its performance and benchmarks itself to prior years' results in terms of the following indicators:

		December 2022	December 2021
CURRENT RATIO =	Current Asset	235,336,649	179,358,744
	Current Liabilities	89,369,539	72,261,136
		2.63	2.48
DEBT RATIO =	Total Debt	101,046,809	83,249,498
	Total Asset	763,898,824	725,679,877
		13.2%	11.5%
DEBT-EQUITY RATIO =	Total Debt	101,046,809	83,249,498
	Total Equity	662,852,015	642,430,380
		15.2%	13.0%
GROSS PROFIT MARGIN =	Sales - Cost of Sales & Services	100,104,940	17,772,265
	Sales	282,068,256	106,670,861
		35.5%	16.7%
FREE CASH FLOW =	Cash Flow Provided by Operating Activities - Cash Flow in Investing and Financing Activities	53,865,543	4,895,376
		(55,536,959)	7,434,284
		(1,671,416)	12,329,660

Compared with CY 2021, the top five key Club performance indicators in CY 2022 are as follows:

Current Ratio of 2.63:1 increased versus 2.48:1 in 2021, Debt Ratio of 13.2% was higher compared to 11.5% in 2021. Debt-Equity Ratio increased to 15.2% compared to 13.0% in 2021. Gross Profit Margin of 35.5% was significantly higher than 2021 of 16.7%. A net cash decrease of ₱1.67 million for 2022.

There are no known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Club's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.

The Club does not have, nor does it anticipate, any cash flow or liquidity problems. The Club is not in default or breach of any note, loan, lease or other indebtedness or financing arrangement requiring it to make payments. There is no significant amount of the Club's trade payables which have not been paid within the stated trade terms.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Club, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Club with unconsolidated entities created during the reporting period.

There is no material commitment for capital expenditures other than those performed in the ordinary course of trade or business.

There is a known viral outbreak known as Novel Coronavirus (NCov) in mainland China that have resulted to unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from operations.

There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Club's operating activities.

There has not been any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

2021 vs. 2020

A. Results of Operations

Total Club revenue for CY 2021 reached ₱106.67 million which was slightly higher than CY 2020 by ₱0.85 million or 0.81% lower.

- Membership dues recorded at ₱62.42 million or 58.51% of the total revenues, higher by ₱0.15 million or 0.24% as compared to last year.
- Sale of goods totaled ₱20.10 million or 18.85% of total club revenues, higher by ₱1.54 million or 6.09% as compared to last year.
- Transfer Fee for the period reached ₱12.38 million or 11.61% of the total revenues, higher by ₱6.80 million or 121.84% as compared to previous year.
- Service income amounted to ₱11.77 million or 11.04% of total revenues, significantly decreased by ₱7.25 million or 38.12% compared to last year.

Total cost and expenses for the year was recorded at ₱159.70 million which was ₱ 11.13 million lower as compared last year.

- Cost of services recorded at ₱46.46 million or 29.09% of the total cost and expenses. Lower by ₱1.88 million or 3.89% compared to previous year.

- Cost of sales recorded at ₱42.44 million or 26.58% of total cost and expenses, a decrease of ₱4.05 million or 8.70% compared to previous year.
- General and administrative expenses amounted to ₱70.80 million or 44.33% of total cost and expenses. Lower by ₱5.20 million as compared to previous year.

Other income computed at ₱22.57 million at the end of the year. Higher by ₱10.83 million as compared to CY 2020.

- A decrease in the interest income for the year ended 2021, recorded at ₱0.06 million or 0.06% of total Club revenues, lower by ₱0.45 million or 87.74% as compared to last year.
- Miscellaneous income recorded at ₱22.51 million or 21.10% of the total Club revenues, increased by ₱11.28 million or 100.50% compared to previous year

Provision for income tax computed amounting to ₱3,979, significantly lower as compared to the previous year.

After the remeasurement gain on pension liabilities amounting to ₱3.95 million, the Club resulted to a Total Comprehensive Loss of ₱26.51 million in CY 2021.

B. Financial Condition

Total assets of the Club as of December 31, 2021 decreased to ₱725.68 million from last year's ₱758.69 million.

- Cash and cash equivalents from last year of ₱12.57 million increased to ₱24.90 million as of December 31, 2021, which is 3.43% of total assets.
- As of December 31, 2021, the Club investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounted to ₱99.73 million, which is 13.74% of total assets. Lower by ₱8.86 million due to withdrawal of ₱10.0 million from the fund to finance the operational requirements.
- A decrease in Accounts and other receivables from last year of ₱25.93 million to ₱23.17 million of December 31, 2021. Lower by ₱2.76 million or 10.64%.
- Receivables from affiliates increased to ₱10.74 million or 1.48% of total assets, from ₱7.57 million of the prior year. Higher by ₱3.17 million as compared to CY 2020.
- Inventories recorded at ₱3.39 million as of December 31, 2021, 0.47% of total assets, or 24.49% higher compared to ₱2.73 million a year ago.
- Other current assets amounted to ₱17.42 million, 2.40% of total assets, almost inline compared to previous year balance of ₱17.44 million.
- Property and equipment (net of depreciation), which is 74.73% of total assets, amounted to ₱542.30 million as of December 31, 2021, or a decrease of 6.34% as against last year of ₱579.03 million.

- Advance and other noncurrent assets amounted to ₱4.02 million, or a decrease of 10.07% as compared with previous year of ₱4.47 million.

Total current liabilities of the Club recorded at 9.96% of total Liabilities & Equity, which amounted to ₱72.26 million, 4.67% lower than the previous year of ₱75.98million.

- Accounts and other payables, recorded at ₱41.35 million, a significant decrease of about ₱10.79 million or 21% compared to ₱52.14million as of December 31, 2020.
- Contract liabilities recorded at ₱23.24 million, higher by ₱9.05 million or 64% as compared to previous year of ₱14.19 million
- Payables to affiliates recorded a decrease of ₱1.80 million from ₱9.47million as of December 31, 2020 to ₱7.67 million as of December 31, 2021. The decrease of 18.99% pertains to the significant payment to Beach Club for charges incurred of the Club and amounts due to ACM1 for the support services.

Non-current liability recorded at ₱10.99 million or 1.51% of the Total Liabilities and Equity.

- Pension liability computed at ₱10.02 million or 1.38%, a decrease of ₱3.93 million as compared to prior year of ₱13.95 million. The movement was due to assumption changes used to calculate the DBO.
- Recorded a deferred tax liability of ₱0.96 million for the year, tax impact of the pension liability recalculation.

C. Statement of Cash Flow

- Cash provided by operating activities for the year ended 2021 was recorded at ₱4.90 million.
- At the end of the year 2021, the cash balance amounted to ₱24.90 million.

Key Performance Indicators

The Club monitors its performance and benchmarks itself to prior years' results in terms of the following indicators:

		December 2021	December 2020
CURRENT RATIO =	Current Asset	179,358,744	174,824,618
	Current Liabilities	72,261,135	75,797,528
		2.48	2.31
DEBT RATIO =	Total Debt	83,249,497	89,748,078
	Total Asset	725,679,877	758,685,120
		11.5%	11.8%
DEBT EQUITY RATIO =	Total Debt	83,249,497	89,748,078
	Total Equity	642,430,380	665,937,042
		13.0%	13.4%
GROSS PROFIT MARGIN =	Sales - Cost of Sales & Services	17,772,265	10,992,974
	Sales	106,670,831	105,818,438
		16.7%	10.4%
FREE CASH FLOW =	Cash flow Provided by Operating Activities	4,895,675	999,640
	- Cash flow in Investing and Financing Activities	7,434,265	(8,439,437)
		12,329,660	(7,439,797)

Compared with CY 2020, the top five key Club performance indicators in CY 2021 are as follows:

Current Ratio of 2.48:1 increased versus 2.31:1 in 2020, Debt Ratio of 11.5% was slightly lower compared to 11.8% in 2020. Debt-Equity Ratio decreased to 13.0% compared to 13.4% in 2020. Gross Profit Margin of 16.7% was significantly higher than 2020 of 10.4%. A net cash increase of ₱12.33 million for 2021

There are no known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Club's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.

The Club does not have, nor does it anticipate, any cash flow or liquidity problems. The Club is not in default or breach of any note, loan, lease or other indebtedness or financing arrangement requiring it to make payments. There is no significant amount of the Club's trade payables which have not been paid within the stated trade terms.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Club, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Club with unconsolidated entities created during the reporting period.

There is no material commitment for capital expenditures other than those performed in the ordinary course of trade or business.

There is a known viral outbreak known as Novel Coronavirus (NCov) in mainland China that have resulted to unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from operations.

There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Club's operating activities.

There has not been any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

2020 vs. 2019

A. Results of Operations

Total Club revenue for CY 2020 reached ₱105.81 million which was significantly lower than CY 2019 by ₱140.96 million or 57.13% lower.

- Membership dues recorded at ₱62.27 million or 58.84 % of the total revenues, higher by ₱306,000 or 0.49% as compared to last year.
- Service income amounted to ₱19.02 million or 17.98 % of total revenues, significantly decreased by ₱68.14 million or 78.18 % compared to last year.
- Sale of goods totaled ₱18.95 million or 17.91% of total club revenues, lower by ₱69.13 million or 78.49 % as compared to last year.

- Transfer Fee for the period reached ₱ 5.58 million or 5.27 % of the Total Revenues, lower by ₱ 4.03 million or 41.91% as compared to previous year.

Total cost and expenses for the year was recorded at ₱170.83 million which was ₱83.72 million lower as compared last year. The significant decrease was relative to decrease in revenues.

- Cost of services recorded at ₱48.34 million or 28.30 % of the total cost of sales. Lower by ₱34.88 million or 39.74 % compared to previous year.
- Cost of sales recorded at ₱46.49 million or 27.21% of total cost of sales, decrease of ₱46.99 million or 50.27% compared to previous year.
- General and administrative expenses amounted to ₱76.0 million or 44.49% of total cost of sales. Lower by ₱4.85 million as compared to previous year.

Other income computed at ₱11.74 million at the end of the year. Lower by ₱3.90 million as compared to CY 2019.

- A decrease in the Interest Income for the year ended 2020, recorded at ₱510,638 or 0.48% of total Club revenues, lower by ₱4.84 million or 90.45% as compared to last year.
- Miscellaneous income recorded at ₱11.23 million or 10.61% of the total club revenues, increased by ₱0.93 million or 1.15% compared to previous year

Provision for income tax computed amounting to ₱10,949, significantly lower as compared to the previous year.

After the remeasurement loss on pension liabilities amounting to ₱938,770, the Club resulted to a Total Comprehensive Loss of ₱54.22 million in CY 2020.

B. Financial Condition

Total assets of the Club as of December 31, 2020 decreased to ₱758.69 million from last year's ₱816.61 million.

- Cash and cash equivalents from last year of ₱20.01 million decreased to ₱12.57 as of December 31, 2020, which is 1.66% of Total Assets.
- As of December 31, 2020, the Club investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounted to ₱108.59 million, which is 14.31% of total assets. Higher by ₱106.57 million due to transfer of fund from Intercompany Loan.
- A decrease in Accounts and other receivables from last year of ₱31.74 million to ₱25.93 million of December 31, 2020. Lower by ₱5.81 million or 18.29%.

- Receivables from affiliates significantly decreased to ₱7.57 million or 1% of total assets, from ₱122.34 million or 14.98% of Total Assets of December 31, 2019. The decrease was due to the termination of intercompany loan.
- Inventories recorded at ₱2.73 million as of December 31, 2020, 0.36% of total assets, or 27.41% lower compared to ₱3.76 million a year ago.
- Other current assets amounted to ₱17.44 million, which is 2.30% of total assets, slightly lower by 0.46% as compared to previous year.
- Property and equipment (net of depreciation), which is 76.32% of total assets, amounted to ₱579.03 million as of December 31, 2020, or a decrease of 5.45% as against last year of ₱612.40 million.
- Deferred tax asset was recognized amounting to ₱353,438 for the year due to the net tax effect of remeasurement loss on pension liability.
- Advance and other noncurrent assets amounted to ₱4.47 million, or a decrease of 34.47% as compared with previous year of ₱6.83 million.

Total current liabilities of the Club 9.99% of total Liabilities & Equity, which amounted to ₱75.80 million, 7.28% lower than the previous year of ₱81.75 million.

- Accounts and other payables, recorded at ₱52.14 million or a decrease of about ₱10.49 million or 16.75 % compared to ₱62.63 million as of December 31, 2019.
- Contract liabilities, higher by ₱2.15 million or 17.83 % as compared to previous year.
- Payables to Affiliates recorded an increase from ₱7.08 million as of December 31, 2019 to ₱9.47 million as of 31 December 2020. The increase of 33.77% pertains to the amount due to the Golf Club for charges incurred by Club members in the Golf Club and amounts due to ACMI for the support services.

Non-current liability which pertains to Pension Liability was recorded at ₱13.95 million or 19.79% higher compared to previous year of ₱11.65 million. The movement was due to assumption changes used to calculate the DBO.

C. Statement of Cash Flow

- Cash provided by operating activities for the year ended 2020 was recorded at ₱999,640.
- At the end of the year 2020, the cash balance amounted to ₱12.57 million.

Key Performance Indicators

The Club monitors its performance and benchmarks itself to prior year's results in terms of the following indicators:

		December 2020	December 2019
CURRENT RATIO =	Current Asset	174,824,618	197,375,438
	Current Liabilities	75,797,528	81,752,167
		2.31	2.41
DEBT RATIO =	Total Debt	89,748,078	93,446,960
	Total Asset	758,685,120	816,606,211
		11.8%	11.4%
DEBT EQUITY RATIO =	Total Debt	89,748,079	93,446,960
	Total Equity	668,937,042	723,159,251
		13.4%	12.9%
GROSS PROFIT MARGIN =	Sales - Cost of Sales & Services	10,992,974	73,114,103
	Sales	105,818,438	246,813,755
		10.4%	30%
FREE CASH FLOW =	Cash flow Provided by Operating Activities - Cash flow in Investing and Financing Activities	999,640	46,315,238
		(8,439,427)	(44,812,133)
		(7,439,797)	1,503,105.00

Compared with CY 2019, the top five key Club performance indicators in CY 2020 are as follows:

Current Ratio of 2.31:1 decreased versus 2.41:1 in 2019, Debt Ratio of 11.8% was slightly higher compared to 11.4% in 2019. Debt-Equity Ratio increased to 13.4% compared to 12.9% in 2019. Gross Profit Margin of 10.4% was significantly lower than 2019 of 30%. Cash was used in investing activities amounting to P8.44 million.

There are no known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Club's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.

The Club does not have, nor does it anticipate, any cash flow or liquidity problems. The Club is not in default or breach of any note, loan, lease or other indebtedness or financing arrangement requiring it to make payments. There is no significant amount of the Club's trade payables which have not been paid within the stated trade terms.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Club, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Club with unconsolidated entities created during the reporting period.

There is no material commitment for capital expenditures other than those performed in the ordinary course of trade or business.

There is a known viral outbreak known as Novel Coronavirus (NCov) in mainland China that have resulted to unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from operations.

There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Club's operating activities.

There has not been any seasonal aspect that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

Upon the written request of the stockholder, the Club undertakes to furnish said stockholder with a copy of the SEC Form 17-A for the year 2022, and the quarter report for the period March 31, 2023 free of charge. Any written request for a copy of the reports shall be addressed to the following:

**Anvaya Cove Beach and Natures Club, Inc.
Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan
Philippines 2108**

**Attention: Neal C. Perez
Chief Risk Officer, Compliance Officer & Finance Director**

PART II – MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON THE REGISTRANT’S COMMON EQUITY

(a) Market Information

ALI and SUDECO sell their shares in the secondary market primarily through GG&A Club Shares Brokers, Inc. The shares of the Club are not being traded in the stock exchange.

The following table shows the selling prices of the shares of the Club for each quarter of the last two (2) fiscal years:

Quarter of Fiscal Year	Class B Share Price	Class C Share Price
Q1 2021	₱950,000	₱ 1,300,000
Q2 2021	₱950,000	₱ 1,300,000
Q3 2021	₱950,000	₱ 1,300,000
Q4 2021	₱1,100,000	₱ 1,400,000
Q1 2022	₱1,100,000	₱ 1,400,000
Q2 2022	₱1,400,000	₱ 1,700,000
Q3 2022	₱1,400,000	₱ 1,700,000
Q4 2022	₱1,800,000	₱ 2,400,000

(b) Holders

There are approximately 1,634 holders of the Club’s shares as of May 31, 2023 (based on number of accounts registered with the Stock Transfer Agent) consisting in 19 holders of Class A shares, 1,498 holders of Class B shares, 115 holders of Class C shares, 1 holder of Class D shares, and 1 holder of Class E shares.

The following are the top holders of each class of common equity securities of the Club:

Class A (Founders’)

	Stockholder Name	No. of Shares	Percentage
1.	Ayala Land, Inc.	3,250	93.714%
2.	Subic Bay Development & Industrial Estate Corp.	201	5.796%
3.	Augusto D. Bengzon	1	0.029%
4.	Paullolindo A. Elauria	1	0.029%
5.	Dindo R. Fernando	1	0.029%
6.	Antonino T. Aquino	1	0.029%
7.	Jocelyn F. de Leon	1	0.029%
8.	Mercedita S. Nollodo	1	0.029%
9.	Rex Ma. A. Mendoza	1	0.029%
10.	Jessie D. Cabaluna	1	0.029%
11.	Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico	1	0.029%
12.	Others (8 stockholders)	8	0.173%

Class B

	Stockholder Name	No. of Shares	Percentage
1.	Ayala Land, Inc.	432	22.154%
2.	Subic Bay Development & Industrial Estate Corp.	16	0.821%
3.	Others (1,496 shareholders)	1,502	77.026%

Class C

	Stockholder Name	No. of Shares	Percentage
1.	Ayala Land, Inc.	352	70.400%
2.	Subic Bay Development & Industrial Estate Corp.	32	6.400%
3.	Others (113 shareholders)	116	23.200%

Class D

	Stockholder Name	No. of Shares	Percentage
1.	Ayala Land, Inc.	702	100.00%

Class E

	Stockholder Name	No. of Shares	Percentage
1.	Ayala Land, Inc.	180	100.00%

(c) Dividends

Article Seventh, Paragraph B(2) of the Club’s Amended Articles of Incorporation provides, “xxx No profit shall inure to the exclusive benefit of any of its shareholders, hence, no dividends shall be declared in their favor. Shareholders shall only be entitled to a pro-rata share of the assets of the Club at the time of the dissolution or liquidation thereof.”

(d) Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities

There was no sale of unregistered securities of the Club nor the issuance of securities of the Club constituting an exempt transaction in 2017.

(e) Corporate Governance

The Club amended the Manual of Corporate Governance on July 8, 2020 in accordance with the provisions of SEC Memorandum Circular No. 24, Series of 2019. The Club is attentive to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) so that improvements to its corporate governance policies may be faithfully adopted and implemented. On May 12, 2023, the Club further amended the Manual of Corporate Governance to reflect the include the risk oversight and review of related party transactions functions to the then Audit Committee and thus forming the Audit and Risk Oversight Committee, and to merge the functions of the Corporate Governance Committee and Nomination Committee into a Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee. The changes were still in accordance with the provisions of SEC Memorandum Circular No. 24, Series of 2019.

The Club organized an Executive Committee that will exercise the powers of the Board in the day-to-day management of the business and affairs of the Club. The amendment of the By-laws to create the Executive Committee was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission as of January 26, 2010.

There were no deviations from the Club's Manual of Corporate Governance.



**ANVAYA
COVE**
Beach & Nature Club

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of **Anvaya Cove Beach & Nature Club, Inc.** (the Club) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Club or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors (BOD) is responsible for overseeing the Club's financial reporting process.

The BOD reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the members.

SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co., the independent auditors, appointed by the members for the periods December 31, 2022 and 2021, has audited the financial statements of the Club in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the members, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Augusto D. Bengzon
Chairman of the Board

Paullolindo A. Elauria
President

Dindo R. Fernando
Treasurer

Anvaya Cove Beach & Nature Club
Morong, Bataan, 2108

Tel: (02) 793 9000 Fax: (02) 793 9088 Mobile: (0917) 826 8292

Email: members@anvayacove.com

Website: www.anvayacove.com





ACKNOWLEDGMENT

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Makati City) SS.

BEFORE ME, a Notary Public for and in the City of Makati, this APR 12 2023, personally appeared the following:

Anvaya Cove Beach & Nature Club, Inc.
represented by:

Table with 3 columns: Name, Passport/Driver's License No., Date & Place of Issue. Rows include Augusto D. Bengzon, Paullolindo A Elauria, and Dindo R. Fernando.

who are personally known to me and identified by me through competent evidence of identity to be the same persons described in the foregoing instrument, who acknowledged before me that their respective signatures on the instrument were voluntarily affixed by them for the purposes stated therein, and who declared to me that they have executed the instrument as their free and voluntary act and deed and that they have the authority to sign on behalf of their respective principals.

WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL affixed at the place and on the date first above written.

Doc. No. 146 ;
Page No. 31 ;
Book No. xxxix ;
Series of 2023.

Notarial DST pursuant to Sec. 61 of the TRAIN Act (amending Sec. 188 of the NIRC) affixed on Notary Public's copy.



MARIA PAULA G. ROMERO-BAUTISTA
Notary Public - Makati City
Appt. No. M-079 until December 31, 2023
Roll of Attorneys No. 58335
IBP No. 264594 - 01/03/2023 - Makati City
PTR No. 9566341MM - 01/03/2023 - Makati City
MCLE Compliance No. VII-0020268 - 06/02/2022
4th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza
Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue
Makati City, Philippines

COVER SHEET

for
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEC Registration Number

C	S	2	0	0	5	0	2	3	3	2
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COMPANY NAME

A	N	V	A	Y	A	C	O	V	E	B	E	A	C	H	A	N	D	N	A	T	U	R	E	C
L	U	B	,	I	N	C	.																	

PRINCIPAL OFFICE (No. / Street / Barangay / City / Town / Province)

A	n	v	a	y	a	C	o	v	e	,	M	o	r	o	n	g	,	B	a	t	a	a	n		

Form Type

A	A	F	S
---	---	---	---

Department requiring the report

C	R	M	D
---	---	---	---

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

N	/	A	
---	---	---	--

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company's Email Address <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>financedept@anvayacove.com</td></tr></table>	financedept@anvayacove.com	Company's Telephone Number <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>7793-9000</td></tr></table>	7793-9000	Mobile Number <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>n/a</td></tr></table>	n/a
financedept@anvayacove.com					
7793-9000					
n/a					
No. of Stockholders <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>1,629</td></tr></table>	1,629	Annual Meeting (Month / Day) <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>7/29</td></tr></table>	7/29	Fiscal Year (Month / Day) <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>12/31</td></tr></table>	12/31
1,629					
7/29					
12/31					

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION

The designated contact person **MUST** be an Officer of the Corporation

Name of Contact Person <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>Neal Perez</td></tr></table>	Neal Perez	Email Address <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>perez.neal@anvayacove.com</td></tr></table>	perez.neal@anvayacove.com	Telephone Number/s <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>7793-9000</td></tr></table>	7793-9000	Mobile Number <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"><tr><td>0917 804 4462</td></tr></table>	0917 804 4462
Neal Perez							
perez.neal@anvayacove.com							
7793-9000							
0917 804 4462							

CONTACT PERSON'S ADDRESS

Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan

NOTE 1 : In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2 : All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.
Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (the Club), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2022, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Club as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2022 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Club in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2022 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audits of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Club or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Club's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Club's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Club's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to



the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Club to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

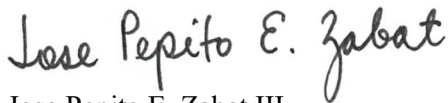
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations No. 15-2010

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information required under Revenue Regulations No. 15-2010 in Note 21 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the management of Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is
Jose Pepito E. Zabat III.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.



Jose Pepito E. Zabat III
Partner

CPA Certificate No. 85501

Tax Identification No. 102-100-830

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024

SEC Partner Accreditation No. 85501-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2020 to 2024 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

SEC Firm Accreditation No. 0001-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2021 to 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-060-2020, December 3, 2020, valid until December 2, 2023

PTR No. 9566022, January 3, 2023, Makati City

March 2, 2023



ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	December 31	
	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash (Note 4)	₱23,231,042	₱24,902,458
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL; Note 5)	5,133,592	99,727,184
Accounts and other receivables (Note 6)	28,179,563	23,171,958
Receivables from related parties (Note 17)	152,100,861	10,739,023
Inventories (Note 7)	4,991,746	3,393,842
Other current assets (Note 8)	21,699,845	17,424,279
Total Current Assets	235,336,649	179,358,744
Noncurrent Assets		
Property and equipment – net (Note 9)	525,137,954	542,298,687
Advances and other noncurrent assets (Note 8)	3,424,220	4,022,446
Total Noncurrent Assets	528,562,174	546,321,133
TOTAL ASSETS	₱763,898,823	₱725,679,877
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts and other payables (Note 10)	₱41,394,838	₱41,354,497
Contract liabilities (Note 12)	20,792,739	23,238,240
Payables to related parties (Note 17)	27,181,961	7,668,398
Total Current Liabilities	89,369,538	72,261,135
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Pension liability (Note 15)	10,177,365	10,024,350
Deferred tax liability (Notes 15 and 16)	1,499,905	964,012
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	11,677,270	10,988,362
Total Liabilities	101,046,808	83,249,497
Equity		
Paid-in Capital (Note 11)	359,966,055	359,966,055
Additional paid-in capital (Note 11)	550,000,000	550,000,000
Cumulative remeasurement gain on pension liability (Note 15)	4,499,714	3,127,660
Deficit (Note 11)	(251,613,754)	(270,663,335)
Total Equity	662,852,015	642,430,380
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	₱763,898,823	₱725,679,877

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements



ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	2020
REVENUES (Note 12)			
Sale of goods	₱121,942,493	₱20,104,602	₱18,950,350
Service income	82,923,621	11,771,795	19,022,731
Membership dues	64,845,000	62,415,000	62,265,000
Transfer fees	12,357,143	12,379,464	5,580,357
	282,068,257	106,670,861	105,818,438
COSTS AND EXPENSES (Note 14)			
Cost of sales	107,924,033	42,442,738	46,489,142
Cost of services	74,039,284	46,455,858	48,336,322
General and administrative expenses	95,107,126	70,797,761	76,002,147
	277,070,443	159,696,357	170,827,611
OTHER INCOME			
Interest income (Notes 4, 6 and 19)	3,205,086	62,598	510,638
Miscellaneous income (Note 13)	11,538,692	22,507,865	11,226,045
	14,743,778	22,570,463	11,736,683
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	19,741,592	(30,455,033)	(53,272,490)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 16)	692,011	3,979	10,949
NET INCOME (LOSS)	19,049,581	(30,459,012)	(53,283,439)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)			
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>			
Remeasurement gain (loss) on pension liability – net of tax (Note 15)	1,372,054	3,952,350	(938,770)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	₱20,421,635	(₱26,506,662)	(₱54,222,209)

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements



ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Years Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	2020
PAID-IN CAPITAL (Note 11)			
Class A - 3,468 shares	₱3,468,000	₱3,468,000	₱3,468,000
Class B - 1,950 shares	1,950,000	1,950,000	1,950,000
Class C - 500 shares	500,000	500,000	500,000
Class D - 702 shares	281,793,330	281,793,330	281,793,330
Class E - 180 shares	72,254,725	72,254,725	72,254,725
	359,966,055	359,966,055	359,966,055
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL (Note 11)			
Class B	437,755,102	437,755,102	437,755,102
Class C	112,244,898	112,244,898	112,244,898
	550,000,000	550,000,000	550,000,000
CUMULATIVE REMEASUREMENT GAIN (LOSS) ON PENSION LIABILITY (Note 15)			
Balance at beginning of year	3,127,660	(824,690)	114,080
Net changes during the year	1,372,054	3,952,350	(938,770)
Balance at the end of the year	4,499,714	3,127,660	(824,690)
DEFICIT (Note 11)			
Balance at beginning of year	(270,663,335)	(240,204,323)	(186,920,884)
Net income (loss)	19,049,581	(30,459,012)	(53,283,439)
Balance at end of year	(251,613,754)	(270,663,335)	(240,204,323)
	₱662,852,015	₱642,430,380	₱668,937,042

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements



ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Years Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income (loss) before income tax	₱19,741,592	(₱30,455,033)	(₱53,272,490)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation (Notes 9 and 14)	37,352,670	39,045,200	41,903,778
Interest income (Notes 4, 6 and 19)	(3,205,086)	(62,598)	(510,638)
Net movement in pension liability (Note 15)	2,060,962	1,343,600	963,550
Unrealized gain on financial assets at FVPL (Notes 5 and 13)	(61,386)	(882,264)	(2,572,907)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment (Notes 9 and 13)	–	–	(93,783)
Operating income (loss) before changes in working capital	55,888,752	8,988,905	(13,582,490)
Decrease (increase) in:			
Accounts and other receivables	(5,007,605)	2,759,443	5,805,225
Receivables from related parties (Notes 17 and 19)	(10,399,210)	(3,171,033)	10,769,275
Inventories	(1,597,904)	(667,707)	1,029,206
Other current assets	(4,275,566)	13,113	80,224
Advances and other noncurrent assets	598,226	450,428	2,353,151
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts and other payables	40,341	(10,785,001)	(10,491,353)
Contract liabilities	(2,445,501)	9,045,978	2,147,212
Payables to related parties	19,513,563	(1,797,370)	2,389,501
Cash generated from operations	52,315,096	4,836,756	499,951
Interest received	2,242,458	62,598	510,638
Income tax paid	(692,011)	(3,979)	(10,949)
Net cash flows from operating activities	53,865,543	4,895,375	999,640
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to:			
Property and equipment (Note 9)	(20,191,937)	(2,309,697)	(8,534,686)
Financial assets at FVPL (Note 5)	(345,022)	(256,018)	(104,000,000)
Proceeds from:			
Financial assets at FVPL (Note 5)	95,000,000	10,000,000	–
Disposal of property and equipment (Note 9)	–	–	95,249
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	74,463,041	7,434,285	(112,439,437)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loans to related parties (Note 19)	(458,000,000)	–	–
Collection of loans to related parties (Note 19)	328,000,000	–	104,000,000
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(130,000,000)	–	104,000,000
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,671,416)	12,329,660	(7,439,797)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	24,902,458	12,572,798	20,012,595
CASH AT END OF YEAR (Note 4)	₱23,231,042	₱24,902,458	₱12,572,798

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (the Club) was incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines and was registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 28, 2005.

The Club was organized primarily to maintain, operate, manage and carry on the business and operation of a beach and nature club and its facilities, for the amusement, entertainment, recreational and athletic activities of its members on a not-for-profit basis.

The Club is a public interest entity, and is 72.28% owned by Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI). ALI's parent company is Ayala Corporation (AC), a publicly-listed company. Both ALI and AC are publicly-listed companies incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines.

Prior to 2012, the Club is exempt from payment of income tax on income received from social, recreational, and athletic activities on a nonprofit basis provided that no part of the Club's income shall inure to the benefit of any of its members, trustees and officers. Under Section 30 (E) of the Tax Reform Act of 1997, an organization organized for recreational, sports and athletic activities shall be exempt from payment of income tax on income received from aforementioned activities.

On August 3, 2012, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) has issued Revenue Memorandum Circular (RMC) No. 35-2012 clarifying that clubs organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation and other non-profit purposes are subject to income tax and value-added tax (VAT) on their income from whatever source, including but not limited to membership fees, assessment dues, rental income, and service fees.

On August 13, 2019, the Supreme Court (SC) declared that membership fees, assessment dues, and fees of similar nature collected by Clubs which are organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes do not constitute as: (a) "the income of recreational clubs from whatever source" that are "subject to income tax"; and (b) part of the "gross receipts of recreational clubs" that are "subject to VAT". Starting January 1, 2020, the Club no longer collected the related output VAT on membership fees and fees of similar nature.

The Club's registered address and principal place of business is Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan.

The accompanying financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors (BOD) on March 2, 2023.

Status of Operations

The Club realized net income amounting to ₱19,049,581 and net losses amounting to ₱30,459,012 in 2022 and 2021, respectively, resulting in deficit amounting to ₱251,613,754 and ₱270,663,335 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Management has assessed that the Club is still able to maintain sufficient liquidity to enable the Club to continue as a going concern at least for the next 12 months from the date of these financial statements.



2. **Basis of Preparation, Statement of Compliance, Changes in Accounting Policies and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Club have been prepared using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets at FVPL that have been measured at fair value. The Club's functional currency is the Philippine Peso (₱) and all amounts are rounded off to the nearest peso, unless otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Club have been prepared in compliance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective in 2022. The Club has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the financial statements of the Club.

- *Amendments to PFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework*

The amendments are intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments added an exception to the recognition principle of PFRS 3, *Business Combinations* to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* or Philippine-IFRIC 21, *Levies*, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to PFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date.

- *Amendments to PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use*

The amendments prohibit entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

- *Amendments to PAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract*

The amendments specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendment had no significant impact on the Club.



- *Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle*

- Amendments to PFRS 1, *First-time Adoption of Philippines Financial Reporting Standards, Subsidiary as a first-time adopter*

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported in the parent's consolidated financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to PFRS, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1.

- Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments, Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities*

The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.

- Amendments to PAS 41, *Agriculture, Taxation in fair value measurements*

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of PAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of PAS 41.

Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Club does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Club intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2023

- Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, *Disclosure of Accounting Policies*
- Amendments to PAS 8, *Definition of Accounting Estimates*
- Amendments to PAS 12, *Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction*

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

- Amendments to PAS 1, *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current*
- Amendments to PFRS 16, *Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

- PFRS 17, *Insurance Contracts*

Deferred effectivity

- Amendments to PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and PAS 28, *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of the financial statements are summarized below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Current versus Noncurrent Classification

The Club presents assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; or,
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or,
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

The Club classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash on hand are funds readily available into cash. Cash in banks is stated at face amount and earns interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Club.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.



The Club uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Club determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

At each end of the reporting period, the Club analyzes the movement in value of the assets which are required to be remeasured or reassessed based on the Club's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Club verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents. The Club, in conjunction with the external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset with relevant external resources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Club has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), and FVPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Club's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Club has applied the practical expedient, the Club initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Club has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under PFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.



Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at FVPL, irrespective of the business model.

The Club's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at FVOCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Club commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at FVOCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at FVOCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at FVPL

The financial assets of the Club as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 consist of financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments) and financial assets at FVPL.

Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Club's financial assets at amortized cost includes cash, accounts and other receivables, and receivables from related parties.

Financial assets at FVPL

Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the statements of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statements of comprehensive income. This category includes investment in Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITF).

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Club has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Club has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Club has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.



When the Club has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Club continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Club also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Club has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Club could be required to repay.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Club recognizes an allowance for estimated credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Club expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For cash and financial assets at FVPL, the Club applies the low credit risk simplification. At every reporting date, the Club evaluates whether the debt instruments are considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Club reassesses the internal credit rating of the debt instruments. In addition, the Club considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

For accounts and other receivables, the Club applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Club does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Club has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Club considers a receivable in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Club may also consider a receivable to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Club is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Club. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

The Club implements a policy on its receivables, wherein members in the delinquent list or those with accounts that are past due for more than 120 days are reported to the BOD. The respective shares of the members or of the juridical entities they represent shall be ordered sold by the BOD, through an auction, to satisfy the claims of the Club.



Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings at amortized cost, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Club's financial liabilities include accounts and other payables, except government payables, contract liabilities and payables to related parties and other obligations that meet the above definition (other than liabilities covered by other accounting standards, such as income tax payable).

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- Financial liabilities at FVPL
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings)

Financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings)

This is the category most relevant to the Club. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as interest expense in the statement of income.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statements of comprehensive income.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The Club assesses that it has a currently enforceable right of offset if the right is not contingent on a future event and is legally enforceable in the normal course of business, event of default, and event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Club and all of the counterparties.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value (NRV). NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs of sale. The cost of inventories is determined using the moving average method.

An allowance for inventory losses is provided for slow-moving, obsolete and defective inventories based on management's physical inspection and evaluation.



Other Assets

Other assets are recognized in the statements of financial position when it is probable that the future economic benefits will flow to the Club and the assets have cost or value that can be measured reliably. These assets are regularly evaluated for any impairment in value. Other assets include prepaid expenses, value-added tax, creditable withholding taxes, supplies and advances to suppliers.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs not yet incurred but already paid. Prepaid expenses are initially recorded as assets and measured at cost, which is the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, these are charged to profit and loss as they are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time.

Value-added Tax (VAT)

Revenues, expenses, and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, if applicable.

For its VAT-registered activities, when VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT) exceeds VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT), the excess is recognized as payable in the statement of financial position. When VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT) exceeds VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT), the excess is recognized as an asset in the statement of financial position up to the extent of the recoverable amount.

Input VAT on goods purchased on or after January 1, 2022 will be fully recognized outright and claimed as input tax credits against output tax.

For its non-VAT registered activities, the amount of VAT passed on from its purchases of goods or service is recognized as part of the cost of goods/asset acquired or as part of the expense item, as applicable.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, except for land, are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value. The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its construction cost or purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the property and equipment to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Major repairs are capitalized as part of property and equipment only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Club and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged against current operations as incurred.

Projects in progress are also capitalized as part of property and equipment under separate account, projects in progress. These projects will form part of building improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment. Items under the account are not depreciated until completed and proper reclassification is made.

Depreciation of property and equipment commences once the property and equipment are available for use and is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment as follows:

	Years
Buildings	35
Land improvements	25
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5



The assets' estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the amounts, periods and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and accumulated provision for impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is credited to or charged against current operations.

Fully depreciated property and equipment are retained in the accounts while still in use although no further depreciation is charged to current operations.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

Advances and other noncurrent assets

The Club provides allowance for impairment losses on advances and other noncurrent assets when they can no longer be realized. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if the Club made different judgments or utilized different estimates. An increase in allowance for impairment losses would increase recorded expenses and decrease advances and other noncurrent assets.

Recovery of impairment losses recognized in prior year is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognized for the asset no longer exist or has decreased. The recovery is recorded in the statement of income. However, the increase in carrying amount of an asset due to recovery of an impairment loss is recognized to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had there been no impairment loss recognized for that asset in prior year.

Property and equipment

The Club assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that property and equipment may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Club estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value-in-use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognized in profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.



Pension Costs

The liability recognized in the statements of financial position in respect of defined benefits pension plans is the present value of the defined benefits obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less fair value of the plan assets, if any. The present value of the DBO is determined by using risk-free interest rates of long-term government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liabilities or applying a single weighted average discount rate that reflects the estimated timing and amount of benefit payments.

Pension costs of the DBO is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects services rendered by employees up to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. Actuarial valuations are conducted with sufficient regularity, with option to accelerate when significant changes to underlying assumptions occur.

Defined benefit cost includes:

- Service costs
- Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognized as expense in profit or loss. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs. These amounts are calculated periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

Net interest on the net defined benefits liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as expense or income in statements of comprehensive income.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains or losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding net interest cost and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), if any, are recognized immediately in the statements of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Equity

Paid-in Capital

Paid-in Capital is measured at stated value for all shares subscribed, issued and outstanding. When the shares are sold at premium, the difference between the proceeds and the stated value is credited to "Additional paid-in capital" account. Direct costs incurred related to original equity issuance are chargeable to "Additional paid-in capital" account. If additional paid-in capital is not sufficient, the excess is charged against retained earnings. When the Club issues more than one class of stock, a separate account is maintained for each class of stock and the number of shares issued.

Retained Earnings (Deficit)

Retained earnings (deficit) represents the cumulative balance of periodic net income (loss), dividend distribution, prior period adjustments, effect of changes in accounting policy and other capital adjustments. When the retained earnings account has a debit balance, it is called "deficit". A deficit is not an asset but a deduction from equity.



Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Club's revenue from contracts with customers primarily consist of membership dues, service income, and sale of goods. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Club expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Club has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in Note 3.

The following are the Club's performance obligations:

Membership dues

Revenue from membership dues is recognized over the time the members are provided access to the Club and its amenities. Transaction price is determined to be the BOD-approved rate for monthly membership dues. Each monthly membership dues are considered as a single performance obligation, therefore it is not necessary to allocate the transaction price. Any advance payments are recorded under "Contract liabilities" account in the statements of financial position.

Service income

Service income includes revenue from providing room accommodation, guest fees and income from the use of the Club's facilities and amenities such as spa and massage facilities, libraries, game rooms and other Club amenities. Revenue is recognized over the time the services are rendered and/or facilities and amenities are used.

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of food and beverages and merchandise are recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customers, generally when goods are delivered to and accepted by the customers.

Transfer fees

Transfer fees pertains to earnings from transfer of member's ownership recorded upon initiation of transfer process. Revenue is recorded at point in time when the services are rendered.

Contract balances

Trade receivables

A receivable is recognized if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognized if a payment is received or payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Club transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Club performs under the contract. Membership dues and consumables collected in advance are recognized as contract liabilities in the statements of financial position.

Other Income Recognition

Interest income

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Miscellaneous income

Miscellaneous income pertains to ancillary services provided by the Club such as laundry services and rental of club equipment. These are recognized when earned and when the related services are rendered.



Costs and Expenses

Costs and Expenses are recognized when the decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Expenses are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income:

- On the basis of a direct association between costs incurred and earning specific items of income;
- On the basis of systematic and rational allocation procedures when economic benefits are expected to arise over several accounting periods and the association can only be broadly or indirectly determined; or,
- Immediately when expenditure produces no future economic benefits or when, and to the extent that, future economic benefits do not qualify or cease to qualify, for recognition in the statements of financial position as an asset.

Leases

The Club assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Short term lease and leases of low-value assets

The Club applied the short-term lease recognition to its short-term leases of office equipment. It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to its leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Taxes

Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the end of the reporting period.

Current income tax for current and prior periods shall, to the extent unpaid, be recognized as a liability and is presented as income tax payable in the statements of financial position. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess shall be recognized as an asset and is presented as part of other current assets in the statements of financial position.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences, with certain exceptions, at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.



Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable income or loss.
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority. Income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the statements of comprehensive income.

Uncertainty over income tax treatments

The Club assesses at the end of each reporting period whether it has any uncertain tax treatments by reviewing the assumptions about the examination of tax treatments by the taxation authority, determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, and considering changes in relevant facts and circumstances. The Club then evaluates how likely is it that a certain tax treatment will be accepted by the taxation authority. If it is probable that the taxation authority will accept a certain tax treatment, the Club concludes that it has no uncertain tax treatment and will measure tax amounts in line with the income tax filings. If it is not probable that the taxation authority will accept a certain tax treatment, the Club measures tax amounts based on the 'most likely amount' method (better predicts uncertainty if the possible outcomes are binary or are concentrated on one value) or 'expected value' method (better predicts uncertainty if there is a range of possible outcomes that are neither binary nor concentrated on one value). The Club presents uncertain tax liabilities as part of current tax liabilities or deferred tax liabilities.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Club has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Club expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.



Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements.

Events after the End of the Reporting Period

Post year-end events up to the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue that provide additional information about the Club's financial position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the financial statements when material.

3. Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying financial statements in conformity with PFRSs requires management to make estimates that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Club's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Going concern assessment

The use of the going concern assumption involves management making judgments, at a particular point in time, about the future outcome of events or conditions that are inherently uncertain. The underlying assumption in the preparation of financial statements is that the Club has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate. Management takes into account a whole range of factors which include, but not limited to, Parent Company's ability to provide financial support, expected operations and profitability and potential sources of additional financing. Management prepares the financial statements on a going concern basis as management has future plans regarding the Club, as discussed in Note 1.

Identification of contract with customers under PFRS 15

The Club applies PFRS 15 guidance to a portfolio of contracts with similar characteristics as the Club reasonably expects that the effects on the financial statements if applying this guidance to the portfolio would not differ materially from applying this guidance to the individual contracts within that portfolio. Hence, the Club viewed each transaction receipt as one contract.

Identifying performance obligations

The Club identifies performance obligations by considering whether the promised goods or services in the contract are distinct goods or services. A good or service is distinct when the customer can benefit from the good or service on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer and the Club's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from the other promises in the contract.



Determining whether the Club is acting as a principal or agent

The Club assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it's acting as principal or agent. The following criteria indicate whether the Club is acting as a principal or an agent:

- The Club has the primary responsibility for providing services to the customer;
- The Club has latitude in establishing price, either directly or indirectly, for example by providing additional services; and,
- The Club bears the customer's credit risk for the amount receivable from the customer.

The Club has concluded that generally, it is acting as a principal in its revenue arrangements.

Determination of taxable profit, tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates

The Club has assessed whether it has any uncertain tax treatments. The Club applies significant judgement in identifying uncertainties over its income tax treatments. The Club assessed whether the Interpretation had an impact on its financial statements. The Club determined, based on its tax assessment, in consultation with its tax counsel, that it has no uncertain tax treatments. Accordingly, the interpretation did not have significant impact on the financial statements.

Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of impact to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are discussed below:

Estimating allowance for ECLs of receivables

The Club assesses long-outstanding member's receivable account periodically as to future collectability. Club shares of members with long-outstanding balances are placed to public auction for bidding at the management's own terms and minimum pricing to ensure that outstanding balances are delinquent members are recovered. The Club defines a financial asset as in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Club may also consider a receivable to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Club is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Club.

The allowance for ECL on the Club's trade receivables amounted to ₱12,393,644 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 6). Provision for ECL amounted to nil and ₱2,550,269 in 2022 and 2021, respectively (see note 14). The carrying value of the Club's receivables amounted to ₱28,179,563 and ₱23,171,958 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 6). The carrying value of the Club's receivables from related parties amounted to ₱152,100,861 and ₱10,739,023 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 17).

Evaluating asset impairment

The Club reviews property and equipment, and other nonfinancial current and noncurrent asset for impairment in value. This includes considering certain indications of impairment such as significant changes in asset usage, significant decline in assets' market value, obsolescence or physical damage of an asset, significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends, taking into consideration the impact of COVID-19 pandemic.

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each statement of financial position date to identify indications that the Club's nonfinancial asset may be impaired, or an impairment loss



previously recognized no longer exists or may be decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the nonfinancial asset is estimated.

As described in the accounting policy, the Club estimates the recoverable amount as the higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use. In determining the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use of the assets, the Club is required to make estimates and assumptions that may affect other current and noncurrent assets, and property and equipment. An impairment loss would be recognized whenever evidence exists that the carrying value is not recoverable. For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

The Club recognized allowance on impaired noncurrent assets amounting to nil and ₱688,282 in 2022 and 2021, respectively (see Note 8). As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying values of the nonfinancial assets follow:

	2022	2021
Property and equipment (Note 9)	₱525,137,954	₱542,298,687
Other current assets (Note 8)	21,699,845	17,424,279
Other noncurrent assets (Note 8)	3,424,220	4,022,446

Estimating pension cost and liability

The cost of defined benefit pension plans and the present value of the pension obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. These assumptions are described in Note 15, and include, among others, the determination of the discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, defined benefit obligations are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific country and is modified accordingly with estimates of mortality improvements. Future salary increases and pension increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the specific country.

The Club's net pension liability as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to ₱10,177,365 and ₱10,024,350, respectively (see Note 15).

Recognizing deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which these can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized. These assets are periodically reviewed for realization. Periodic reviews cover the nature and amount of all deductible temporary differences, expected timing when assets will be used or liabilities will be required to be reported, reliability of historical profitability of businesses expected to provide future earnings and tax planning strategies which can be utilized to increase the likelihood that tax assets will be realized.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Club did not recognize deferred tax assets on net operating loss carry-over (NOLCO), pension liability, allowance for ECL and minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) totaling to ₱128,883,003 and ₱141,657,418, respectively, because management assessed that it is likely



that future taxable profits will not be sufficient to realize the carry forward benefits of the NOLCO, pension liability, allowance for ECL and MCIT (see Note 16).

4. Cash

This account consists of:

	2022	2021
Cash on hand	₱389,649	₱559,802
Cash in banks (Note 17)	22,841,393	24,342,656
	₱23,231,042	₱24,902,458

Interest income earned on cash in banks amounted to ₱26,723, ₱19,894 and ₱54,745, gross of final tax, in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 17).

5. Financial Assets at FVPL

Below is the rollforward of financial assets at FVPL:

	2022	2021
At January 1	₱99,727,184	₱108,588,902
Withdrawals	(95,000,000)	(10,000,000)
Unrealized gain (Notes 13 and 17)	61,386	882,264
Realized gain (Notes 13 and 17)	345,022	256,018
At December 31	₱5,133,592	₱99,727,184

Financial assets at FVPL pertain to investments in Bank of the Philippine Islands (BPI) Money Market Fund (the Fund). The Fund, which is structured as a money market UITF, aims to generate liquidity and stable income by being invested in a diversified portfolio of primarily short-term fixed income instruments. It has no minimum holding period. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Club has 19,183 and 378,514 units with total Net Asset Value of ₱5,133,592 and ₱99,727,184, respectively.

The fair value of the Club's investment is determined by using the net asset value per unit, which is considered the market value per unit of an investment fund. The fair value measurement of the financial assets at FVPL is categorized under Level 1.

6. Accounts and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	2022	2021
Trade receivables – net	₱25,466,525	₱21,758,906
Receivables from employees	148,899	151,869
Other receivables	2,564,139	1,261,183
	₱28,179,563	₱23,171,958



Trade receivables pertain to unpaid membership dues, sale of food, beverages and merchandise from souvenir shop, charges for room accommodations and rental of water sports equipment. These are non-interest bearing and are due and demandable. The receivables from members are collateralized by a preferential lien on the Club shares owned by the said members.

The movement in allowance for ECL follows:

	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year	₱12,393,644	₱9,843,375
Provision (Note 14)	–	2,550,269
Balance at end of year	₱12,393,644	₱12,393,644

Receivables from employees are salary loans granted to the Club's employees. These are collected through salary deduction. Interest income earned from loans to employees amounted to ₱35,995, ₱42,704 and ₱37,691 in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Other receivables represent receivable and claims from/against service providers. These are non-interest bearing and are due to be settled within one year.

7. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2022	2021
At cost:		
Food and beverage	₱4,117,251	₱2,565,604
Merchandise	874,495	828,238
	₱4,991,746	₱3,393,842

Food and beverage consist of goods in the form of ingredients and supplies consumed in the production of food and beverages at the Club's cafes and bars.

The following table sets forth the cost of food and beverages recognized as cost of sales and cost of services (see Note 14):

	2022	2021	2020
Cost of sales	₱42,159,172	₱6,685,170	₱7,399,302
Cost of services	66,006	226,462	381,345
	₱42,225,178	₱6,911,632	₱7,780,647

Merchandise pertains to items for sale at the Club's shop. In 2022, 2021 and 2020 merchandise recognized as part of cost of sales and amounted to ₱595,552, ₱264,834 and ₱133,782, respectively (see Note 14).



8. Other Assets

Other current assets

Details of this account are as follows:

	2022	2021
Creditable withholding taxes	₱9,877,124	₱8,246,042
Supplies	5,427,693	5,159,438
Prepaid expenses	3,068,095	2,449,416
Deferred input VAT – current portion	2,105,220	664,562
Advances to suppliers	1,221,713	822,363
Input VAT	–	82,458
	₱21,699,845	₱17,424,279

Creditable withholding taxes are available for application against income tax payable in future periods.

Supplies include medical supplies, general storeroom, and china and crockery.

Prepaid expenses mainly include prepayments for maintenance, dues, taxes and licenses and insurance which will be amortized for three to 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

Advances to suppliers are advances made by the Club to vendors and applied against invoices from the vendor upon delivery of goods or services.

Deferred input VAT pertains to purchases for which the invoice is not yet paid.

Advances and other noncurrent assets

	2022	2021
Advances to suppliers	₱2,143,838	₱1,192,484
Deferred input VAT – noncurrent portion	1,280,382	2,829,962
	₱3,424,220	₱4,022,446

Deferred input VAT arising from purchases of capital goods before December 31, 2021 in which the aggregate amount exceeds ₱1,000,000.

Advances to suppliers pertain to payments intended for purchase of supplies and payment for services to be rendered. Advances to suppliers as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to ₱2,143,838 and ₱1,192,484, net of allowance amounting to ₱688,282. (see Note 14).



9. Property and Equipment

Below is the rollforward of this account:

	2022				Total
	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Project in Progress	
Cost					
At January 1	₱223,966,685	₱625,316,622	₱285,184,585	₱95,085	₱1,134,562,977
Additions	–	1,448,141	18,743,796	–	20,191,937
Reclassification	–	–	95,085	(95,085)	–
At December 31	223,966,685	626,764,763	304,023,466	–	1,154,754,914
Accumulated depreciation					
At January 1	114,577,649	210,419,667	267,266,974	–	592,264,290
Depreciation	8,942,667	18,685,854	9,724,149	–	37,352,670
At December 31	123,520,316	229,105,521	276,991,123	–	629,616,960
Net Book Value at December 31	₱100,446,369	₱397,659,242	₱27,032,343	–	₱525,137,954

	2021				Total
	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Project in Progress	
Cost					
Balances at beginning of year	₱223,966,685	₱624,203,922	₱284,082,673	₱–	₱1,132,253,280
Additions	–	1,112,700	1,101,912	95,085	2,309,697
Balances at end of year	223,966,685	625,316,622	285,184,585	95,085	1,134,562,977
Accumulated depreciation					
Balances at beginning of year	105,634,982	191,789,691	255,794,417	–	553,219,090
Depreciation	8,942,667	18,629,976	11,472,557	–	39,045,200
Balances at end of year	114,577,649	210,419,667	267,266,974	–	592,264,290
Net Book Value at December 31	₱109,389,036	₱414,896,955	₱17,917,611	₱95,085	₱542,298,687

The project in progress pertains to the renovation of the Club's kitchen and cafeteria.

The following table sets forth the allocation of depreciation expense (see Note 14):

	2022	2021	2020
Cost of services	₱18,184,745	₱19,108,940	₱20,472,277
Cost of sales	14,396,679	15,090,421	16,406,057
General and administrative expenses	4,771,246	4,845,839	5,025,444
	₱37,352,670	₱39,045,200	₱41,903,778

The total cost of the Club's fully depreciated property and equipment that are still in use as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to ₱249,831,931 and ₱235,473,359, respectively.

There were no disposals in 2022 and 2021. The Club disposed various property and equipment items with an aggregate cost amounting to ₱987,541 in 2020, and with carrying value amounting to ₱1,466 as of December 31, 2020. The proceeds from these disposals amounting to ₱95,249 resulted in gains amounting to ₱93,783 in 2020, presented under other income (see Note 13).



10. Accounts and Other Payables

	2022	2021
Trade payables	₱13,503,604	₱24,878,772
Accrued expenses:		
Payroll	7,425,904	3,210,735
Utilities	3,157,423	3,056,209
Professional fees	2,339,173	1,576,988
Contract services	2,142,098	2,752,098
Management fee	1,789,464	488,065
Repairs and maintenance	158,147	43,259
Others	1,551,858	720,541
Funds held for environmental activities	3,697,146	1,890,809
Taxes payable	2,475,456	913,269
Service charge payable	1,253,382	772,210
Vouchers payable	657,362	487,588
Due to employees	293,420	9,708
Other payables	950,401	554,246
	₱41,394,838	₱41,354,497

Trade payables represent operational costs incurred and amount due to suppliers for purchases of goods and services. These are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day credit terms.

Accrued expenses consist mainly of accruals for salaries and wages, and utilities which are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 to 60 days.

Funds held for environmental activities pertain to collections from members set aside for the environmental activities of the Club. These are utilized upon commencement of actual environmental activities.

Taxes payable represents withholding taxes from salaries and wages, expanded withholding taxes from purchases with suppliers and VAT payable. These are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within one year.

Service charge payable pertains to service charges due to employees on top of their regular salaries. These are non-interest bearing and are due to be settled within one year.

Vouchers payable pertains to net proceeds from auction of shares that will be used for paying incidental expenses related to transfer of shares' ownership.

Due to employees pertains to collections from members set aside for the employee welfare fund to be used for employees' trainings, seminars and events.

Other payables include reversal of liabilities due to stale checks and liabilities to government agencies, which are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within one year.



11. Equity

The details of the number of shares of the Club as at December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 follows:

	Stated Value	Authorized	Issued	Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital
Class A	₱1,000	3,468	3,468	₱3,468,000	₱-
Class B	1,000	1,950	1,950	1,950,000	437,755,102
Class C	1,000	500	500	500,000	112,244,898
Class D	401,415	702	702	281,793,330	-
Class E	401,415	180	180	72,254,725	-
		6,800	6,800	₱359,966,055	₱550,000,000

The details of the Club's registered capital stock with the SEC as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 follow:

	Number of Shares Registered	Issue Price	Date of Approval
Class B	1,950	₱1,000	June 23, 2005
Class C	500	1,000	June 23, 2005

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the total number of stockholders are 1,629 and 1,631, respectively.

Class A shares

Class A shares are issued to the original subscribers of the Club and shall have the status of Founders' Shares with all the rights and privileges ascribed to Founders' shares. Founder's shares are subjected to the rights and restrictions within a period of five years from date of incorporation: (a) has sole and exclusive right to nominate persons who shall serve as director of the Club; (b) are prohibited from selling or transferring founder's share to third persons; (c) usage right without the need for activation fee; and (d) application and qualification of its nominee for membership to the Club.

Class B shares

Each class B shares shall be entitled to one usage right which shall be exercised by the holder thereof or its nominee in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.

Holders of Class B shares shall not enjoy preemptive rights to subscribe to any or all original issues of Class A shares, Class D shares, and Class E shares of the Club.

Class C shares

Each Class C share shall be entitled to two usage rights which shall be exercised by its nominees in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.

Holders of Class C shares shall not enjoy preemptive rights to subscribe to any or all original issues of Class A shares, Class D shares, and Class E shares of the Club.

Class D shares

Each Class D share shall be entitled to one usage right which shall be exercised by the holder thereof or its nominee in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.



Class E shares

Each Class E share shall be entitled to two usage rights which shall be exercised by its nominees in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.

In view of the issuance of Founders' shares, the voting rights pertaining to the Class B, C, D and E shares shall be suspended for the period commencing from the date of incorporation of the Club up to and including the date prior to the fifth anniversary of such date of incorporation. On the fifth anniversary of the date of incorporation of the Club, the voting rights of all Class B, C, D and E shares shall be automatically reinstated and shall be equal in all respects to those of the holders of all the other classes of shares. The voting rights of Classes B and C were reinstated on June 2, 2010, following the expiration of the five-year voting right exclusivity given to Class A shares.

Shareholders shall only be entitled to a pro-rata share of the assets of the Club at the time of the dissolution or liquidation thereof.

Capital Management

The primary objectives of the Club's capital management policies are to afford the financial flexibility to support its business initiatives and to maximize stakeholder value. The Club manages its capital structure and make adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The Club considers equity, excluding remeasurement gain on pension liability, as its capital as follows:

	2022	2021
Paid-in capital	₱359,966,055	₱359,966,055
Additional paid-in capital	550,000,000	550,000,000
Deficit	(251,613,754)	(270,663,335)
	₱658,352,301	₱639,302,720

The Club is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

12. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Disaggregated Revenue Information

The table shows the disaggregation of revenues of the Club by major sources:

	2022	2021	2020
Sale of goods:			
Food and beverages	₱119,615,697	₱19,249,565	₱18,431,607
Merchandise	2,326,796	855,037	518,743
Service income:			
Room accommodation	53,429,978	8,281,444	12,391,234
Guest fees	16,930,166	2,079,289	3,936,122
Use of water sports equipment	6,314,543	1,153,017	1,270,710
Spa and massage revenue	6,248,934	258,045	1,424,665
Membership dues	64,845,000	62,415,000	62,265,000
Transfer fees	12,357,143	12,379,464	5,580,357
	₱282,068,257	₱106,670,861	₱105,818,438



Timing of Revenue Recognition

The Club has recognized revenues earned over time amounting to ₱147,768,621 and ₱74,186,795 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Revenues recognized from sale of goods and transfer fees earned at a point in time amounted to ₱134,299,636 and ₱32,484,066 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Contract Balances

As of December 31, contract balances are as follows:

	2022	2021
Trade receivables (Note 6)	₱25,466,525	₱21,758,906
Contract liabilities	20,792,739	23,238,240

The Club identified unearned membership dues as contract liabilities as at December 31, 2022 and 2021. These represent payments received from members in who usually settle their dues annually. Contract liabilities also include advances received for membership dues, consumables and booked functions and events.

The movements in the contract liabilities are as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year	₱23,238,240	₱14,192,262
Additions	104,257,541	57,327,006
Recognized as revenue	(106,703,042)	(48,281,028)
Balance at end of year	₱20,792,739	₱23,238,240

13. Miscellaneous Income

Miscellaneous income consists of:

	2022	2021	2020
Consultancy fees (Note 17)	₱4,800,000	₱3,825,735	₱4,111,100
Surcharge revenue	2,584,333	1,732,929	328,832
Realized gain on financial asset at FVPL (Note 5)	345,022	256,018	-
Unrealized gain on financial assets at FVPL (Note 5)	61,386	882,264	2,572,907
Reversal of property insurance accrual	-	12,230,786	-
Gain on disposal of property and equipment (Note 9)	-	-	93,783
Others	3,747,951	3,580,133	4,119,423
	₱11,538,692	₱22,507,865	₱11,226,045

Surcharge revenue arises from charges imposed to members with outstanding balance for more than 30 days.

Others include corkage fees and sale of scrap items.



14. Costs and Expenses

Cost of sales consists of:

	2022	2021	2020
Food and beverages (Note 7)	₱42,159,172	₱6,685,170	₱7,399,302
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	32,184,106	13,744,492	14,773,139
Depreciation (Note 9)	14,396,679	15,090,421	16,406,057
Heat, light and water	10,747,967	4,114,583	5,092,955
Cleaning and other supplies	3,492,743	873,197	890,913
Transportation	701,033	254,856	176,087
Merchandise (Note 7)	595,552	264,834	133,782
Office supplies	431,105	89,609	101,094
Communication	315,573	229,061	444,614
Equipment rental	117,608	89,389	325,717
Others	2,782,495	1,007,126	745,482
	₱107,924,033	₱42,442,738	₱46,489,142

Others include costs incurred for the Club's hygiene supplies and medical expenses.

Cost of services consists of:

	2022	2021	2020
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	₱24,347,192	₱12,056,118	₱12,863,293
Depreciation (Note 9)	18,184,745	19,108,940	20,472,277
Heat, light and water	9,328,826	3,637,970	3,351,867
Cleaning and other supplies	4,354,062	1,763,161	1,251,222
Contract services	3,596,315	130,335	763,029
Communications	2,774,058	2,978,978	2,445,532
Recreational supplies	2,647,143	102,247	371,757
Repairs and maintenance	1,533,670	2,291,799	2,809,118
Laundry	1,428,160	259,827	623,075
Transportation	904,244	320,736	203,718
Office supplies	561,905	197,808	293,226
Representation	66,203	13,172	53,870
Food and beverages (Note 7)	66,006	226,462	381,345
Others	4,246,755	3,368,305	2,452,993
	₱74,039,284	₱46,455,858	₱48,336,322

Others include costs incurred for the Club's repairs and maintenance, recreational and laundry expenses.



General and administrative expenses consist of:

	2022	2021	2020
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	₱30,369,944	₱20,149,991	₱18,771,342
Heat, light and water	14,468,868	10,251,397	9,393,750
Security	7,556,587	5,146,094	6,658,480
Management fees (Note 17)	5,464,818	3,829,732	3,187,332
Depreciation (Note 9)	4,771,246	4,845,839	5,025,444
Repairs and maintenance	4,592,298	2,219,829	2,218,481
Collection charges	4,388,006	1,581,609	1,527,920
Corporate expense	3,775,952	2,559,330	2,311,393
Professional fees	3,441,501	4,296,903	2,997,899
Contract services	3,010,166	3,151,650	2,870,376
Taxes and licenses	2,630,115	4,361,782	3,689,456
Transportation	2,819,893	1,191,983	701,411
Insurance	2,248,286	1,936,018	2,339,192
Communication	567,229	492,492	468,170
Office supplies	563,644	354,048	380,369
Cleaning and other supplies	313,472	159,622	269,531
Representation	83,764	162,423	132,751
Provision for ECL (Note 6)	—	2,550,269	9,843,375
Provision on advances (Note 8)	—	688,282	—
Others	4,041,337	868,468	3,215,475
	₱95,107,126	₱70,797,761	₱76,002,147

Others include costs incurred for the Club's laundry supplies, hygiene supplies and IT expenses.

15. Pension Cost

The Club engaged an independent actuary to calculate the amount of retirement benefit obligation based on the provisions of PAS 19, *Employee Benefits*. The Club's liability for retirement benefits is based solely on the requirements under Republic Act No. 7641, otherwise known as The Philippine Retirement Pay Law of the Philippines, as the Club does not have a formal retirement plan. The latest valuation report of the retirement plan was made as at December 31, 2022.

The following tables summarize the components of pension expenses recognized in the statements of comprehensive income and the liability amounts recognized in the statements of financial position.

The components of pension expense (included in cost of sales, cost of services and general and administrative expenses under salaries, wages and employee benefits) in Note 14 to the financial statements follow:

	2022	2021	2020
Current service cost	₱1,559,744	₱1,685,100	₱1,409,500
Interest cost	501,218	504,500	582,300
Total retirement expense	₱2,060,962	₱2,189,600	₱1,991,800



The remeasurement effects recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) follow:

	2022	2021	2020
Actuarial gain (loss) due to:			
Changes in demographic assumptions	₱2,189,038	₱3,379,900	₱753,000
Experience adjustment	(281,091)	1,889,900	(2,094,100)
	1,907,947	5,269,800	(1,341,100)
Income tax effect	(535,893)	(1,317,450)	402,330
Remeasurement gain (loss) in OCI	₱1,372,054	₱3,952,350	(₱938,770)

Cumulative remeasurement effect recognized in OCI included in equity under remeasurement gain (loss) on pension liability in the statements of financial position:

	2022	2021
Balances at beginning of year	₱4,091,672	(₱1,178,128)
Remeasurement gain on defined benefit obligation	1,907,947	5,269,800
	5,999,619	4,091,672
Income tax effect on actuarial gain	(1,499,905)	(964,012)
Total amount recognized in OCI at end of year	₱4,499,714	₱3,127,660

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance at January 1	₱10,024,350	₱13,950,550
Current service cost	1,559,744	1,685,100
Interest cost	501,218	504,500
Benefits paid directly by the Club	-	(846,000)
Remeasurement gain	(1,907,947)	(5,269,800)
Balance at December 31	₱10,177,365	₱10,024,350

The cost of defined benefits pension plans and other post-employment benefits as well as the present value of defined benefits obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate and future salary increases. The principal assumptions used in determining pension and post-employment benefits obligations for the defined benefit plans are as follows:

	2022	2021
Discount rate	7.30%	5.00%
Salary increase rate	7.00%	7.00%



The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of each significant assumption on the DBO as of the end of the reporting period, assuming if all other assumptions were held constant:

	Increase (Decrease) in rates	Effect on DBO	
		2022	2021
Discount rate	+1.0%	(₱737,257)	(₱1,452,944)
	-1.0%	856,402	1,725,558
Salary rate	+1.0%	₱815,994	₱1,647,668
	-1.0%	(718,038)	(1,421,488)

The defined benefits obligation typically exposes the Club to a number of risks such as interest rate risk, longevity and salary risk.

Interest rate risk

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement liability. An increase in government bond yields will decrease the defined benefit obligation. Hence, the present value of defined benefit obligation is directly affected by the discount rate to be applied by the Club.

Longevity and Salary Risks

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the best estimates of: (1) the mortality of the plan participants, and (2) the future salaries of the plan participants. Consequently, increases in life expectancy and salary of the plan participants will result in an increase in the defined benefit obligation.

Shown below is the maturity analysis of the DBO based on undiscounted benefit payments as at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Year 2 to 5	₱7,561,291	₱2,419,100
Year 6 to 10	2,703,021	6,535,300
Total	₱10,264,312	₱8,954,400

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13.00 years and 11.56 years as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

16. Income Tax

“Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises Act” or “CREATE” Act

President Rodrigo Duterte signed into law on March 26, 2021 the CREATE Act to attract more investments and maintain fiscal prudence and stability in the Philippines. RA 11534 or the CREATE Act introduces reforms to the corporate income tax and incentives systems. It takes effect 15 days after its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation or April 11, 2021.



Pursuant to the CREATE Act, the Club has adopted the following changes effective July 1, 2020:

- Regular corporate income tax (RCIT) rate is reduced from 30% to 25%
- MCIT rate reduced from 2% to 1% of gross income effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.

Provision for current income tax pertaining to MCIT follows:

	2022	2021	2020
Current	₱686,666	₱–	₱–
Final tax	5,345	3,979	10,949
	₱692,011	₱3,979	₱10,949

The reconciliation of the provision for income tax computed using the statutory income tax rate to the provision for income tax shown in profit or loss follows:

	2022	2021	2020
Provision for (benefit from)			
income tax at statutory			
income tax rate (25% in 2022			
and 2021, 30% in 2020)	₱4,935,398	(₱7,613,758)	(₱15,981,747)
Tax effects of:			
Nontaxable membership dues	(5,657,624)	(4,066,628)	(4,237,727)
Expired NOLCO and MCIT	4,774,224	2,437,878	7,116,535
Changes in unrecognized			
deferred tax assets	(3,358,651)	9,059,428	13,119,362
Interest income subjected to			
final tax	(1,336)	(995)	(5,474)
Effect of change in tax rate	–	188,054	–
Provision for income tax	₱692,011	₱3,979	₱10,949

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be used or when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences. The Club assesses the unrecognized deferred tax assets and will recognize a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

The Club has deductible temporary differences, NOLCO and MCIT, for which no deferred tax assets were recognized follows:

	2022	2021	2020
NOLCO	₱98,504,178	₱113,119,491	₱75,567,271
Pension liability	16,610,233	14,549,271	12,359,671
Allowance for ECL (Note 6)	12,393,644	12,393,644	9,843,375
Provision on advances (Note 8)	688,282	688,282	–
MCIT	686,666	906,730	2,404,341
	₱128,883,003	₱141,657,418	₱100,174,658



On September 30, 2020, the BIR issued Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020 implementing Section 4(bbbb) of “Bayanihan to Recover as One Act” which states that the NOLCO incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 can be carried over and claimed as a deduction from gross income for the next five consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.

As of December 31, 2022 the Club has incurred NOLCO before taxable year 2020 which can be claimed as deduction from the regular taxable income for the next three consecutive taxable years, as follows:

Year Incurred	Amount	Expired	Balance	Expiry Year
2019	₱15,469,976	₱15,469,976	₱-	2022
2022	854,663	-	854,663	2025
	₱16,324,639	₱15,469,976	₱854,663	

As of December 31, 2022, the Club has incurred NOLCO in taxable years 2022 and 2021 which can be claimed as deduction from the regular taxable income for the next five consecutive taxable years pursuant to the Bayanihan to Recover As One Act, as follows:

Year Incurred	Amount	Expired	Balance	Expiry Year
2020	₱56,336,226	₱-	₱56,336,226	2025
2021	41,313,289	-	41,313,289	2026
	₱97,649,515	₱-	₱97,649,515	

The excess of MCIT against RCIT follows:

Year Incurred	Amount	Expired	Balance	Expiry Year
2019	₱906,730	₱906,730	₱-	2022
2022	686,666	-	686,666	2025
	₱1,593,396	₱906,730	₱686,666	

As at December 31, 2022, the Club’s deferred tax liability from remeasurement gain on pension liability amounted to ₱1,499,905 and 964,012 respectively.(see Note 15).

In 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Club did not avail the optional standard deduction.

17. Related Party Transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Club, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries, are related parties of the Club. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Club that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Club and close members of the family of these individuals, and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related entity relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely the legal form.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

The Club, in the normal course of business, entered into transactions with related parties consisting primarily of the construction of the Club’s leisure and recreational facilities, and charges for the use of the Club’s facilities and services. Transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to



those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled in cash.

The transactions and balances of accounts with related parties follow:

a. Outstanding balances owed by related parties:

	2022		2021		Terms	Conditions
	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance		
Immediate parent company						
ALI (Trade)	₱566,603	₱2,016,109	₱1,025,973	₱2,126,503	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Professional Fees)	676,977	–	–	–	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Loans)	130,000,000	–	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Interest) (Note 19)	371,752	–	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Entities under common control						
Avida Land (Loans)	130,000,000	–	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Avida Land (Interest) (Note 19)	1,545,975	–	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Amaia Land (Loans)	175,000,000	87,500,000	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Amaia Land (Interest) (Note 19)	691,283	575,364	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI Commercial Center (Loans)	85,000,000	42,500,000	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI Commercial Center (Interest) (Note 19)	394,221	387,264	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Alveo Land (Loans)	68,000,000	–	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Alveo Land (Interest) (Note 19)	139,137	–	–	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
ACGSCI Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	50,702,793	19,106,358	21,345,978	8,612,520	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Ayalaland Management Corporation Inc (ACMI)	9,911	9,911	26,673	–	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
	5,855	5,855	–	–	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
	₱152,100,861		₱10,739,023			

The Club in the ordinary course of business, has entered into transactions with these related parties which consists mainly of the following:

- Receivables from ALI includes loans, unsecured non-interest bearing charges and unpaid membership dues from ALI nominees. Loan to ALI has 48-day term subject to interest rate of 2.57% .
- Transactions with Avida Land pertains to loans which has 22 to 30 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 2.28% to 4.78%.
- Receivables from Amaia Land pertains to loans which has 30 to 40 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 5.58% to 6.45%.
- Receivables from ALI Commercial Center pertains to loans which has 40 to 42 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 5.58% to 6.25%.



- Receivables from Alveo Land pertains to loans which has 15 days term subject to interest rate 5.58%.
- Receivable from ACGSCI pertains to charges incurred by ACGSCI members and guests on the use of the Club's facilities and availment of its services and inventory transfers. It also includes fees received in the amount of ₱4,800,000, ₱3,825,735, and ₱4,111,100 for consultancy services rendered to ACGSCI in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 13).
- Receivables from MDC are related to meals and diesel charges incurred by employees of MDC in the Club during the mandatory lockdown period.
- Receivables from APMC are unsecured non-interest bearing charges from consumption of the Club's fuel and other costs incurred from availment of services of the Club.

b. Outstanding balances owed to related parties:

	2022		2021		Terms	Conditions
	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance		
Entities under common control						
ALI	₱27,833,142	₱15,669,114	₱508,107	₱-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
ACMI (a)	4,736,843	924,821	3,829,732	3,829,732	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
ACMI (b)	3,584,356	1,355,851	2,441,628	2,346,081	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
MDC	1,910,166	2,139,386	-	-		
ACGSCI	14,562,297	6,424,046	4,092,036	1,492,585	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Associates of Ayala Corporation (AC)						
Globe Telecom Inc.	165,902	13,785	-	-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Innovate Communications, Inc.	2,653,352	277,296	-	-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Manila Water Philippine Venture, Inc.	2,108,877	377,662	-	-	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
	₱27,181,961			₱7,668,398		

The Club in the ordinary course of business, has entered transactions with these related parties which consists mainly of the following:

- Amount owed to ALI pertains to costs incurred for property insurance recorded as part of insurance in general and administrative expenses.
- Payable to ACMI pertains to the following:
 - (a) Management fees, as agreed upon, include basic management fee amounting to ₱100,000 per month with an escalation clause of 7.50% per annum and incentive fee equivalent to 3.00% of gross operating profit per month included as part of total management fees in general and administrative expense. Total management fees amounted to ₱5,464,818, ₱3,829,732, and ₱3,187,332 in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
 - (b) System cost at a monthly fixed amount of ₱223,816 and ₱203,469 in 2022 and 2021, respectively, included as part of corporate expenses in general and administrative expenses.



- Payable to ACGSCI pertains to charges incurred by Club members in ACGSCI and inventory transfers.
- Payable to Globe consists of cost incurred for the prepaid mobile line and text blast communication to all members as billed by Amber.
- Payable to Innove consists of cost incurred for the trunk line and direct internet of the club.
- Payable to Manila Water consists of cost of water utilities incurred by the club.

The amounts receivable from and payable to related parties are not offset since they differ in nature and are billed and paid separately rather than settled on a net basis.

Transactions with BPI

The Club maintains the transactions below with BPI (an associate of AC):

	2022			2021		
	Balance	Income Earned	Realized and unrealized gain	Balance	Income Earned	Realized and unrealized gain
Cash in banks (Note 4)	₱22,841,393	₱26,723	₱-	₱24,342,656	₱19,894	₱-
Financial assets at FVPL (Note 5)	5,133,592	-	406,408	99,727,184	-	1,138,282
	₱27,974,985	₱26,723	₱406,408	₱124,069,840	₱19,894	₱1,138,282

Compensation of key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Club are employees of ALI. The compensation of the said employees is paid by ALI and as such, the disclosures required under PAS 24, *Related Party Disclosures*, are included in ALI's financial statements.

18. Financial Instruments

Fair Value Information

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Cash, accounts and other receivables, receivables from related parties, accounts and other payables, and payables to related parties – Carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these accounts.

Financial assets at FVPL – These are investments in UITF. Fair value is based on net asset values as at each reporting date.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Club classified financial assets at FVPL under Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy (see Note 5).

There have been no transfers between different categories.

Financial Instruments Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Club's principal financial instruments comprise of cash, financial assets at FVPL, accounts and other receivables, receivables from related parties, accounts and other payables, and payables to related parties. The main purpose of the Club's financial instruments is to fund operational and capital expenditures.



The Club's financing and treasury function operates as a centralized service for managing financial risks and activities as well as providing optimum investment yield and cost-efficient funding for the Club.

The main risks arising from the use of financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. The management reviews and approves the policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

The Club's maximum exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is the carrying amounts of the financial assets. The Club's maximum exposure for cash excludes the carrying amount of cash on hand. The table below shows the maximum credit risk exposure of the Club:

	2022	2021
Cash in banks	₱22,841,393	₱24,342,656
Financial assets at FVPL	5,133,592	99,727,184
Accounts and other receivables		
Trade receivables	37,860,169	34,152,550
Receivable from employees	148,899	151,869
Others	2,564,139	1,261,183
Receivables from related parties	152,100,861	10,739,023
	₱220,649,053	₱170,374,465

Impairment of financial assets

The Club's financial assets that are subject to the ECL model consists of cash in banks, accounts and other receivables, and receivables from related parties.

Cash in banks and financial assets at FVPL

The investment of the Club's cash resource is managed so as to minimize risk while seeking to enhance yield. Credit risk management involves entering into financial instruments only with counterparties with acceptable credit standing. The Club transacts only with bank which have demonstrated financial soundness for the past five years.

Receivables from related parties

The Club applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Club does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Club has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Identified impairment losses for cash in banks and due from related parties are immaterial.

Accounts and other receivables

The Club is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, primarily on its trade receivables. To manage credit risks, the Club maintains defined credit policies and monitors its exposure to credit risks on a continuous basis.

The Club's trade receivables generally pertain to membership dues and club charges. The Club bills and collects from members on a monthly basis. It is the Club's policy to impose surcharge fees on



members for any delinquency in payment. Once an account is tagged as delinquent, appropriate actions are taken by the Club such as prohibition of the use of Club's facilities and services. The Club assesses long-outstanding member's receivable account periodically as to future collectability. Club shares of members with long-outstanding balances are placed to public auction for bidding at the management's own terms and minimum pricing to ensure that outstanding balances are delinquent members are recovered.

The Club defines a financial asset as in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Club may also consider a receivable to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Club is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Club.

Below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Club's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

December 31, 2022

	Current	< 30 days	< 90 days	Over 90 but < 360 days	Over 360 days	Credit impaired	Total
ECL rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount of accounts receivable	₱13,442,756	₱3,080,225	₱2,146,397	₱2,209,501	₱4,587,646	₱12,393,644	₱37,860,169
ECL	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱12,393,644	₱12,393,644

December 31, 2021

	Current	< 30 days	< 90 days	Over 90 but < 360 days	Over 360 days	Credit impaired	Total
ECL rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount of accounts receivable	₱5,226,165	₱1,886,058	₱735,789	₱2,661,650	₱11,249,244	₱12,393,644	₱34,152,550
ECL	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱12,393,644	₱12,393,644

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined by the Club as the risk of losses arising from funding difficulties due to deterioration in market conditions and/or the financial position of the Club that make it difficult for the Club to raise the necessary funds. This may result from either the inability to sell financial assets quickly at their fair values; or a counterparty failing on repayment of a contractual obligation; or the inability to generate cash inflows as anticipated.

The Club employs scenario analysis and contingency planning to actively manage its liquidity position and guarantee that all operating, investing and financing needs are met. The Club applies a prudent approach to liquidity through the prudent management of cash.



The tables below summarize the aging analysis and maturity profile of the Club's financial assets and financial liabilities, respectively, based on undiscounted contractual cash flows:

	2022				Total
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	More than 1 year	
Financial Assets					
Cash	₱23,231,042	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱23,231,042
Financial assets at FVPL	5,133,592	-	-	-	5,133,592
Accounts and other receivables					
Trade receivables	13,442,756	4,355,299	3,080,824	4,587,646	25,466,525
Receivables from employees	148,899	-	-	-	148,899
Other receivables	2,564,139	-	-	-	2,564,139
Receivables from related parties	152,100,861	-	-	-	152,100,861
	₱196,621,289	₱4,355,299	₱3,080,824	₱4,587,646	₱208,645,058
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts and other payables					
Trade payables	₱13,503,604	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱13,503,604
Accrued expenses	-	18,564,067	-	-	18,564,067
Funds held for environmental activities	3,697,146	-	-	-	3,697,146
Service charge payable	-	1,253,382	-	-	1,253,382
Vouchers payable	657,362	-	-	-	657,362
Due to employees	-	293,420	-	-	293,420
Other payables*	681,099	-	-	-	681,099
Contract liabilities	-	20,792,739	-	-	20,792,739
Payables to related parties	27,181,961	-	-	-	27,181,961
	₱45,721,172	₱40,903,608	₱-	₱-	₱86,624,780
Liquidity Position (Gap)	₱150,900,117	(₱36,548,309)	₱3,080,824	₱4,587,646	₱122,020,278

*Excluding statutory liabilities amounting to ₱2,774,758

	2021				Total
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	More than 1 year	
Financial Assets					
Cash	₱24,902,458	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱24,902,458
Financial assets at FVPL	99,727,184	-	-	-	99,727,184
Accounts and other receivables					
Trade receivables	5,226,163	2,374,529	2,908,969	11,249,245	21,758,906
Receivables from employees	151,869	-	-	-	151,869
Other receivables	1,261,183	-	-	-	1,261,183
Receivables from related parties	10,739,023	-	-	-	10,739,023
	₱142,007,880	₱2,374,529	₱2,908,969	₱11,249,245	₱158,540,623
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts and other payables					
Trade payables	₱24,878,772	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱24,878,772
Accrued expenses	-	11,847,895	-	-	11,847,895
Funds held for environmental activities	1,890,809	-	-	-	1,890,809
Service charge payable	-	772,210	-	-	772,210
Vouchers payable	487,588	-	-	-	487,588
Due to employees	-	9,708	-	-	9,708
Other payables*	340,998	-	-	-	340,998
Contract liabilities	-	23,238,240	-	-	23,238,240
Payables to related parties	7,668,398	-	-	-	7,668,398
	₱35,266,565	₱35,868,053	₱-	₱-	₱71,134,618
Liquidity Position (Gap)	₱106,741,315	(₱33,493,524)	₱2,908,969	₱11,249,245	₱87,406,005

*Excluding statutory liabilities amounting to ₱1,126,517



19. Supplementary Note to the Statements of Cash Flows

In 2022, loan amounting to ₱130,000,000 was initially lent to ALI, which has a 48-day term subject to interest rate of 2.57%. The loan was collected in 2022 and earned interest income amounting to ₱371,752 in 2022.

As agreed with ALI, the funds were subsequently transferred to the following subsidiaries for intercompany lending.

- Transactions with Avida Land pertains to loans which has 22 to 30 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 2.28% to 4.78%. The loan amounting to ₱130,000,000 was collected in 2022 and earned an interest income amounting to ₱1,545,975.
- Transactions with Alveo Land pertains to loans which has 15 days term subject to interest rate 5.58%. The loan amounting to ₱68,000,000 was collected in 2022 and earned an interest income amounting to ₱139,137 in 2022.
- Transactions with Amaia Land pertains to loans which has 30 to 40 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 5.58% to 6.45%. The loan amounted to ₱87,500,000 and earned an interest income amounting to ₱691,283 in 2022.
- Receivables from ALI Commercial Center pertains to loans which has 40 to 42 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 5.58% to 6.25%. The loan amounted to ₱42,500,000 and earned an interest income amounting to ₱394,221 in 2022.

In 2019, as agreed with ALI, loans to Avida were transferred to ALI and CHI amounting to ₱94,000,000 and ₱10,000,000, respectively. These loans were subsequently collected in 2020.

Loan to ALI has a 48-day term subject to interest rate of 4.32%. Total amount of interest income from the loan recognized in 2020 amounted to ₱378,098.

Loan to CHI has a 62-day term subject to interest rate of 4.46%. Interest income earned from the loan amounted to ₱40,104 in 2020.

20. Other Matters

The Club is currently involved in a legal proceeding. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Club's management, in consultation with its legal counsel, believes that the outcome of these legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Club's financial position or operating results. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates or in the effectiveness of the strategies relating to these proceedings. The information usually required by PAS 37, *Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, is not disclosed as it may prejudice the outcome of the ongoing legal proceeding.



21. Supplementary Tax Information Required Under Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 15-2010

In compliance with the requirements set forth by RR No. 15-2010, hereunder are the information on taxes, duties and license fees paid or accrued during the taxable year.

Details of the Club's net sales/receipts, output VAT and input VAT accounts are as follows:

VAT

Net Sales/Receipt and Output VAT declared in the Club's VAT returns for the year 2022:

	Net Sales/ Receipts	Output VAT
<u>Taxable sales:</u>		
Sale of services	143,056,517	17,166,782
Sale of goods	102,905,331	12,348,640
	<u>₱245,961,848</u>	<u>₱29,515,422</u>

Sale of services subject to VAT pertains to gross receipts/collections on revenues from room accommodation, guest fees, spa services and rental of recreational equipment.

On the other hand, sale of goods pertains to gross receipts/collections on revenues from sale of food, beverage and merchandise in the Club's restaurants and shop.

The Club has exempt sales amounting to ₱64,845,000 pursuant to SC Ruling G.R. No. 228539 [*Association of Non-Profit Clubs, Inc. (ANCP) vs. Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR)*] dated August 13, 2019.

The amount of VAT input taxes claimed are broken down as follows:

Balance at beginning of year	₱-
Input tax carried over	2,829,962
Current year's domestic purchases of:	
I. Goods for resale or further processing	6,321,447
II. Capital goods not subject to amortization	2,164,906
III. Services lodged under other accounts	5,467,855
Total input VAT available	16,784,170
Less input tax on capital goods subject to amortization, deferred for the succeeding period	1,280,382
Less input tax allocable to exempt sales	2,829,748
Total input tax claimed during the current year	12,674,040
Less claims against output VAT	(12,674,040)
Balance at end of year	₱-

Documentary Stamp Tax

There was no documentary stamp tax paid or due to the BIR in 2022.



Other Taxes and Licenses

This includes all other taxes, local and national, included under the taxes and licenses account under general and administrative expenses. Details of other taxes and licenses in 2022 follow:

<i>Local</i>	
Real property taxes	₱1,800,618
Licenses and permits	818,497
Community tax certificate	10,500
	<hr/>
	2,629,615
<i>National</i>	
BIR annual registration fee	500
	<hr/>
	₱2,630,115
	<hr/> <hr/>

Withholding Taxes

Details of withholding taxes in 2022 follows:

	Paid	Accrued	Total
Expanded withholding taxes	₱3,390,177	₱195,196	₱3,585,373
Withholding taxes on compensation and benefits	4,490,611	–	4,490,611
Final withholding taxes	5,345	–	5,345
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	₱7,886,133	₱195,196	₱8,081,329
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Tax Contingencies

The Club has currently no deficiency tax assessments, whether protested or not and has not received any final assessment notice and/or formal letter of demand from the BIR as of December 31, 2022.

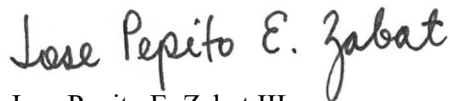


INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors
Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.
Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (the Club) as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 2, 2023. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary schedules required under Annex 68-J of the Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 68 are the responsibility of the Club's management. These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised SRC Rule 68 and are not part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state in all material respects, the financial information required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.



Jose Pepito E. Zabat III
Partner

CPA Certificate No. 85501

Tax Identification No. 102-100-830

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024

SEC Partner Accreditation No. 85501-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2020 to 2024 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

SEC Firm Accreditation No. 0001-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2021 to 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-060-2020, December 3, 2020, valid until December 2, 2023

PTR No. 9566022, January 3, 2023, Makati City

March 2, 2023



ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES REQUIRED UNDER ANNEX 68-J
OF THE REVISED SRC RULE 68
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

Schedule A. Financial Assets

Name of issuing entity and association of each issue	Amount shown in the statements of financial position	Income received and accrued	Unrealized gain on financial asset at FVPL
Loans and Receivables			
A. Cash in banks			
Bank of the Philippine Islands (BPI)	₱22,841,393	₱26,723	₱-
B. Financial assets at FVPL	5,133,592	-	61,386
C. Accounts and other receivables			
Trade receivables	25,466,525	-	-
Receivable from employees	148,899	-	-
Other receivables	2,564,139	35,995	-
D. Receivables from related parties	152,100,861	3,142,368	-
	₱208,255,409	₱3,205,086	₱61,386

Schedule B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)

Name and designation of debtor	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Deductions		Current	Not current	Balance at end of period
			Amounts collected	Amounts written off			
Employees	₱151,869	₱485,619	₱488,589	₱-	₱148,899	₱-	₱148,899

Schedule C. Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are eliminated during consolidation of Financial Statements

Name and designation of debtor	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Deductions		Current	Not current	Balance at end of period
			Amounts collected	Amounts written off			
Not applicable							

Schedule D. Long-term Debt

Title of issue and type of obligation	Amount authorized by indenture	Amount shown under caption "Current portion of long-term debt" in related statements of financial position	Amount shown under "Long-Term Debt" in related statements of financial position
Not applicable			

Schedule E. Indebtedness to Related Parties (Long-term Loans from Related Companies)

Name of related party	Balance at beginning of period	Balance at end of period
Not applicable		

Schedule F. Guarantees of Securities Other Issuers

Name of issuing entity of securities guaranteed by the Club for which this statement is filed	Title of issue of each class of securities guaranteed	Total amount guaranteed and outstanding	Amount owned by person for which statement is filed	Nature of guarantee
Not applicable				

Schedule G. Capital Stock

Title of issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding at shown under related statements of financial position caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion and other rights	Number of shares held by related parties	Directors, officers and employees	Others
Common Stock:						
Class A	3,468	3,468	N/A	3,250	11	207
Class B	1,950	1,950	N/A	431	–	1,519
Class C	500	500	N/A	352	–	148
Class D	702	702	N/A	702	–	–
Class E	180	180	N/A	180	–	–
Total	6,800	6,800		4,915	11	1,874

COVER SHEET

SEC Registration Number

C	S	2	0	0	5	0	2	3	3	2
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COMPANY NAME

A	N	V	A	Y	A	C	O	V	E	B	E	A	C	H	A	N	D	N	A	T	U	R	E	C	
L	U	B	,	I	N	C	.	(A	N	O	T	-	F	O	R	-	P	R	O	F	I	T	C	O
r	p	o	r	a	t	i	o	n)																

PRINCIPAL OFFICE (No. / Street / Barangay / City / Town / Province)

A	n	v	a	y	a	C	o	v	e	,	M	o	r	o	n	g	,	B	a	t	a	a	n	

Form Type
1 7 Q

Department requiring the report
S E C

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company's Email Address financedept@anvayacove.com	Company's Telephone Number 7793-9000	Mobile Number N/A
No. of Stockholders 1,629	Annual Meeting (Month / Day) 	Fiscal Year (Month / Day) 03/31/2023

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION

The designated contact person **MUST** be an Officer of the Corporation

Name of Contact Person Mr. Neal C. Perez	Email Address perez.neal@anvayacove.com	Telephone Number/s 7793-9000	Mobile Number 0917-804-4462
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CONTACT PERSON'S ADDRESS

Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Morong, Bataan

NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended : March 31, 2023
2. Commission Identification No. : C200502332
3. BIR Tax Identification No. : 005-862-442
4. Exact name of issuer
as specified in its charter : ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
5. Province, country or other
jurisdiction of incorporation
or organization : MORONG, BATAAN, PHILIPPINES
6. Industry Classification Code : (SEC Use Only)
7. Address of issuer's principal office: ANVAYA COVE
MORONG
BATAAN
2108 PHILIPPINES
8. Issuer's telephone number,
including area code : 7793-9000 Local 3000
9. Former name, former address
former fiscal year, if change
since last report : NOT APPLICABLE
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC; or Sections 4 and 8 of the
RSA

Title of each Class	No. of shares of Common Stock Outstanding
Common-Class B	1,950
Common-Class C	500
Total	2,450

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [] No []

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

N/A

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 there under or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 there under, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [] No []

13. State the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant. The aggregate market value shall be computed by reference to the price at which the stock was sold, or the average bid and asked prices of such stock, as of a specified date within sixty (60) days prior to the date of filing. If a determination as to whether a particular person or entity is an affiliate cannot be made without involving unreasonable effort and expense, the aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates may be calculated on the basis of assumptions reasonable under the circumstances, provided the assumptions are set forth in this Form.

Class B Common Shares - Php 1,100,000.00

Class C Common Shares - Php 1,400,000.00

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The unaudited financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and for the three-month ended March 2022 and the audited balance sheet as of December 31, 2022 and the related notes to unaudited financial statements of Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (referred to as “the Club”) are filed as part of this Form 17-Q as Appendix I.

There are no other material events subsequent to the end of this interim period that had not been reflected in the unaudited financial statements filed as part of this report.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Result of Operations

For the 1st Quarter 2023

Total Club Revenues for the period ended March 31, 2023 registered at ₱73.59 million, a significant increase of 18.04% compared to same period last year.

- Sale of Goods decreased by ₱0.11 million, from same period last year of ₱30.72 million to ₱30.61 million (41.60% of Total Revenue).
- Service Income registered at ₱23.81 million (32.36% of Total Revenue), higher by ₱11.92 million compared to the same period of prior year amounted to ₱11.89 million.
- Membership Dues recorded at ₱16.44 million (22.34% of the Total Revenue) higher by 3.44% or ₱0.55 million compared to the same period in 2022.
- Transfer Fees amounted to ₱2.73 million (3.71% of the Total Revenue), 28.87% lower than the ₱3.83 million fees recorded in the same period of 2022.

Total Cost and Expenses increased by 36.44% or ₱19.90 million, from ₱54.60 million in the same period last year to ₱74.50 million this year.

- Cost of Sales increased to ₱29.17 million (39.16% of the Total Cost and Expenses), ₱8.95 million or 44.23% higher compared to the same period of last year.
- Cost of Services increased to ₱19.97 million (26.81% of the Total Cost and Expenses), ₱5.22 million or 35.40% higher than the same period of 2022.
- General and Administrative Expenses recorded an increase of 29.21% or ₱5.73 million. From ₱19.62 million of prior period to ₱25.35 million.

Other Income recorded at ₱8.14 million (11.06% of Total Revenue), higher by ₱5.49 million or 206.98% compared to same period of previous year.

- An increase of ₱1.75 million in Interest Income, from previous year of ₱9,661 to ₱1.75 million of current year.
- Miscellaneous Income reached to ₱6.38 million (8.67% of the Total Revenue), higher by 141.67% compared to same period last year.

Provision for Income Tax computed at ₱0.21 million.

Financial Condition – March 31,2023 versus December 31, 2022

Total Assets reached ₱779.33 million, higher by ₱15.44 million or 2.02% compared to December 31, 2022. The changes were attributed to the following:

- Cash ended at ₱22.98 million (2.95% of the Total Assets), a decrease of about ₱0.25 million or 1.10% compared to December 31, 2022.
- Financial asset at FVPL recorded at ₱5.16 million (0.66% of the Total Assets), an increase of 0.53%.
- Accounts and other receivables decreased to ₱17.73 million (2.28% of Total Assets) from ₱28.18 million as of December 31, 2022 due to significant payment on member's ledger.
- Receivables from related parties registered at ₱172.66 million (22.16% of the Total Assets), versus ₱152.10 million of December 2022. There was an increase of ₱20.56 million or 13.52%.
- Inventories recorded at ₱5.24 million (0.67% of Total Assets), higher by 5.07% compared to ₱4.99 million of previous year.
- Other current assets of ₱31.23 million (4.01% of the Total Assets) showed a significant increase of about ₱9.53 million or 43.90% compared to previous year.
- Property and equipment decreased by 0.87% to ₱520.55 million (66.79% of the Total Assets) on account of depreciation.
- Advances and other noncurrent assets amounted to ₱3.78 million, (0.49% of the Total Assets) ₱0.36 million or 10.53% higher compared to last year.

Total Liabilities of the Club reached to ₱109.46 million (14.05% of Total Liabilities and Member's Equity). An increase of ₱8.41 million or 8.32% compared to last year of ₱101.05 million. The changes were due to the following:

- Accounts and other payables increased by ₱11.48 million, recorded at ₱52.87 million (6.78% of Total Liabilities and Member's Equity).
- Contract liabilities recorded at ₱29.59 million (3.80% of Total Liabilities and Member's Equity), higher by ₱8.80 million or 42.33% compared to ₱20.79 million of previous year.
- Payables to related parties totaled ₱14.80 million (1.90% of the Total Liabilities and Member's Equity), lower by ₱12.38 million or 45.55% compared to last year.
- Pension liabilities at ₱10.69 million, increased by 5.05% as compared to previous year.

Cash Flows – Period Ended March 31,2023 vs. March 31,2022

- Net cash generated by operating activities for the period ended March 31,2023 settled at ₱39.49 million.
- Net cash used in investing and financing activities amounted to ₱4.75 million and ₱35.00 million respectively.

➤ At the end of March 31,2023, cash balance amounted to ₱22.98 million.

Key Performance Indicators

		March 31,2023	December 2022
CURRENT RATIO =	Current Asset	255,002,991	235,336,649
	Current Liabilities	97,266,913	89,369,539
		2.62:1	2.63:1
DEBT RATIO =	Total Debt	109,458,425	101,046,810
	Total Asset	779,333,924	763,898,823
		0.14:1	0.13:1
DEBT-EQUITY RATIO =	Total Debt	109,458,425	101,046,810
	Total Equity	669,875,499	662,852,014
		0.16:1	0.15:1
		March 31	
		2023	2022
GROSS PROFIT MARGIN =	Sales - Cost of Sales& Services	24,446,593	27,365,708
	Sales	73,594,708	62,345,870
		33%	44%
		March 31	
		2023	2022
FREE CASH FLOW =	Cash Flow Provided by Operating Activities - Cash Flow in Investing Activities	39,492,223	18,233,296
		(4,746,923)	(639,748)
		34,745,300	17,593,548

The Club monitors its performance and benchmarks itself to prior years' results in terms of the following indicators:

The Current Ratio as of March 31,2023 is 2.62:1 compared to 2.63:1 as of December 2022. The Debt Ratio computed at 14%, slightly higher compared with 13% for the year ending 2022, while the Debt-Equity Ratio stood at 16 %, slightly higher with 15% of December 31, 2022.

The Club's Gross Profit Margin at 33%, significantly lower compared to same period of previous year. An increase of ₱34.75 million in cash flow after deducting capital expenditures to the cash provided by operating activities.

Discussion and Analysis of Material Events and Uncertainties Known to Management

We confirm that there have been no events, including events related to COVID-19 pandemic, subsequent to the period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements that would address the past and would have impact on the future operations on the following:

1. Any trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact of the Club's liquidity;
2. Any events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation;
3. Any material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships with other entities/persons created during the reporting period;
4. Any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures;

5. Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.
6. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Club's continuing operations;
7. Any seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition and results of operations.

Plan of Operation for the 2nd Quarter 2023

Another year has passed and the Club is already getting the grasp of consistently giving our Members and Guests the best experience possible, despite the pandemic still being around the corner, proven by this quarter's revenue. Accommodations, day trips, facility usage, and club events have all generated outstanding financial results. The Club had an average monthly attendance of 3,521 persons with 11% increase along with the casita's occupancy with 53% increase from 2022. The Club had a total of 10,563-day visitors from January to March, leaping the numbers to 11% along with the casita occupancy with 53% increase from 2022.

We altered and loosened a number of COVID19-related protocols and regulations in accordance with the local government's directive. To protect their health and safety, however, all of our employees are still required to wear masks while on duty.

Since the Club officially bounced back last year, we are continuously administrating various activities and events for Members and Guests this quarter and for the upcoming quarter that will make their stay fun and memorable. We were able to celebrate different events such as Chinese New Year in which the Recreation and Leisure Department prepared different activities such as Arts & Crafts activities for kids, and Entertainment Fortune Telling. It was a fruitful day as the club also celebrated Pawikan Send-off in the afternoon, joined by more than a hundred of people who witnessed the release of more than 500 hatchlings and launch of Anvaya's Sea Turtle Character: Pawee. For Valentines Day, we celebrated it in the most adventurous and extra way possible as we went on a hike at Mt. Buod, located at Sitio Kanawan, Morong Bataan. Of course, Valentine's would not be perfect without a romantic dinner. We successfully pulled off a fancy dinner buffet that our members and guests enjoyed. The Club celebrated one of its important days, as it marked its 15th year Anniversary with a radiating summer vibe last March 25, 2023. Throughout the years, Anvaya Cove remained committed to its priority — strengthen family ties through creating more memories and nature. This theme is also the very first theme of the Club when we celebrated our first anniversary way back 2009 and until now, we get to provide an ENDLESS SUMMER experience for all the members and guests. The day was filled with festive music, performances, food, drinks, and activities that everyone definitely enjoyed and treasured. Aside from the 15th Anniversary, the Club also celebrated Earth Hour, as part of our consistent environmental initiatives. The Earth Hour event became meaningful and memorable as members and guests were able to connect and commit with nature through the Club's activities such as the Mural Wall Painting and Pledge of Commitment, and world-class performances from Alab Poi as they performed lights show and Anima Tierra who is known in channeling Earth's emotions including her happiness and laughter, sadness and rage, hopes, fears, and love. We also had a productive long weekend and Holy Week as the Club facilitated different activities spearheaded by the Recreation & Leisure Department such as Arts & Crafts, Outdoor Movie, Baking

& Cooking, and Mocktail Making Classes. Despite the heat, a lot of kids along with their guardians joyfully waited in line to participate in the most anticipated Easter Egg Hunting Activity.

Given that the outlook is always optimistic, we continually strive to give all of our Members and Guest the best service and experience possible in order to maintain or even grow the numbers we now have.

In terms of employee relations and other HR tasks, the Club regularly hold trainings and seminars for the employees to help them develop their skills and knowledge both inside and outside of the workplace. The management is consistently prioritizing the work-life balance for the employees through our different initiatives such as the monthly birthday celebration and snacks every Saturday to make them feel that Anvaya cares. Rest assured that we will continuously conduct more trainings and seminars for the next quarter to enhance their skills.

For the next quarter, we are planning to enhance and upgrade some of our areas and Club facilities such as:

- Talisay Grill construction in which there will be new kitchen and outdoor dining to serve Members and Guests near the beach and poolside area
- Improvements and facelifts of all comfort rooms and bath houses
- Renovation of Welcome Pavilion
- Transfer of location of fabrication area from cafeteria to service yard

Since rainy season is coming, the Club is also coming up with new indoor activities to assure that our Members and Guests will have a memorable stay — rain or shine.

We believe that all these steps will eventually contribute to our goal of improving and prioritizing the members' experience.

A. Satisfaction of cash requirements and fund-raising plans

Operating Cash Requirement

The key sources of liquidity of the Club are the revenues generated from membership dues, guests' fees, room accommodations, sale of food and beverage, banquets, and other Club related activities. Given the current cash position of the Club, the Corporation will not need additional funding for its operations in the 2nd quarter of 2023.

B. Product research and development

No product research and developments are planned. Architectural design planning for the various structures and facilities of the Club substantially has been completed.

C. Purchase or sale of plant and significant equipment

All necessary and significant equipment of the Corporation for its full operation have been purchased.

D. Significant changes in the number of employees

The Club has already hired 332 employees as of March 31,2023.

Part II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 3. 1st Quarter 2023 Developments

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. New project or investments in another line of business or corporation | None. |
| B. Composition of Board of Directors
(As of March 31,2023) | Augusto D. Bengzon
Paullolindo A. Elauria
Joseph Carmichael Z. Jugo
Dindo R. Fernando
Antonino T. Aquino
Jocelyn D. De Leon
Mercedita S. Nollo
Ms. Jessie D. Cabaluna
Jesus Emmanuel M. Yujuico
Paolo O. Viray
Rex Ma. A. Mendoza |
| C. Performance of the corporation or result/progress of operations | Please see unaudited financial statements and management's discussion on results of operations. |
| D. Contracts of merger, consolidation or joint venture; contract of management, licensing, marketing, distributorship, technical assistance or similar agreements | None. |
| E. Offering of rights, granting of Stock Options and corresponding plans therefore | None. |
| F. Acquisition of additional mining claims or other capital assets or, formula, real estate | None. |
| G. Other information, material events or happenings that may have affected or may affect market price of security | None. |
| H. Transferring of assets, except in normal course of business | None. |

Item 4. Other Notes to 1st Quarter 2023 Operations and Financials

- | | |
|---|---|
| I. Nature and amount of items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, or net income that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents | Please see Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements. |
| J. Nature and amount of changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior periods and their material effect in the current period | None. |
| K. New financing through loans / Issuances, repurchases, and repayments of debt and equity securities | None. |

L. Material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period	None.
M. The effect of changes in the composition of the issuer during the interim period including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long-term investments, restructurings, and discontinuing operations	None.
N. Changes in contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date	None.
O. Other material events or transactions during the interim period	None.
P. Existence of material contingencies during the interim period; events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation	None.
Q. Material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period	None.
R. Material commitments for capital expenditures, general purpose and expected sources of funds	None.
S. Known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have impact on sales/revenues/ income from continuing operations	COVID-19 pandemic
T. Significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from continuing operations	None.
U. Causes for any material change/s from period to period in one or more-line items of the financial statements	Please see Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements.
V. Seasonal aspects that had material effect on the financial condition or results of operations	COVID-19 pandemic

Reciprocity Agreement



Currently, all members of the Beach and Nature Club are welcome to use the facilities of the Golf and Sports Club after its Grand Opening on December 7, 2013.

The facilities include a fantastic golf course, a main club house with restaurants, function and meeting rooms, golf pro-shop, and shower areas, a sports complex with coffee shop, swimming pools, fitness gym, badminton court, basketball court, and game lounge.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer : **ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.**

Signature and Title :  : **Augusto D. Bengzon**
Chairman of the Board 

Date: : May 11,2023

Signature and Title :  : **Dindo R. Fernando**
Treasurer

Date : May 11,2023

Appendix I

Unaudited Financial Statements

March 31, 2023 and

March 31, 2022 and Audited Year Ended December 31, 2022

ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash (Note 4)	₱22,976,342	₱23,231,042
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL; Note 5)	5,160,832	5,133,592
Accounts and other receivables (Note 6)	17,730,349	28,179,563
Receivables from related parties (Note 17)	172,663,744	152,100,861
Inventories (Note 7)	5,244,742	4,991,746
Other current assets (Note 8)	31,226,982	21,699,845
Total Current Assets	255,002,991	235,336,649
Noncurrent Assets		
Property and equipment – net (Note 9)	520,545,984	525,137,954
Advances and other noncurrent assets (Note 8)	3,784,949	3,424,220
Total Noncurrent Assets	524,330,933	528,562,174
TOTAL ASSETS	₱779,333,924	₱763,898,823
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Accounts and other payables (Note 10)	₱52,873,012	₱41,394,838
Contract liabilities (Note 12)	29,594,513	20,792,739
Payables to related parties (Note 17)	14,799,387	27,181,961
Total Current Liabilities	97,266,913	89,369,538
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Pension liability (Note 15)	10,691,607	10,177,365
Deferred tax liability (Notes 15 and 16)	1,499,905	1,499,905
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	12,191,512	11,677,270
Total Liabilities	109,458,425	101,046,808
Equity		
Paid-in Capital (Note 11)	359,966,055	359,966,055
Additional paid-in capital (Note 11)	550,000,000	550,000,000
Cumulative remeasurement gain on pension liability (Note 15)	4,499,714	4,499,714
Deficit (Note 11)	(244,590,270)	(251,613,754)
Total Equity	669,875,499	662,852,015
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	₱779,333,924	₱763,898,823

ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Quarter Ended March 31	
	2023	2022
REVENUES (Note 12)		
Sale of goods	₱30,614,372	₱30,723,175
Service income	23,812,657	11,893,874
Membership dues	16,440,000	15,894,000
Transfer fees	2,727,679	3,834,821
	73,594,708	62,345,870
COSTS AND EXPENSES (Note 14)		
Cost of sales	29,173,547	20,227,753
Cost of services	19,974,568	14,752,409
General and administrative expenses	25,351,112	19,620,476
	74,499,226	54,600,638
OTHER INCOME		
Interest income (Notes 4, 6 and 19)	1,754,743	9,661
Miscellaneous income (Note 13)	6,384,190	2,641,651
	8,138,933	2,651,312
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	7,234,414	10,396,544
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX (Note 16)	210,929	181,070
NET INCOME (LOSS)	7,023,486	10,215,474
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		
<i>Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>		
Remeasurement gain (loss) on pension liability – net of tax (Note 15)		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	₱7,023,486	₱10,215,474

**ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

	Quarter Ended March 31	
	2023	2022
PAID-IN CAPITAL (Note 11)		
Class A - 3,468 shares	₱3,468,000	₱3,468,000
Class B - 1,950 shares	1,950,000	1,950,000
Class C - 500 shares	500,000	500,000
Class D - 702 shares	281,793,330	281,793,330
Class E - 180 shares	72,254,725	72,254,725
	359,966,055	359,966,055
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL (Note 11)		
Class B	437,755,102	437,755,102
Class C	112,244,898	112,244,898
	550,000,000	550,000,000
CUMULATIVE REMEASUREMENT GAIN (LOSS) ON PENSION LIABILITY (Note 15)		
Balance at beginning of year	4,499,714	3,127,660
Net changes during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the period	4,499,714	3,127,660
DEFICIT (Note 11)		
Balance at beginning of year	(251,613,755)	(270,663,336)
Net income (loss)	7,023,486	10,215,474
Balance at end of period	(244,590,270)	(260,447,862)
	₱669,875,499	₱652,645,853

ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Quarter Ended March 31	
	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income (loss) before income tax	₱7,234,414	₱10,396,543
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation (Notes 9 and 14)	9,338,893	9,351,363
Interest income (Notes 4, 6 and 19)	(1,754,743)	(9,661)
Net movement in pension liability (Note 15)	514,242	484,947
Unrealized gain on financial assets at FVPL (Notes 5 and 13)	(27,240)	(200,613)
Operating income (loss) before changes in working capital	15,305,566	20,022,580
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts and other receivables	10,449,214	1,264,829
Receivables from related parties (Notes 17 and 19)	14,437,118	(4,377,857)
Inventories	(252,997)	(786,418)
Other current assets	(9,527,137)	(1,644,083)
Advances and other noncurrent assets	(360,729)	579,892
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts and other payables	11,478,175	4,811,758
Contract liabilities	8,801,774	908,200
Payables to related parties	(12,382,575)	(2,374,195)
Cash generated from operations	37,948,409	18,404,705
Interest received	1,754,743	9,661
Income tax paid	(210,929)	(181,070)
Net cash flows from operating activities	39,492,223	18,233,296
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to:		
Property and equipment (Note 9)	(4,746,923)	(639,748)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(4,746,923)	(639,748)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Loans to related parties (Note 19)	(460,000,000)	-
Collection of loans to related parties (Note 19)	425,000,000	-
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(35,000,000)	-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(254,700)	17,593,547
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	23,231,042	24,902,458
CASH AT END OF PERIOD (Note 4)	₱22,976,342	₱42,496,005

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc. (the Club) was incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines and was registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 28, 2005.

The Club was organized primarily to maintain, operate, manage and carry on the business and operation of a beach and nature club and its facilities, for the amusement, entertainment, recreational and athletic activities of its members on a not-for-profit basis.

The Club is a public interest entity, and is 72.28% owned by Ayala Land, Inc. (ALI). ALI's parent company is Ayala Corporation (AC), a publicly-listed company. Both ALI and AC are publicly-listed companies incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines.

Prior to 2012, the Club is exempt from payment of income tax on income received from social, recreational, and athletic activities on a nonprofit basis provided that no part of the Club's income shall inure to the benefit of any of its members, trustees and officers. Under Section 30 (E) of the Tax Reform Act of 1997, an organization organized for recreational, sports and athletic activities shall be exempt from payment of income tax on income received from aforementioned activities.

On August 3, 2012, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) has issued Revenue Memorandum Circular (RMC) No. 35-2012 clarifying that clubs organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation and other non-profit purposes are subject to income tax and value-added tax (VAT) on their income from whatever source, including but not limited to membership fees, assessment dues, rental income, and service fees.

On August 13, 2019, the Supreme Court (SC) declared that membership fees, assessment dues, and fees of similar nature collected by Clubs which are organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofit purposes do not constitute as: (a) "the income of recreational clubs from whatever source" that are "subject to income tax"; and (b) part of the "gross receipts of recreational clubs" that are "subject to VAT". Starting January 1, 2020, the Club no longer collected the related output VAT on membership fees and fees of similar nature.

The Club's registered address and principal place of business is Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan.

2. Basis of Preparation, Statement of Compliance, Changes in Accounting Policies and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Club have been prepared using the historical cost basis, except for financial assets at FVPL that have been measured at fair value. The Club's functional currency is the Philippine Peso (₱) and all amounts are rounded off to the nearest peso, unless otherwise indicated.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Club have been prepared in compliance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective in 2022. The Club has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have an impact on the financial

statements of the Club.

- Amendments to PFRS 3, *Reference to the Conceptual Framework*

The amendments are intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments added an exception to the recognition principle of PFRS 3, *Business Combinations* to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* or Philippine-IFRIC 21, *Levies*, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to PFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date.

- Amendments to PAS 16, *Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use*

The amendments prohibit entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

- Amendments to PAS 37, *Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract*

The amendments specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendment had no significant impact on the Club.

- *Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle*

- Amendments to PFRS 1, *First-time Adoption of Philippines Financial Reporting Standards, Subsidiary as a first-time adopter*

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported in the parent's consolidated financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to PFRS, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1.

- Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments, Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities*

The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.

- Amendments to PAS 41, *Agriculture, Taxation in fair value measurements*

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of PAS 41 that entities exclude cash

flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of PAS 41.

Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Club does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Club intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2023

- Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, *Disclosure of Accounting Policies*
- Amendments to PAS 8, *Definition of Accounting Estimates*
- Amendments to PAS 12, *Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction*

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

- Amendments to PAS 1, *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current*
- Amendments to PFRS 16, *Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

- PFRS 17, *Insurance Contracts*

Deferred effectivity

- Amendments to PFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and PAS 28, *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of the financial statements are summarized below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Current versus Noncurrent Classification

The Club presents assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; or,
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or,
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

The Club classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash on hand are funds readily available into cash. Cash in banks is stated at face amount and earns interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Club.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Club uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Club determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

At each end of the reporting period, the Club analyzes the movement in value of the assets which are required to be remeasured or reassessed based on the Club's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Club verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents. The Club, in conjunction with the external valuers, also compares the change in the fair value of each asset with relevant external resources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Club has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial

liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), and FVPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Club's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Club has applied the practical expedient, the Club initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Club has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under PFRS 15.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at FVPL, irrespective of the business model.

The Club's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at FVOCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Club commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at FVOCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at FVOCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at FVPL

The financial assets of the Club as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 consist of financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments) and financial assets at FVPL.

Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Club's financial assets at amortized cost includes cash, accounts and other receivables, and receivables from related parties.

Financial assets at FVPL

Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the statements of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statements of comprehensive income. This category includes investment in Unit Investment Trust Funds (UITF).

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Club has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a ‘pass-through’ arrangement; and either (a) the Club has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Club has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Club has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Club continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Club also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Club has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Club could be required to repay.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Club recognizes an allowance for estimated credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Club expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For cash and financial assets at FVPL, the Club applies the low credit risk simplification. At every reporting date, the Club evaluates whether the debt instruments are considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Club reassesses the internal credit rating of the debt instruments. In addition, the Club considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

For accounts and other receivables, the Club applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Club does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Club has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Club considers a receivable in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Club may also consider a receivable to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Club is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Club. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

The Club implements a policy on its receivables, wherein members in the delinquent list or those with accounts that are past due for more than 120 days are reported to the BOD. The respective shares of the members or of the juridical entities they represent shall be ordered sold by the BOD, through an auction, to satisfy the claims of the Club.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings at amortized cost, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Club's financial liabilities include accounts and other payables, except government payables, contract liabilities and payables to related parties and other obligations that meet the above definition (other than liabilities covered by other accounting standards, such as income tax payable).

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- Financial liabilities at FVPL
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings)

Financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings)

This is the category most relevant to the Club. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of income when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as interest expense in the statement of income.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statements of comprehensive income.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The Club assesses that it has a currently enforceable right of offset if the right is not contingent on a future event and is legally enforceable in the normal course of business, event of default, and event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Club and all of the counterparties.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value (NRV). NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs of sale. The cost of inventories is determined using the moving average method.

An allowance for inventory losses is provided for slow-moving, obsolete and defective inventories based on management's physical inspection and evaluation.

Other Assets

Other assets are recognized in the statements of financial position when it is probable that the future economic benefits will flow to the Club and the assets have cost or value that can be measured reliably. These assets are regularly evaluated for any impairment in value. Other assets include prepaid expenses, value-added tax, creditable withholding taxes, supplies and advances to suppliers.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs not yet incurred but already paid. Prepaid expenses are initially recorded as assets and measured at cost, which is the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, these are charged to profit and loss as they are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time.

Value-added Tax (VAT)

Revenues, expenses, and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, if applicable.

For its VAT-registered activities, when VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT) exceeds VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT), the excess is recognized as payable in the statement of financial position. When VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT) exceeds VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT), the excess is recognized as an asset in the statement of financial position up to the extent of the recoverable amount.

Input VAT on goods purchased on or after January 1, 2022 will be fully recognized outright and claimed as input tax credits against output tax.

For its non-VAT registered activities, the amount of VAT passed on from its purchases of goods or service is recognized as part of the cost of goods/asset acquired or as part of the expense item, as applicable.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, except for land, are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Land is carried at cost less any impairment in value. The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its construction cost or purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the property and equipment to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Major repairs are capitalized as part of property and equipment only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Club and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged against current operations as incurred.

Projects in progress are also capitalized as part of property and equipment under separate account, projects in progress. These projects will form part of building improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment. Items under the account are not depreciated until completed and proper reclassification is made.

Depreciation of property and equipment commences once the property and equipment are available for use and is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment as follows:

	Years
Buildings	35
Land improvements	25
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5

The assets' estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the amounts, periods and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and accumulated provision for impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is credited to or charged against current operations.

Fully depreciated property and equipment are retained in the accounts while still in use although no further depreciation is charged to current operations.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

Advances and other noncurrent assets

The Club provides allowance for impairment losses on advances and other noncurrent assets when they can no longer be realized. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would differ if the Club made different judgments or utilized different estimates. An increase in allowance for impairment losses would increase recorded expenses and decrease advances and other noncurrent assets.

Recovery of impairment losses recognized in prior year is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognized for the asset no longer exist or has decreased. The recovery is recorded in the statement of income. However, the increase in carrying amount of an asset due to recovery of an impairment loss is recognized to the extent it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had there been no impairment loss recognized for that asset in prior year.

Property and equipment

The Club assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that property and equipment may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Club estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value-in-use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognized in profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Pension Costs

The liability recognized in the statements of financial position in respect of defined benefits pension plans is the present value of the defined benefits obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less fair value of the plan assets, if any. The present value of the DBO is determined by using risk-free interest rates of long-term government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liabilities or applying a single weighted average discount rate that reflects the estimated timing and amount of benefit payments.

Pension costs of the DBO is actuarially determined using the projected unit credit method. This method reflects services rendered by employees up to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries. Actuarial valuations are conducted with sufficient regularity, with option to accelerate when significant changes to underlying assumptions occur.

Defined benefit cost includes:

- Service costs
- Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognized as expense in profit or loss. Past service costs are recognized when plan amendment or curtailment occurs. These amounts are calculated periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

Net interest on the net defined benefits liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on government bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized as expense or income in statements of comprehensive income.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains or losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding net interest cost and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), if any, are recognized immediately in the statements of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Equity

Paid-in Capital

Paid-in Capital is measured at stated value for all shares subscribed, issued and outstanding. When the shares are sold at premium, the difference between the proceeds and the stated value is credited to "Additional paid-in capital" account. Direct costs incurred related to original equity issuance are chargeable to "Additional paid-in capital" account. If additional paid-in capital is not sufficient, the excess is charged against retained earnings. When the Club issues more than one class of stock, a separate account is maintained for each class of stock and the number of shares issued.

Retained Earnings (Deficit)

Retained earnings (deficit) represents the cumulative balance of periodic net income (loss), dividend distribution, prior period adjustments, effect of changes in accounting policy and other capital adjustments. When the retained earnings account has a debit balance, it is called "deficit". A deficit is not an asset but a deduction from equity.

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Club's revenue from contracts with customers primarily consist of membership dues, service income, and sale of goods. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the

goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Club expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Club has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in Note 3.

The following are the Club's performance obligations:

Membership dues

Revenue from membership dues is recognized over the time the members are provided access to the Club and its amenities. Transaction price is determined to be the BOD-approved rate for monthly membership dues. Each monthly membership dues are considered as a single performance obligation; therefore it is not necessary to allocate the transaction price. Any advance payments are recorded under "Contract liabilities" account in the statements of financial position.

Service income

Service income includes revenue from providing room accommodation, guest fees and income from the use of the Club's facilities and amenities such as spa and massage facilities, libraries, game rooms and other Club amenities. Revenue is recognized over the time the services are rendered and/or facilities and amenities are used.

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of food and beverages and merchandise are recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customers, generally when goods are delivered to and accepted by the customers.

Transfer fees

Transfer fees pertains to earnings from transfer of member's ownership recorded upon initiation of transfer process. Revenue is recorded at point in time when the services are rendered.

Contract balances

Trade receivables

A receivable is recognized if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognized if a payment is received or payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Club transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Club performs under the contract. Membership dues and consumables collected in advance are recognized as contract liabilities in the statements of financial position.

Other Income Recognition

Interest income

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Miscellaneous income

Miscellaneous income pertains to ancillary services provided by the Club such as laundry services and rental of club equipment. These are recognized when earned and when the related services are rendered.

Costs and Expenses

Costs and Expenses are recognized when the decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Expenses are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income:

- On the basis of a direct association between costs incurred and earning specific items of income;
- On the basis of systematic and rational allocation procedures when economic benefits are expected to arise over several accounting periods and the association can only be broadly or indirectly determined; or,
- Immediately when expenditure produces no future economic benefits or when, and to the extent that, future economic benefits do not qualify or cease to qualify, for recognition in the statements of financial position as an asset.

Leases

The Club assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Short term lease and leases of low-value assets

The Club applied the short-term lease recognition to its short-term leases of office equipment. It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to its leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Taxes

Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted as at the end of the reporting period.

Current income tax for current and prior periods shall, to the extent unpaid, be recognized as a liability and is presented as income tax payable in the statements of financial position. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess shall be recognized as an asset and is presented as part of other current assets in the statements of financial position.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences, with certain exceptions, at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable income or loss.
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that

it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority. Income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the statements of comprehensive income.

Uncertainty over income tax treatments

The Club assesses at the end of each reporting period whether it has any uncertain tax treatments by reviewing the assumptions about the examination of tax treatments by the taxation authority, determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, and considering changes in relevant facts and circumstances. The Club then evaluates how likely is it that a certain tax treatment will be accepted by the taxation authority. If it is probable that the taxation authority will accept a certain tax treatment, the Club concludes that it has no uncertain tax treatment and will measure tax amounts in line with the income tax filings. If it is not probable that the taxation authority will accept a certain tax treatment, the Club measures tax amounts based on the 'most likely amount' method (better predicts uncertainty if the possible outcomes are binary or are concentrated on one value) or 'expected value' method (better predicts uncertainty if there is a range of possible outcomes that are neither binary nor concentrated on one value). The Club presents uncertain tax liabilities as part of current tax liabilities or deferred tax liabilities.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Club has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Club expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements.

Events after the End of the Reporting Period

Post year-end events up to the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue that provide additional information about the Club's financial position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the financial statements when material.

3. Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying financial statements in conformity with PFRSs requires management to make estimates that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Club's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Going concern assessment

The use of the going concern assumption involves management making judgments, at a particular point in time, about the future outcome of events or conditions that are inherently uncertain. The underlying assumption in the preparation of financial statements is that the Club has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate. Management takes into account a whole range of factors which include, but not limited to, Parent Company's ability to provide financial support, expected operations and profitability and potential sources of additional financing. Management prepares the financial statements on a going concern basis as management has future plans regarding the Club, as discussed in Note 1.

Identification of contract with customers under PFRS 15

The Club applies PFRS 15 guidance to a portfolio of contracts with similar characteristics as the Club reasonably expects that the effects on the financial statements if applying this guidance to the portfolio would not differ materially from applying this guidance to the individual contracts within that portfolio. Hence, the Club viewed each transaction receipt as one contract.

Identifying performance obligations

The Club identifies performance obligations by considering whether the promised goods or services in the contract are distinct goods or services. A good or service is distinct when the customer can benefit from the good or service on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer and the Club's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from the other promises in the contract.

Determining whether the Club is acting as a principal or agent

The Club assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it's acting as principal or agent. The following criteria indicate whether the Club is acting as a principal or an agent:

- The Club has the primary responsibility for providing services to the customer;
- The Club has latitude in establishing price, either directly or indirectly, for example by providing additional services; and,
- The Club bears the customer's credit risk for the amount receivable from the customer.

The Club has concluded that generally, it is acting as a principal in its revenue arrangements.

Determination of taxable profit, tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates

The Club has assessed whether it has any uncertain tax treatments. The Club applies significant judgement in identifying uncertainties over its income tax treatments. The Club assessed whether the Interpretation had an impact on its financial statements. The Club determined, based on its tax assessment, in consultation with its tax counsel, that it has no uncertain tax treatments. Accordingly, the interpretation did not have significant impact on the financial statements.

Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of impact to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are discussed below:

Estimating allowance for ECLs of receivables

The Club assesses long-outstanding member's receivable account periodically as to future collectability. Club shares of members with long-outstanding balances are placed to public auction for bidding at the management's own terms and minimum pricing to ensure that outstanding balances are delinquent members are recovered. The Club defines a financial asset as in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Club may also consider a receivable to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Club is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Club.

The allowance for ECL on the Club's trade receivables amounted to ₱12,393,644 as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively (see Note 6). The carrying value of the Club's receivables amounted to ₱17,730,349 and ₱28,179,563 as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively (see Note 6). The carrying value of the Club's receivables from related parties amounted to ₱172,663,744 and ₱152,100,861 as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively (see Note 17).

Evaluating asset impairment

The Club reviews property and equipment, and other nonfinancial current and noncurrent asset for impairment in value. This includes considering certain indications of impairment such as significant changes in asset usage, significant decline in assets' market value, obsolescence or physical damage of an asset, significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results and significant negative industry or economic trends, taking into consideration the impact of COVID-19 pandemic.

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each statement of financial position date to identify indications that the Club's nonfinancial asset may be impaired, or an impairment loss previously recognized no longer exists or may be decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the nonfinancial asset is estimated.

As described in the accounting policy, the Club estimates the recoverable amount as the higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use. In determining the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use of the assets, the Club is required to make estimates and assumptions that may affect other current and noncurrent assets, and property and equipment. An impairment loss would be recognized whenever evidence exists that the carrying value is not recoverable. For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

The Club recognized allowance on impaired noncurrent assets amounting to nil and ₱688,282 in March 31, 2023 and December 2022, respectively (see Note 8). As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the carrying values of the nonfinancial assets follow:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Property and equipment (Note 9)	₱520,545,984	₱525,137,954
Other current assets (Note 8)	31,226,982	21,699,845
Other noncurrent assets (Note 8)	3,784,949	3,424,220

Estimating pension cost and liability

The cost of defined benefit pension plans and the present value of the pension obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. These

assumptions are described in Note 15, and include, among others, the determination of the discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, defined benefit obligations are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific country and is modified accordingly with estimates of mortality improvements. Future salary increases and pension increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the specific country.

The Club's net pension liability as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 amounted to ₱10,691,607 and ₱10,177,365, respectively (see Note 15).

Recognizing deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which these can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized. These assets are periodically reviewed for realization. Periodic reviews cover the nature and amount of all deductible temporary differences, expected timing when assets will be used or liabilities will be required to be reported, reliability of historical profitability of businesses expected to provide future earnings and tax planning strategies which can be utilized to increase the likelihood that tax assets will be realized.

As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Club did not recognize deferred tax assets on net operating loss carry-over (NOLCO), pension liability, allowance for ECL and minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) because management assessed that it is likely that future taxable profits will not be sufficient to realize the carry forward benefits of the NOLCO, pension liability, allowance for ECL and MCIT

4. Cash

This account consists of:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Cash on hand	₱514,719	₱389,649
Cash in banks (Note 17)	22,461,623	22,841,393
	₱22,976,342	₱23,231,042

Interest income earned on cash in banks amounted to ₱9,289 and ₱26,723, gross of final tax, in March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively (see Note 17).

5. Financial Assets at FVPL

Below is the rollforward of financial assets at FVPL:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
At January 1	₱5,133,592	₱99,727,184
Withdrawals	-	(95,000,000)
Unrealized gain (Notes 13 and 17)	27,240	61,386
Realized gain (Notes 13 and 17)	-	345,022
	₱5,160,832	₱5,133,592

Financial assets at FVPL pertain to investments in Bank of the Philippine Islands (BPI) Money Market Fund (the Fund). The Fund, which is structured as a money market UITF, aims to generate liquidity and stable income by being invested in a diversified portfolio of primarily short-term fixed income instruments. It has no minimum holding period. As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Club has 19,183 units with total Net Asset Value of ₱5,160,832 and ₱5,133,592, respectively.

The fair value of the Club's investment is determined by using the net asset value per unit, which is considered the market value per unit of an investment fund. The fair value measurement of the financial assets at FVPL is categorized under Level 1.

6. Accounts and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Trade receivables – net	₱15,652,477	₱25,466,525
Receivables from employees	422,852	148,899
Other receivables	1,655,020	2,564,139
	₱17,730,349	₱28,179,563

Trade receivables pertain to unpaid membership dues, sale of food, beverages and merchandise from souvenir shop, charges for room accommodations and rental of water sports equipment. These are non-interest bearing and are due and demandable. The receivables from members are collateralized by a preferential lien on the Club shares owned by the said members.

The movement in allowance for ECL follows:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱12,393,644	₱12,393,644
Provision (Note 14)	–	–
	₱12,393,644	₱12,393,644

Receivables from employees are salary loans granted to the Club's employees. These are collected through salary deduction. Interest income earned from loans to employees amounted to ₱7,611 and ₱35,995 in March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Other receivables represent receivable and claims from/against service providers. These are non-interest bearing and are due to be settled within one year.

7. Inventories

This account consists of:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
At cost:		
Food and beverage	₱4,500,454	₱4,117,251
Merchandise	744,288	874,495
	₱5,244,742	₱4,991,746

Food and beverage consist of goods in the form of ingredients and supplies consumed in the production of food and beverages at the Club's cafes and bars.

The following table sets forth the cost of food and beverages recognized as cost of sales and cost of services (see Note 14):

Merchandise pertains to items for sale at the Club's shop.

8. Other Assets

Other current assets

Details of this account are as follows:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Creditable withholding taxes	₱10,692,214	₱9,877,124
Supplies	5,488,141	5,427,693
Prepaid expenses	6,711,360	3,068,095
Input VAT	4,777,404	-
Advances to suppliers	2,085,329	1,221,713
Deferred input VAT – current portion	1,472,533	2,105,220
	₱31,226,982	₱21,699,845

Creditable withholding taxes are available for application against income tax payable in future periods.

Supplies include medical supplies, general storeroom, and china and crockery.

Prepaid expenses mainly include prepayments for maintenance, dues, taxes and licenses and insurance which will be amortized for three to 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

Advances to suppliers are advances made by the Club to vendors and applied against invoices from the vendor upon delivery of goods or services.

Deferred input VAT pertains to purchases for which the invoice is not yet paid.

Advances and other noncurrent assets

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Advances to suppliers	₱2,706,689	₱2,143,838
Deferred input VAT – noncurrent portion	1,078,260	1,280,382
	₱3,784,949	₱3,424,220

Deferred input VAT arising from purchases of capital goods before December 31, 2022 in which the aggregate amount exceeds ₱1,000,000.

Advances to suppliers pertain to payments intended for purchase of supplies and payment for services to be rendered.

9. Property and Equipment

Below is the rollforward of this account:

	March 31, 2023				Total
	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Project in Progress	
Cost At January 1	₱223,966,685	₱626,764,763	₱304,023,466	₱-	₱1,154,754,914

Additions	–	–	3,771,352	975,570	4,746,923
At March 31	223,966,685	626,764,763	307,794,818	975,570	1,159,501,837
Accumulated depreciation					
At January 1	123,520,316	229,105,521	276,991,123	–	629,616,960
Depreciation	2,235,667	4,684,850	2,418,376	–	9,338,893
At March 31	125,755,983	233,790,370	279,409,499	–	638,955,853
Net Book Value	₱98,210,701	₱392,974,393	₱28,385,319	₱975,570	₱520,545,984

	Dec. 2022				
	Land and Land Improvements	Buildings	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Project in Progress	Total
Cost					
Balances at beginning of year	₱223,966,685	₱625,316,622	₱285,184,585	₱95,085	₱1,134,562,977
Additions	–	1,448,141	18,743,796	–	20,191,937
Reclassification	–	–	95,085	(95,085)	–
At December 31	223,966,685	626,764,763	304,023,466	–	1,154,754,914
Accumulated depreciation					
Balances at beginning of year	114,577,649	210,419,667	267,266,974	–	592,264,290
Depreciation	8,942,667	18,685,854	9,724,149	–	37,352,670
Balances at end of year	123,520,316	229,105,521	276,991,123	–	629,616,960
Net Book Value at December 31	₱100,446,369	₱397,659,242	₱27,032,343	–	₱525,137,954

The project in progress pertains to the renovation of the Club's kitchen and cafeteria.

The following table sets forth the allocation of depreciation expense (see Note 14):

	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2022
Cost of services	₱4,449,270	₱4,602,299
Cost of sales	3,701,632	3,536,396
General and administrative expenses	1,187,991	1,212,668
	₱9,338,893	₱9,351,363

The total cost of the Club's fully depreciated property and equipment that are still in use as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 amounted to ₱249,831,931, respectively.

10. Accounts and Other Payables

	Mar. 2023	Dec, 2022
Trade payables	₱11,028,109	₱13,503,604
Accrued expenses:		
Payroll	8,694,347	7,425,904
Utilities	6,152,628	3,157,423
Contract services	3,382,243	2,142,098
Management fee	2,444,247	1,789,464
Professional fees	2,358,348	2,339,173
Repairs and maintenance	158,147	158,147
Others	514,533	1,551,858
Taxes payable	11,026,382	2,475,456
Funds held for environmental activities	4,218,349	3,697,146
Vouchers payable	1,299,093	657,362
Service charge payable	872,945	1,253,382
Due to employees	354,869	293,420
Other payables	368,772	950,401
	₱52,873,012	₱41,394,838

Trade payables represent operational costs incurred and amount due to suppliers for purchases of goods and services. These are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day credit terms.

Accrued expenses consist mainly of accruals for salaries and wages, and utilities which are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 to 60 days.

Taxes payable represents withholding taxes from salaries and wages, expanded withholding taxes from purchases with suppliers and VAT payable. These are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within one year.

Funds held for environmental activities pertain to collections from members set aside for the environmental activities of the Club. These are utilized upon commencement of actual environmental activities.

Vouchers payable pertains to net proceeds from auction of shares that will be used for paying incidental expenses related to transfer of shares' ownership.

Service charge payable pertains to service charges due to employees on top of their regular salaries. These are non-interest bearing and are due to be settled within one year.

Due to employees pertains to collections from members set aside for the employee welfare fund to be used for employees' trainings, seminars and events.

Other payables include reversal of liabilities due to stale checks and liabilities to government agencies, which are non-interest bearing and are normally settled within one year.

11. Equity

The details of the number of shares of the Club as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, follows:

	Stated Value	Authorized	Issued	Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital
Class A	₱1,000	3,468	3,468	₱3,468,000	₱-
Class B	1,000	1,950	1,950	1,950,000	437,755,102
Class C	1,000	500	500	500,000	112,244,898
Class D	401,415	702	702	281,793,330	-
Class E	401,415	180	180	72,254,725	-
		6,800	6,800	₱359,966,055	₱550,000,000

The details of the Club's registered capital stock with the SEC as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 follow:

Class	Number of Shares Registered	Issue Price	Date of Approval
Class B	1,950	₱ 1,000	June 23, 2005
Class C	500	₱ 1,000	June 23, 2005

As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the total number of stockholders are 1,629, respectively.

Class A shares

Class A shares are issued to the original subscribers of the Club and shall have the status of Founders' Shares with all the rights and privileges ascribed to Founders' shares. Founder's shares are subjected to the rights and restrictions within a period of five years from date of incorporation: (a) has sole and

exclusive right to nominate persons who shall serve as director of the Club; (b) are prohibited from selling or transferring founder's share to third persons; (c) usage right without the need for activation fee; and (d) application and qualification of its nominee for membership to the Club.

Class B shares

Each class B shares shall be entitled to one usage right which shall be exercised by the holder thereof or its nominee in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.

Holders of Class B shares shall not enjoy preemptive rights to subscribe to any or all original issues of Class A shares, Class D shares, and Class E shares of the Club.

Class C shares

Each Class C share shall be entitled to two usage rights which shall be exercised by its nominees in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.

Holders of Class C shares shall not enjoy preemptive rights to subscribe to any or all original issues of Class A shares, Class D shares, and Class E shares of the Club.

Class D shares

Each Class D share shall be entitled to one usage right which shall be exercised by the holder thereof or its nominee in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.

Class E shares

Each Class E share shall be entitled to two usage rights which shall be exercised by its nominees in the manner set forth in the by-laws of the Club.

In view of the issuance of Founders' shares, the voting rights pertaining to the Class B, C, D and E shares shall be suspended for the period commencing from the date of incorporation of the Club up to and including the date prior to the fifth anniversary of such date of incorporation. On the fifth anniversary of the date of incorporation of the Club, the voting rights of all Class B, C, D and E shares shall be automatically reinstated and shall be equal in all respects to those of the holders of all the other classes of shares. The voting rights of Classes B and C were reinstated on June 2, 2010, following the expiration of the five-year voting right exclusivity given to Class A shares.

Shareholders shall only be entitled to a pro-rata share of the assets of the Club at the time of the dissolution or liquidation thereof.

Capital Management

The primary objectives of the Club's capital management policies are to afford the financial flexibility to support its business initiatives and to maximize stakeholder value. The Club manages its capital structure and make adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for the periods ended March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

The Club considers equity, excluding remeasurement gain on pension liability, as its capital as follows:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Paid-in capital	₱359,966,055	₱359,966,055
Additional paid-in capital	550,000,000	550,000,000
Deficit	(244,590,270)	(251,613,754)
	₱665,375,785	₱658,352,301

The Club is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

12. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Disaggregated Revenue Information

The table shows the disaggregation of revenues of the Club by major sources:

	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2022
Sale of goods:		
Food and beverages	₱30,037,994	₱30,060,634
Merchandise	576,378	662,541
Service income:		
Room accommodation	16,035,258	7,975,680
Guest fees	3,757,727	1,767,636
Spa and massage revenue	2,187,099	875,741
Use of water sports equipment	1,832,573	1,274,816
Membership dues	16,440,000	15,894,000
Transfer fees	2,727,679	3,834,821
	₱73,594,708	₱62,345,870

Timing of Revenue Recognition

The Club has recognized revenues earned over time amounting to ₱40,252,657 and ₱27,787,874 as of March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

Revenues recognized from sale of goods and transfer fees earned at a point in time amounted to ₱33,342,051 and ₱34,557,996 in March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

Contract Balances

As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, contract balances are as follows:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Trade receivables (Note 6)	₱15,652,477	₱25,466,525
Contract liabilities	29,594,513	20,792,739

The Club identified unearned membership dues as contract liabilities as at December 31, 2022 and 2021. These represent payments received from members in who usually settle their dues annually. Contract liabilities also include advances received for membership dues, consumables and booked functions and events.

The movements in the contract liabilities are as follows:

	Mar. 2023	Dec. 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱20,792,739	₱23,238,240
Additions	30,810,796	104,257,541
Recognized as revenue	(22,009,020)	(106,703,042)
Balance at end of year	₱29,594,513	₱20,792,739

13. Miscellaneous Income

Miscellaneous income consists of:

	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2022
Surcharge revenue	₱3,598,676	₱985,081
Consultancy fees (Note 17)	1,290,000	1,200,000
Unrealized gain on financial assets at FVPL (Note 5)	27,240	200,613
Others	1,468,274	255,958

₱6,384,190**₱2,641,651**

Surcharge revenue arises from charges imposed to members with outstanding balance for more than 30 days.

Others include corkage fees and sale of scrap items.

14. Costs and Expenses

Cost of sales consists of:

	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2022
Food and beverages (Note 7)	₱11,192,889	₱7,434,108
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	9,529,694	5,664,774
Depreciation (Note 9)	3,701,632	3,536,395
Heat, light and water	2,730,076	1,965,408
Cleaning and other supplies	891,940	721,109
Merchandise (Note 7)	159,668	192,797
Transportation	137,865	98,993
Office supplies	65,435	103,133
Communication	58,711	55,700
Equipment rental	38,304	157,608
Others	667,334	297,728
	₱29,173,547	₱20,227,753

Others include costs incurred for the Club's hygiene supplies and medical expenses.

Cost of services consists of:

	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2022
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	₱6,908,816	₱4,458,517
Depreciation (Note 9)	4,449,270	4,602,299
Heat, light and water	2,392,191	1,770,311
Contract services	1,420,802	543,817
Cleaning and other supplies	859,835	674,437
Communications	748,155	686,862
Laundry	361,884	206,442
Repairs and maintenance	252,162	350,262
Recreational supplies	219,363	178,294
Transportation	180,866	125,115
Food and beverages (Note 7)	173,755	101,964
Office supplies	137,954	100,055
Representation	13,547	5,365
Others	1,855,966	948,669
	₱19,974,568	₱14,752,409

Others include costs incurred for the Club's repairs and maintenance, recreational and laundry expenses.

General and administrative expenses consist of:

	Mar. 2023	Mar. 2022
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	P7,655,907	P5,733,433
Heat, light and water	5,004,699	2,817,144
Security	1,961,612	1,350,000
Management fees (Note 17)	1,542,446	1,521,245
Collection charges	1,505,377	998,959
Depreciation (Note 9)	1,187,991	1,212,668
Contract services	1,090,714	1,138,846
Corporate expense	1,000,669	709,633
Repairs and maintenance	953,098	559,519
Taxes and licenses	874,265	656,375
Insurance	614,856	504,240
Transportation	558,410	426,240
Professional fees	381,157	1,175,196
Communication	146,584	123,993
Office supplies	121,755	106,939
Representation	54,271	38,758
Cleaning and other supplies	54,038	77,557
Others	643,264	469,229
	P25,351,112	P19,620,476

Others include costs incurred for the Club's laundry supplies, hygiene supplies and IT expenses.

15. Pension Cost

The Club engaged an independent actuary to calculate the amount of retirement benefit obligation based on the provisions of PAS 19, *Employee Benefits*. The Club's liability for retirement benefits is based solely on the requirements under Republic Act No. 7641, otherwise known as The Philippine Retirement Pay Law of the Philippines, as the Club does not have a formal retirement plan. The latest valuation report of the retirement plan was made as at December 31, 2022.

16. Income Tax

"Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises Act" or "CREATE" Act

President Rodrigo Duterte signed into law on March 26, 2021 the CREATE Act to attract more investments and maintain fiscal prudence and stability in the Philippines. RA 11534 or the CREATE Act introduces reforms to the corporate income tax and incentives systems. It takes effect 15 days after its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation or April 11, 2021.

Pursuant to the CREATE Act, the Club has adopted the following changes effective July 1, 2020:

- Regular corporate income tax (RCIT) rate is reduced from 30% to 25%
- MCIT rate reduced from 2% to 1% of gross income effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.

Provision for current income tax pertaining to MCIT follows:

	Mar. 2023	Mar, 2022
Current	P209,071	P179,662
Final tax	1,858	1,408
	P210,929	P181,070

17. Related Party Transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Club, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries, are related parties of the Club. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Club that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Club and close members of the family of these individuals, and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related entity relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely the legal form.

Terms and Conditions of Transactions with Related Parties

The Club, in the normal course of business, entered into transactions with related parties consisting primarily of the construction of the Club's leisure and recreational facilities, and charges for the use of the Club's facilities and services. Transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at year-end are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled in cash.

The transactions and balances of accounts with related parties follow:

a. Outstanding balances owed by related parties:

	Mar. 31, 2023		Dec. 31, 2022		Terms	Conditions
	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance		
Immediate parent company						
ALI (Trade)	₱118,800	₱398,506	₱566,603	₱2,016,109	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Professional Fees)	–	365,434	676,977	–	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Loans)	–	–	130,000,000	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI (Interest) (Note 19)	–	–	371,752	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Entities under common control						
Bay Commercial Ventures	175,000,000	87,500,000	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Bay Commercial Ventures (Interest)	440,755	427,533	–	–	Due and demandable;	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI Commercial Center (Loans)	172,500,000	57,500,000	85,000,000	42,500,000	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
ALI Commercial Center (Interest) (Note 19)	638,516	1,001,755	394,221	387,264	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Avida Land (Loans)	15,000,000	15,000,000	130,000,000	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Avida Land (Interest) (Note 19)	–	–	1,545,975	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Arca South Hotel	5,000,000	5,000,000	–	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Amaia Land (Loans)	92,500,000	–	175,000,000	87,500,000	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Amaia Land (Interest) (Note 19)	658,571	–	691,283	575,364	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
Alveo Land (Loans)	–	–	68,000,000	–	Due and demandable; interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Alveo Land (Interest) (Note 19)	–	–	139,137	–	Due and demandable	Unsecured; no impairment
ACGSCI	16,299,175	5,447,803	50,702,793	19,106,358	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Makati Development Corporation (MDC)	–	9,911	9,911	9,911	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Ayalaland Management Corporation Inc (ACMI)	6,947	12,802	5,855	5,855	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
		₱172,663,744		₱152,100,861		

The Club in the ordinary course of business, has entered into transactions with these related parties which consists mainly of the following:

- Receivables from ALI includes loans, unsecured non-interest bearing charges and unpaid membership dues from ALI nominees. Loan to ALI has 48-day term subject to interest rate of 2.57% .
- Transactions with Bay Commercial Ventures pertains to loans which has 30-day term subject to interest rate ranging from 6.86% to 6.95%.
- Receivables from ALI Commercial Center pertains to loans which has 14 to 33 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 6.80% to 7.02%.
- Transactions with Avida Land pertains to loans which has 5-day term subject to interest rate of 6.80%.
- Transactions with Arca South Hotel pertains to loans which has 31-day term subject to interest rate of 7.13%.
- Receivables from Amaia Land pertains to loans which has 10 to 31 days term subject to interest rate ranging from 6.72% to 7.05%.
- Receivable from ACGSCI pertains to charges incurred by ACGSCI members and guests on the use of the Club's facilities and availment of its services and inventory transfers.
- Receivables from MDC are related to meals and diesel charges incurred by employees of MDC in the Club during the mandatory lockdown period.
- Receivables from APMC are unsecured non-interest-bearing charges from consumption of the Club's fuel and other costs incurred from availment of services of the Club.

b. Outstanding balances owed to related parties:

	Mar. 31, 2023		Dec. 31, 2022		Terms	Conditions
	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance	Amount/ Volume	Outstanding Balance		
Entities under common control						
ALI	₱4,431,935	₱12,078,867	₱27,833,142	₱15,669,114	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
ACMI (a)	887,663	994,183	4,736,843	924,821	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
ACMI (b)	938,556	1,051,183	3,584,356	1,355,851	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured
MDC	–	–	1,910,166	2,139,386		
ACGSCI	2,515,617	675,155	14,562,297	6,424,046	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Associates of Ayala Corporation (AC)						
Globe Telecom Inc.	165,902	13,785	165,902	13,785	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Innovate Communications, Inc.	–	–	2,653,352	277,296	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
Manila Water Philippine Venture, Inc.	–	–	2,108,877	377,662	Due and demandable; non-interest bearing	Unsecured; no impairment
		₱14,799,387		₱27,181,961		

The Club in the ordinary course of business, has entered transactions with these related parties which consists mainly of the following:

- Amount owed to ALI pertains to costs incurred for property insurance recorded as part of insurance in general and administrative expenses.
- Payable to ACMI pertains to the following:
 - (a) Management fees, as agreed upon, include basic management fee amounting to ₱100,000 per month with an escalation clause of 7.50% per annum and incentive fee equivalent to 3.00% of gross operating profit per month included as part of total management fees in general and administrative expense.
 - (b) System cost at a monthly fixed amount of ₱350,394 and ₱403,527 in March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, included as part of corporate expenses in general and administrative expenses.
- Payable to ACGSCI pertains to charges incurred by Club members in ACGSCI and inventory transfers.
- Payable to Globe consists of cost incurred for the prepaid mobile line and text blast communication to all members as billed by Amber.
- Payable to Innove consists of cost incurred for the trunk line and direct internet of the club.
- Payable to Manila Water consists of cost of water utilities incurred by the club.

The amounts receivable from and payable to related parties are not offset since they differ in nature and are billed and paid separately rather than settled on a net basis.

Transactions with BPI

The Club maintains the transactions below with BPI (an associate of AC):

	Mar. 2023			Dec. 2022		
	Balance	Income Earned	Realized and unrealized gain	Balance	Income Earned	Realized and unrealized gain
Cash in banks (Note 4)	₱22,461,623	₱9,289	₱-	₱22,841,393	₱26,723	₱-
Financial assets at FVPL (Note 5)	5,160,832	-	406,408	5,133,592	-	406,408
	₱28,137,174	₱9,289	₱406,408	₱27,974,985	₱26,723	₱406,408

Compensation of key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Club are employees of ALI. The compensation of the said employees is paid by ALI and as such, the disclosures required under PAS 24, *Related Party Disclosures*, are included in ALI's financial statements.

18. Financial Instruments

Fair Value Information

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Cash, accounts and other receivables, receivables from related parties, accounts and other payables, and payables to related parties – Carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these accounts.

Financial assets at FVPL – These are investments in UITF. Fair value is based on net asset values as at each reporting date.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Club classified financial assets at FVPL under Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy (see Note 5).

There have been no transfers between different categories.

Financial Instruments Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Club's principal financial instruments comprise of cash, financial assets at FVPL, accounts and other receivables, receivables from related parties, accounts and other payables, and payables to related parties. The main purpose of the Club's financial instruments is to fund operational and capital expenditures.

The Club's financing and treasury function operates as a centralized service for managing financial risks and activities as well as providing optimum investment yield and cost-efficient funding for the Club.

The main risks arising from the use of financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. The management reviews and approves the policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

The Club's maximum exposure to credit risk as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is the carrying amount of the financial assets. The Club's maximum exposure for cash excludes the carrying amount of cash on hand. The table below shows the maximum credit risk exposure of the Club:

	Mar. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022
Cash in banks	₱22,461,623	₱22,841,393
Financial assets at FVPL	5,160,832	5,133,592
Accounts and other receivables		
Trade receivables	28,046,121	37,860,169
Receivable from employees	422,852	148,899
Others	1,655,020	2,564,139
Receivables from related parties	172,663,744	152,100,861
	₱230,410,192	₱220,649,053

Impairment of financial assets

The Club's financial assets that are subject to the ECL model consists of cash in banks, accounts and other receivables, and receivables from related parties.

Cash in banks and financial assets at FVPL

The investment of the Club's cash resource is managed so as to minimize risk while seeking to enhance yield. Credit risk management involves entering into financial instruments only with counterparties with acceptable credit standing. The Club transacts only with bank which have demonstrated financial soundness for the past five years.

Receivables from related parties

The Club applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Club does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Club has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Identified impairment losses for cash in banks and due from related parties are immaterial.

Accounts and other receivables

The Club is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities, primarily on its trade receivables. To manage credit risks, the Club maintains defined credit policies and monitors its exposure to credit risks on a continuous basis.

The Club's trade receivables generally pertain to membership dues and club charges. The Club bills and collects from members on a monthly basis. It is the Club's policy to impose surcharge fees on members for any delinquency in payment. Once an account is tagged as delinquent, appropriate actions are taken by the Club such as prohibition of the use of Club's facilities and services. The Club assesses long-outstanding member's receivable account periodically as to future collectability. Club shares of members with long-outstanding balances are placed to public auction for bidding at the management's own terms and minimum pricing to ensure that outstanding balances are delinquent members are recovered.

The Club defines a financial asset as in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Club may also consider a receivable to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Club is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Club.

Below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Club's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

March 31, 2023

	Current	< 30 days	< 90 days	Over 90 but < 360 days	Over 360 days	Credit impaired	Total
ECL rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount of accounts receivable	₱4,403,611	₱2,184,085	₱2,350,764	₱3,103,948	₱3,610,068	₱12,393,644	₱28,046,121
ECL	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱12,393,644	₱12,393,644

December 31, 2022

	Current	< 30 days	< 90 days	Over 90 but < 360 days	Over 360 days	Credit impaired	Total
ECL rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100%	
Estimated total gross carrying amount of accounts receivable	₱13,442,756	₱3,080,225	₱2,146,397	₱2,209,501	₱4,587,646	₱12,393,644	₱37,860,169
ECL	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱12,393,644	₱12,393,644

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined by the Club as the risk of losses arising from funding difficulties due to deterioration in market conditions and/or the financial position of the Club that make it difficult for the Club to raise the necessary funds. This may result from either the inability to sell financial assets quickly at their fair values; or a counterparty failing on repayment of a contractual obligation; or the inability to generate cash inflows as anticipated.

The Club employs scenario analysis and contingency planning to actively manage its liquidity position and guarantee that all operating, investing and financing needs are met. The Club applies a prudent approach to liquidity through the prudent management of cash.

The tables below summarize the aging analysis and maturity profile of the Club's financial assets and financial liabilities, respectively, based on undiscounted contractual cash flows:

	March 31, 2023				Total
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	More than 1 year	
Financial Assets					
Cash	₱22,976,342	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱22,976,342
Financial assets at FVPL	5,160,832	-	-	-	5,160,832
Accounts and other receivables					
Trade receivables	4,403,611	3,561,523	4,077,275	3,610,068	15,652,477
Receivables from employees	422,852	-	-	-	422,852
Other receivables	1,655,020	-	-	-	1,655,020
Receivables from related parties	172,663,744	-	-	-	172,663,744
	₱207,282,401	₱3,561,523	₱4,077,275	₱3,610,068	₱218,531,267
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts and other payables					
Trade payables	₱11,028,109	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱11,028,109
Accrued expenses	-	23,704,494	-	-	23,704,494
Funds held for environmental activities	4,218,349	-	-	-	4,218,349
Service charge payable	-	872,945	-	-	872,945
Vouchers payable	1,299,093	-	-	-	1,299,093
Due to employees	-	121,126	-	-	121,126
Other payables*	233,743	-	-	-	233,743
Contract liabilities	-	29,594,513	-	-	29,594,513
Payables to related parties	14,799,387	-	-	-	14,799,387
	₱31,578,681	₱54,293,078	₱-	₱-	₱85,871,759
Liquidity Position (Gap)	₱175,703,720	(₱50,731,555)	₱4,077,275	₱3,610,068	₱132,659,508

*Excluding statutory liabilities amounting to ₱11,395,154

	December 31, 2022				Total
	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	More than 1 year	
Financial Assets					
Cash	₱23,231,042	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱23,231,042
Financial assets at FVPL	5,133,592	-	-	-	5,133,592
Accounts and other receivables					
Trade receivables	13,442,756	4,355,299	3,080,824	4,587,646	25,466,525
Receivables from employees	148,899	-	-	-	148,899
Other receivables	2,564,139	-	-	-	2,564,139
Receivables from related parties	152,100,861	-	-	-	152,100,861
	₱196,621,289	₱4,355,299	₱3,080,824	₱4,587,646	₱208,645,058
Financial Liabilities					
Accounts and other payables					
Trade payables	₱13,503,604	₱-	₱-	₱-	₱13,503,604
Accrued expenses	-	18,564,067	-	-	18,564,067
Funds held for environmental activities	3,697,146	-	-	-	3,697,146
Service charge payable	-	1,253,382	-	-	1,253,382
Vouchers payable	657,362	-	-	-	657,362
Due to employees	-	293,420	-	-	293,420
Other payables*	681,099	-	-	-	681,099
Contract liabilities	-	20,792,739	-	-	20,792,739
Payables to related parties	27,181,961	-	-	-	27,181,961
	₱45,721,172	₱40,903,608	₱-	₱-	₱86,624,780
Liquidity Position (Gap)	₱150,900,117	(₱36,548,309)	₱3,080,824	₱4,587,646	₱122,020,278

*Excluding statutory liabilities amounting to ₱2,774,758

19. Supplementary Note to the Statements of Cash Flows

In 2022, loan amounting to ₱130,000,000 was initially lent to ALI, which has a 48-day term subject to interest rate of 2.57%. The loan was collected in 2022 and earned interest income amounting to ₱371,752 in 2022.

As agreed with ALI, the funds were subsequently transferred to the following subsidiaries for intercompany lending.

For the first quarter of 2023, the funds were invested to the following subsidiaries as intercompany lending for 5 to 33 days term, and earning interest rate ranging from 6.72% to 7.24%.

- Amaia Land Inc.
- ALI Commercial Center
- Avida Land
- Bay Commercial Ventures
- Arca South Hotel Inc.

20. Other Matters

The Club is currently involved in a legal proceeding. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsel handling the defense in these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Club's management, in consultation with its legal counsel, believes that the outcome of these legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Club's financial position or operating results. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates or in the effectiveness of the strategies relating to these proceedings. The information usually required by PAS 37, *Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, is not disclosed as it may prejudice the outcome of the ongoing legal proceeding.



**ANVAYA
COVE**
Beach & Nature Club

CERTIFICATION

I, **AUGUSTO D. BENGZON**, Chairman of the Board of **ANVAYA COVE BEACH AND NATURE CLUB, INC.** with SEC Registration No. **CS200502332** and principal office at **Anvaya Cove, Morong, Bataan**, on oath state that:

- 1.) On behalf of **Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**, I have caused this **SEC Form 17-Q** for **1ST quarter of 2023** to be prepared;
- 2.) I have read and understood its contents which are true and correct of my own personal knowledge and/or based on authentic records;
- 3.) The Company, **Anvaya Cove Beach and Nature Club, Inc.**, will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated **12 May 2021** for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail; and
- 4.) I am fully aware that documents filed online which require pre-evaluation and/or processing fees shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.
- 5.) That the e-mail account designated by the company pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 28, s. 2020 shall be used by the company in its online submissions to CGFD.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this MAY 12 2023 day of _____, 2023.

AUGUSTO D. BENGZON
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before this MAY 12 2023 day of _____, 2023 at MAKATI CITY, affiant exhibiting to me her Competent Evidence of Identity consisting of PASSPORT NO. P4323322B issued at DPA NCR EAST expiring on 07 JUN 2030.

Doc. No. 59;
Page No. 13;
Book No. XL;
Series of 2023.



MARIA PAULA G. ROMERO-BAUTISTA
Notary Public - Makati City
Appt. No. M-079 until December 31, 2023
Roll of Attorneys No. 58335
IBP No. 264594 - 01/03/2023 - Makati City
PTR No. 9566341MM - 01/03/2023 - Makati City
MCLE Compliance No. VII-0020268 - 06/02/2022
4th Floor Tower One and Exchange Plaza
Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue
Makati City, Philippines

affixed on Notary Public's copy. Tel: (02) 793 9000 Fax: (02) 793 9088 Mobile: (0917) 826 8292
Email: members@anvayacove.com
Website: www.anvayacove.com

